



CITY OF PALLING

COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL

ANNUAL REPORT

SEPTEMBER 30, 2016



Down to Earth



And Up To Great Things



CITY OF PALM BAY, FLORIDA **COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT** FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

PREPARED BY: DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE

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The Honorable Mayor Capote and City Council City of Palm Bay Palm Bay, Florida

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Palm Bay, Florida, for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016 is hereby submitted pursuant to Florida Statutes Section 218.39, Chapter 10.500 of the Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida and Section 4.05 of the City Charter.

Responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City. We believe that the data, as presented, is accurate in all material aspects; that it is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position and results of operations of the City as measured by the financial activity of its various funds; and, that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities have been included.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City of Palm Bay. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

As required by Florida Statutes and the City Charter, an audit of the City's CAFR was performed by Carr, Riggs & Ingram, LLC, a firm of licensed, independent certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City of Palm Bay for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016 are free of material misstatement. Based upon the audit, it is anticipated that there will be a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City of Palm Bay's financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016 are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report will be presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.































The independent audit of the financial statements of the City of Palm Bay was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal and state grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal and state awards.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statement in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A).

This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Palm Bay's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

PROFILE OF THE CITY OF PALM BAY

Palm Bay is the largest city in Brevard County and the 18th largest in Florida, with approximately 111,500 residents in over 100 square miles. The City is located centrally on Florida's east coast, midway between Jacksonville and Miami. Port Canaveral and Kennedy Space Center, the nation's premiere spaceport, are all nearby.

The City operates under the Council-Manager form of government. The governing body of the City is the City Council, which formulates policies for the administration of the City. The City Council is composed of a Mayor and four Council Members elected atlarge for four-year terms. City Council appoints the City Manager, who serves as the City's Chief Executive Officer and is responsible for the day-to-day administration of the City and the implementation of the policies established by City Council.

The City provides a full range of municipal services as directed by its charter including police and fire, public works, planning, zoning, permitting, parks and recreation, water and sewer services, and general administrative services.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

Growth and development has returned and is expected to continue, bolstered by renewed efforts to complete large scale mixed-use developments within the City and in the surrounding areas. Fiscal Year 2016 saw an improving economy with property values and new construction increasing over 2015 levels. In 2016, the City issued \$155 million in construction permits. The City's total taxable property value has increased for the fourth consecutive year. New construction and property values in Palm Bay are trending upward.

































The City's Bayfront Community Redevelopment District continues to invest in economic development and infrastructure improvements to the US 1 corridor, which also has tremendous potential for redevelopment. Each of these areas is experiencing preliminary interest in development activity, and Palm Bay is prepared with staff specifically focused on facilitating growth in these key areas of the City.

A new I-95 interchange will open approximately 24 square miles for mixed-use development. A contract for the construction of the I-95 exit by the Florida Department of Transportation (FDOT) has been awarded and is scheduled to begin in the summer of 2017.

Over the past year, Palm Bay has seen new companies arrive, while some of our major employers have continued to work on expansions. Several major economic drivers including Harris Corporation, Northrop Grumman Corporation, American Title Company, and Embraer continue to expand operations in Palm Bay and South Brevard County, further strengthening the local economic outlook.

The City's staff and elected officials have worked with the US Economic Development Administration, State of Florida's Department of Economic Opportunity, Enterprise Florida, Economic Development Commission of Florida Space Coast, Brevard Workforce, Greater Palm Bay Chamber; as well as the private sector to secure new companies in our growing community.

The City's tax base has moved towards levels last reached in 2008. The FY 2017 adopted budget is based on a tax rate of 8.4500 mils, with .54 mils being dedicated to the Road Maintenance Fund. The 2017 tax rate is a slightly lower than FY 2016's tax rate of 8.5000 mils. The rollback rate is 7.8365 mils.

Fiscal Year 2016 continued to reflect a stabilizing trend. Over the last few years, the City has been able to add back positions, award an average of 2.5 percent annual pay increases, and fund certain capital acquisitions. Operating expenses were maintained across every department. Road maintenance needs top the list of deferred capital investments. In FY 2016, City Council approved the appropriation of \$1.6 million towards road maintenance. An additional \$1.7 million is appropriated in FY 2017 for road maintenance projects.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

With stable revenues and rebounding economic activity, the City was able to meet some, but not all of the demands placed upon it in FY 16.

The City revised and updated its Procurement Code of Ordinances and Procurement Procedure Manual to bring the City in-line with benchmarks and best practices that have been established throughout the State of Florida as well as across the nation. The new































Code was modeled after the ABA Model Procurement Code.

The City's Bayfront Community Redevelopment Agency, in collaboration with the City, successfully completed the construction of a new \$2.5 million highway lighting project along US-1. The newly constructed lights along the US-1 corridor are designed to help increase pedestrian and traffic safety.

The Communications and Information Technology Department (C&IT) replaced the City's 12-year old core network switch and moved the City from on premise email servers to hosted cloud services. The core switch is the key in maintaining communications internally between city facilities as well as with our external constituents and partners.

In 2016, the City of Palm Bay began its Sale of Surplus Property program. In accordance with the 2001 General Development Corporation (GDC) court settlement, the City sold \$368,550 in property acquired under the settlement and from foreclosures. The proceeds from the sales are being dedicated to the Road Maintenance Fund.

The Facility Department worked with the area's electric company and city staff electricians to decrease electrical usage at two City parks. Using new technologies and electricity providers programs, the City realized a savings in electricity cost of over \$30,000.

The City acquired ownership and control of capital assets from the County with a net book value of \$11.8 million. The acquisitions consisted of a regional park, a senior center and an aquatic center. The City will receive funding from the County to assist with the operating of the facilities through March 2020, after which time, the City will be responsible for all operating costs.

The Police Department, using a second award of \$800,000 from the State of Florida, completed the Range Training Facility project at a total cost of \$2.6 million. The project, which includes a tactical rappel tower, a tactical simulator, and a live-fire shoot house, has made the Facility one of the most contemporary, all-inclusive, public safety training facilities in the state of Florida. The facility is available for use by local, state and federal law enforcement agencies, as well as, the military.

The Insurance Service Office (ISO) conducted an evaluation of the overall protection classification of the Fire Rescue Department. Palm Bay Fire Rescue (ISO) rating improved from a 3/8B to a citywide rating of 3. This improved rating affects insurance premiums throughout the city.

Phase II of the Palm Bay Parkway (North) from Emerson Drive to the City limit was completed and connected to the Brevard County line creating a parkway from Malabar Road in Palm Bay to U.S. 192 in Melbourne. Upon the County's completion of the































northwest segment of the Parkway, the entire parkway will be opened to the public in 2017, creating new opportunities for residential and commercial growth.

At the end of March 2016, the Utility Department completed the final phase of a nine-year \$5.9 million community investment project to upgrade all water meter assemblies from a manual read system to a mobile automatic read system, thus significantly reducing the number of man-hours to collect consumption data. Three thousand thirty nine (3,039) meters were changed out from April 2015 to March 2016.

FUTURE PROJECTS

The City's Bayfront Community Redevelopment Agency is working to improve environmental infrastructure with design/permitting efforts currently underway for two new stormwater projects. The goal of the two projects is to reduce untreated stormwater runoff from flowing into the Turkey Creek and the Indian River Lagoon.

C&IT will continue to implement other cloud computing services included with the email service acquired in FY 16. Cloud computing slated to go live in FY17 for citywide enjoyment includes new operating systems, offices suites, video conferencing from desktops, and a plethora of team collaboration software.

The City will start construction of the Design/Build of St. Johns Heritage Parkway from Babcock Street to the new interchange at I-95. This will include completion of all procurement processes award of bid to contractor and ground breaking for construction. The Project will continue into FY 18.

Public Works will complete a Stormwater Utility audit to include implementation of a new business model in support of a concise Stormwater Utility operation and maintenance program.

To accommodate future growth in the southeast, the Utilities Department is in the process of planning and designing the South Regional Water Reclamation Facility to handle wastewater flows in the southeast section of the city. The facility will produce reclaimed water to be used in adjacent neighborhoods and the golf course for irrigation.

With the anticipated growth occurring in the northwest, the Utilities Department is in the process of engineering and soon to follow the construction of a main line water main and force main along the Parkway. This northwest project will accommodate the service needed and improve the water system pressures throughout that region. A regional lift station will be constructed along Malabar Road at the FPL easement to provide the needed wastewater capacity for the area.





















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ACCREDITATION AND CERTIFICATIONS

In July of 2008, the Public Works Department became the 51st Public Works Department in North America to achieve American Public Works Association Accreditation. The purpose of the accreditation program is to provide a means of formally verifying and recognizing public works agencies for compliance with the recommended practices set forth in the Public Works Management Practices Manual. It is a voluntary, self-motivated approach to objectively evaluate, verify and recognize compliance with the recommended management practices. The Public Works Department was re-accredited in January 2013.

Playful Palm Bay has been named a "Playful City USA" community by KaBoom!. KaBoom! is a national non-profit organization that empowers communities to build playgrounds with the goal of a great place to play within walking distance of every child in America. Palm Bay is one of only 93 communities that have each demonstrated creative commitments to the cause of play and earned this title.

The Police Department became accredited by the Commission for Florida Law Enforcement Accreditation in October of 2007 and reaccredited in October 2010, August 2013, and October 2016.

In July 2016, the Palm Bay Utilities Department was reevaluated under the ISO 14001:2004 environmental standard to continue its registration with NSF. Palm Bay Utilities was the first water *and* wastewater utility in the State of Florida to receive such certification. Through the implementation of the Environmental Management System (EMS) known as Greenway, the Utilities Department has been able to minimize its impact on the environment and establish efficiencies that reduce costs. The program promotes environmental awareness and stewardship among employees by focusing on regulatory compliance, pollution prevention and continual improvement.

In November 2014, the City received the Silver recertification from the Florida Green Building Coalition. The Green Local Government Designation applies to local government functions and their interaction with the surrounding community. A city or county that incorporates multiple environmental, ecological and sustainability features throughout the functions they perform (e.g., conservation of resources, green utilities, pedestrian-oriented circulation) improves the environmental performance considerably over a city or county that just minimally meets state and local regulations.

The City has received the Community Rating System (CRS) Class 6 rating, which is an improvement over the previous rating of 7. The CRS is a voluntary program for National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP)-participating communities. All CRS communities must maintain completed FEMA elevation and flood proofing certificates for all new and substantially improved construction in the Special Flood Hazard Area































after the date of application for CRS classification.

AWARDS

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Palm Bay for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015. This was the 30th consecutive year that the City has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year. We believe our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada presented an award for Distinguished Budget Presentation to the City of Palm Bay for its annual budget for the fiscal year beginning October 1, 2015 for the 26th year. In order to receive this award, a governmental unit must publish a budget document that meets program criteria as a policy document, as an operations guide, as a financial plan and as a communications device.

In 2016, the City's Utility Department received 1) the United Safety Council's International Gold Award for Safety Excellence in the small company category (employees of less than 500), 2) The Florida Water Environment Association (FWEA) Utilities Management Committee Award for Operational Performance Excellence in recognition of Utilities' use of best business practices to advance continuous quality and 3) recognition from the Florida Water Environmental Association (FWEA) for the Utilities Wastewater Treatment Plant for its excellent plant safety record and program.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The preparation of this report has been accomplished with the efficient and dedicated service of the City's Finance and Accounting staff. I would like to express my appreciation to all members of the Finance Department staff, as well as other staff members who contributed to its preparation. I would also like to thank the Mayor and City Council for their continued support of City staff as we work through these challenging economic times while building a strong foundation for the City's future.

































Respectfully submitted,

Gregg Lynk City Manager

Yvonne McDonald, CGFO Director of Finance











Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Palm Bay Florida

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

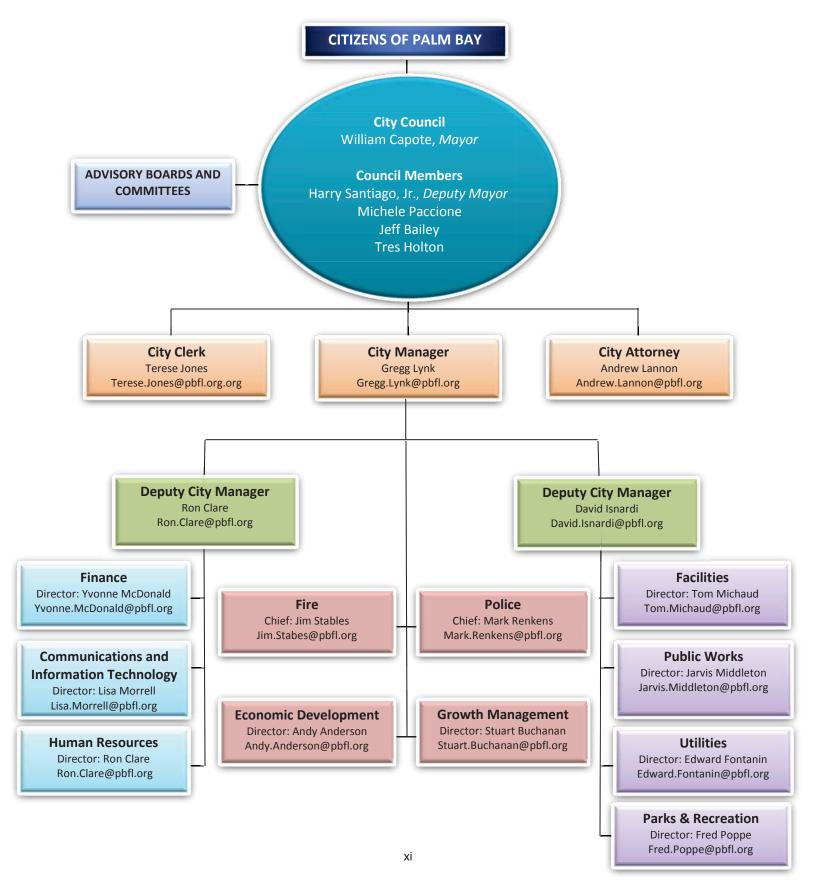
September 30, 2015

Executive Director/CEO



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CITY OF PALM BAY ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE FY 2016





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CITY OF PALM BAY, FLORIDA

LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

As of date of transmittal

MAYOR WILLIAM CAPOTE

DEPUTY MAYOR HARRY SANTIAGO. JR

COUNCIL MEMBER JEFF BAILEY

COUNCIL MEMBER TRES HOLTON

COUNCIL MEMBER BRIAN ANDERSON

CITY MANAGER GREGG LYNK

DEPUTY CITY MANAGER DAVID ISNARDI

DEPUTY CITY MANAGER RON CLARE

CITY ATTORNEY ANDREW LANNON

CITY CLERK TERESE JONES

CHIEF PROCUREMENT OFFICER BOBBYE MARSALA, CPPO

COMMUNICATIONS &

INFOMATION TECHNOLOGY DIRECTOR LISA MORRELL

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT ANDY ANDERSON

FINANCE DIRECTOR YVONNE MCDONALD, CGFO

FIRE CHIEF JAMES STABLES. CFO

HUMAN RESOURCES DIRECTOR RON CLARE

(ACTING) GROWTH MANAGEMENT DIRECTOR PATRICK MURPHY

PARKS AND RECREATION DIRECTOR FRED POPPE

POLICE CHIEF MARK RENKENS

PUBLIC WORKS DIRECTOR JARVIS MIDDLETON

UTILITIES DIRECTOR EDWARD FONTANIN, P.E.



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Palm Bay, Florida

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Palm Bay, Florida, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Police and Firefighters' Retirement System, which represent 100% of the assets, net position and additions of the pension trust fiduciary fund. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report thereon has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the Police and Firefighters' Retirement System is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Palm Bay, Florida, as of September 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison schedules and other required supplementary information on pages 4-19, and pages 90-106 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We and other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Palm Bay, Florida's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and budgetary comparison schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards and State of Florida financial assistance, as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administration Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards,* and Chapter 10.550 Rules of the Florida Auditor General, are also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, budgetary comparison schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and State of Florida financial assistance is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and

certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, and the report of the other auditors, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, budgetary comparison schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and State of Florida financial assistance are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section and statistical section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 13, 2017 on our consideration of the City of Palm Bay, Florida's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Palm Bay's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Melbourne, Florida

Caux Rigge & Ingram, L.L.C.

June 13, 2017

The City of Palm Bay, Florida's (the "City") Management's Discussion and Analysis (the "MD&A") presents this overview and analysis of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016. Please read it in conjunction with the letter of transmittal in the introductory section, and the City's financial statements following the MD&A.

Financial Highlights

The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of fiscal year 2016 by \$129.2 million (net position).

- At September 30, 2016, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$21.6 million, as compared to \$25.0 million as of September 30, 2015.
- At September 30, 2016, the City's General Fund reported an *unassigned* balance of \$8.9 million or 13.0% of the total 2016 General Fund expenditures and transfers out.
- The City's outstanding long-term debt decreased by \$8.2 million during fiscal year 2016. The
 decrease was primarily a result of scheduled debt service payments and escrow deposit to facilitate
 debt refunding.
- The City's business-type activities reported total net position of \$96.4 million, which is an increase of \$6.2 million or 6.9% in comparison to the prior year. Approximately 11% of the total, or \$11.1 million, is *unrestricted*.
- As of February 18, 2016, the City took ownership of the Palm Bay Regional Park and the Greater Palm Bay Senior Center. These facilities were part of an interlocal agreement with Brevard County that conveyed net assets valued at \$11 million to the City and further arranged for custodial and maintenance upkeep of these amenities in addition to that of the Palm Bay Aquatic Center.

Overview of the Financial Statements

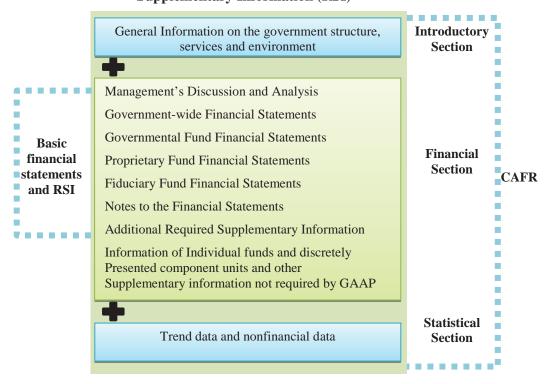
This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components:

- 1) government-wide financial statements,
- fund financial statements, and
- 3) notes to the financial statements.

This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

The financial statement focus is on both the City as a whole (government-wide) and on the major individual funds. The following chart shows the relationship between the CAFR and the basic financial statements and Required Supplementary Information ("RSI").

Relationship between Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) And Basic Financial Statement and Required Supplementary Information (RSI)



Government-wide financial statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. As described below, these statements do not include the City's fiduciary funds because resources of these funds cannot be used to finance the City's activities. However, the financial statements of fiduciary funds are included in the City's fund financial statements, because the City is financially accountable for those resources, even though they belong to other parties. The government-wide financial statements consist of the following two statements:

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the City's assets and deferred outflow of resources compared to liabilities and deferred inflows resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating. Although the purpose of the City is not to accumulate net position, in general, as this amount increases it indicates that the financial position of the City is improving over time.

The statement of activities presents the revenue and expenses of the City. The items presented on the statement of activities are measured in a manner similar to the approach used in the private-sector in that revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are reported when incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Accordingly, revenues are reported even when they may not be collected for several months after the end of the accounting period and expenses are recorded even though they may not have used cash during the current period.

Both of these financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*).

The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, physical environment, transportation, economic environment, and culture/recreation. The business-type activities of the City include water, sewer, stormwater utilities; solid waste (formerly known as sanitation) and building inspections. The government-wide financial statements can be found immediately following the MD&A.

Fund financial statements

Unlike government-wide financial statements, the focus of fund financial statements is directed to specific activities of the City rather than the City as a whole. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on short-term inflow and outflows of spendable resources as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

For the most part, the balances and activities accounted for in governmental funds are also reported in the governmental activities columns of the government-wide financial statements. However, because a different accounting basis is used to prepare the fund financial statements and the government-wide financial statements, there are often significant differences between the totals presented. For this reason, there is an analysis after the balance sheet that reconciles the total fund balances to the amount of net position presented in the governmental activities column on the statement of net position. Also, there is an analysis after the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances that reconciles the total change in fund balances for all governmental funds to the change in net position as reported in the governmental activities column of the statement of activities.

The City maintains several individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Bayfront Community Redevelopment Agency and BCRA Construction fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* in the other supplemental information section of this report. The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general, all special revenue (except for the Miscellaneous Donations Fund), all capital projects, and all debt service funds. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided for these funds to demonstrate budgetary compliance.

The basic governmental fund financial statements may be found immediately following the government-wide financial statements of this report.

Proprietary funds

The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds. The City uses Enterprise Funds to account for business-type activities that charge fees to customers for the use of specific goods or services. These funds are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for the fiscal activities relating to water, sewer, stormwater utilities, solid waste, and the activities of the Building Division. The *internal service funds* are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses the internal service funds to account for its risk management, employee benefit programs and fleet services activities. Because these activities predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Utilities Fund, and Solid Waste which are majors fund of the City; nonmajor funds are comprised of Building Inspection and Stormwater in addition to the aggregate of the Internal Service Funds.

The City's proprietary fund financial statements are presented on pages 31-36.

Fiduciary funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is similar to proprietary funds. The City only has one fiduciary fund, the Pension Trust Fund.

The City's fiduciary fund financial statements are presented on pages 37-38.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 40-89 of this report.

Other information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, required supplementary information is included which presents budgetary comparison schedules for the City's General Fund and the major special revenue fund. The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its governmental funds. This section includes a comparison between the City's adopted and final budget and actual financial results to demonstrate compliance with the budget. In addition, information concerning the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees as well as other post employment benefits is presented. Required supplementary information can be found following the notes to the financial statements.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds are presented in the other supplemental information section of this report. Combining and individual fund schedules can be found after the required supplementary information.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$129.3 million at the close of the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016. At the end of the fiscal year, the City is able to report positive balances in two categories of net position, both in business-type activities and government as a whole.

As shown in the table below, the largest portion of the City's net position (118%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, equipment, and infrastructure) less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets, except for some properties held for resale, are *not* available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The City has restricted net position of \$23.4 million for capital improvement projects and special revenues. These resources are subject to external restrictions on how the funds may be used. Unrestricted net position can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants or other legal requirements or restrictions. The City had (\$46.6) million of unrestricted net position as of September 30, 2016. This was primarily due to the reporting requirements of GASB Statement 68.

There was a net increase of \$10.4 million in net position in connection with the City's governmental activities.

There was a net increase of \$6.2 in net position reported in connection with the City's business-type activities, which include the Utilities Fund, Solid Waste Fund, Stormwater Utility Fund and the Building Inspections Fund. A detailed explanation is provided on page 12 of this report.

Net Position

	Governmental Activities		Business-typ	e Activities	Total Activities		
	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	
Current and Other Assets	31,817,380 \$	33,064,207	\$ 49,329,091	\$ 49,201,014	81,146,471	82,265,221	
Capital Assets (Net)	116,805,419	100,261,198	113,008,698	114,695,671	229,814,117	214,956,869	
Deferred Outflow of Resources	26,526,982	25,158,121	2,584,099	2,924,628	29,111,081	28,082,749	
Total Assets and Deferrals Outflow of Resources	175,149,781	158,483,526	164,921,888	166,821,313	340,071,669	325,304,839	
Current and Other Liabilities	8,542,470	7,579,706	7,703,467	7,788,848	16,245,937	15,368,554	
Long-Term Liabilities	129,376,151	126,291,852	60,823,418	68,828,071	190,199,569	195,119,923	
Deferred Inflow of Resources	4,402,487	2,192,790	-	-	4,402,487	2,192,790	
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows or Resources	142,321,108	136,064,348	68,526,885	76,616,919	210,847,993	212,681,267	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	84,756,657	70,258,921	67,665,318	58,896,518	152,421,975	129,155,439	
Restricted	5,763,641	5,746,759	17,669,639	17,373,682	23,433,280	23,120,441	
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(57,691,625)	(53,586,502)	11,060,046	13,934,194	(46,631,579)	(39,652,308)	
Total Net Position	\$ 32,828,673 \$	22,419,178	\$ 96,395,003	\$ 90,204,394	\$ 129,223,676 \$	112,623,572	

There was an overall increase in the City's net position of \$16.6 million. This change is due in large part to the conveyance of capital assets from Brevard County.

A comparative analysis of government-wide changes in net position is as follows:

	(Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities			Total Activities		
		2016		2015	2016		2015	2016		2015
Revenues:										
Program Revenues										
Charges for Services	\$	6,981,865	\$	6,283,957	\$ 37,513,330	\$	35,731,792	\$ 44,495,195	\$	42,015,749
Operating Grants and Contributions		1,713,078		780,996	-		-	1,713,078		780,996
Capital Grants and Contributions		14,539,432		3,187,507	1,690,644		1,211,678	16,230,076		4,399,185
General Revenues										
Property Taxes		24,729,117		23,657,324	-		-	24,729,117		23,657,324
Other Taxes		20,265,938		19,837,037	-		-	20,265,938		19,837,037
Other		10,752,584		10,360,981	330,426		319,386	11,083,010		10,680,367
Total Revenues		78,982,014		64,107,802	39,534,400		37,262,856	118,516,414		101,370,658
Expenses:										
General Government		18,278,547		12,492,364	-		-	18,278,547		12,492,364
Public Safety		31,933,038		32,769,687	-		-	31,933,038		32,769,687
Physical Environment		570,447		585,508	-		-	570,447		585,508
Transportation		9,065,890		8,363,210	-		-	9,065,890		8,363,210
Economic Environment		1,181,876		1,313,271	-		-	1,181,876		1,313,271
Culture/Recreation		3,988,802		4,873,978	-		-	3,988,802		4,873,978
Interest on Long-Term Debt		5,102,968		5,017,788	-		-	5,102,968		5,017,788
Water and Wastewater		-		-	21,842,674		22,319,745	21,842,674		22,319,745
Building Inspections		-		-	948,470		761,991	948,470		761,991
Stormwater		-		-	3,635,942		3,684,940	3,635,942		3,684,940
Solid Waste		-		-	5,367,656		5,332,128	5,367,656		5,332,128
Total expenses		70,121,568		65,415,806	31,794,742		32,098,804	101,916,310		97,514,610
Change in Net Positon before transfers		8,860,446		(1,308,004)	7,739,658		5,164,052	16,600,104		3,856,048
Transfers		1,549,049		1,607,411	(1,549,049)		(1,607,411)	-		-
Change in Net Position		10,409,495		299,407	6,190,609		3,556,641	16,600,104		3,856,048
Net Position, beginning of year		22,419,178		71,205,279	90,204,394		86,647,753	112,623,572		157,853,032
Prior perid adjustment (Note 13)		-		(49,085,508)	-		-	-		(49,085,508)
Net Position, end of year	\$	32,828,673	\$	22,419,178	\$ 96,395,003	\$	90,204,394	\$ 129,223,676	\$	112,623,572

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$10.4 million, and revenues from governmental activities increased by \$14.9 million or 23.2%. A key element of this change is capital grants and contributions increased by \$11.4 million primarily due to capital asset conveyed by Brevard County.

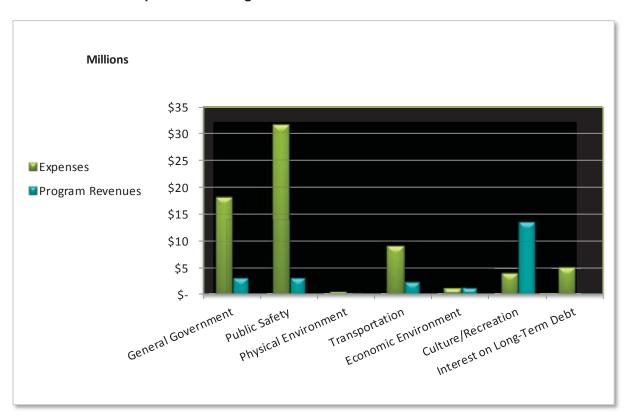
The following tables show the components of program and general revenues as a percentage of total governmental activities:

Expenses and Program Revenues – Governmental Activities

		% of	F	Program	% of	N	et (Expense)
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Total	R	evenues	Total		Revenue
General Government	\$ 18,278,547	26.1%	\$	3,044,578	13.1%	\$	(15,233,969)
Public Safety	31,933,038	45.5%		3,027,520	13.0%		(28,905,518)
Physical Environment	570,447	0.8%		281,573	1.2%		(288,874)
Transportation	9,065,890	12.9%		2,320,829	10.0%		(6,745,061)
Economic Environment	1,181,876	1.7%		1,244,049	5.4%		62,173
Culture/Recreation	3,988,802	5.7%		13,315,826	57.3%		9,327,024
Interest on Long-Term Debt	 5,102,968	7.3%		-	0.0%		(5,102,968)
	\$ 70,121,568	100% \$	\$	23,234,375	100%	\$	(46,887,193)

The following chart compares expenses and program revenues for the governmental activities:

Expenses and Program Revenue – Governmental Activities

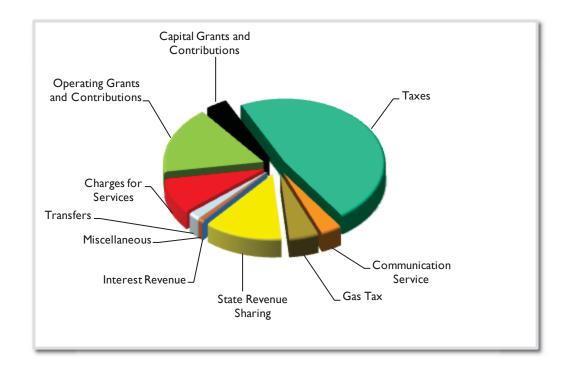


The following table and chart shows revenues by source of governmental activities by percent of total revenues.

Revenue by Source – Governmental Activities

Program Revenues		
Charges for Services	\$ 6,981,865	8.67%
Operating Grants and Contributions	1,713,078	2.13%
Capital Grants and Contributions	14,539,432	18.05%
General Revenues		
Property Tax	24,729,117	30.71%
Franchise Fees	5,367,504	6.67%
Utility Service Tax	8,288,194	10.29%
Communication Service Tax	2,756,084	3.42%
Gas Tax	3,854,156	4.79%
State Revenue Sharing	10,074,949	12.51%
Interest Earnings	129,394	0.16%
Miscellaneous	548,241	0.68%
Transfers	1,549,049	1.92%
	\$ 80,531,063	100.00%

Revenue by Source - Governmental Activities



Business-type activities

As mentioned above, business-type activities increased the City's total net position by \$6.2 million. Key elements of the increase in business-type activities are as follows:

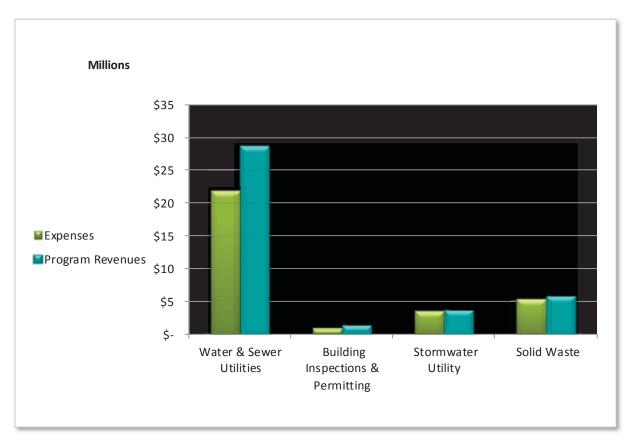
- Increase in charges for service revenue for utilities funds.
- Increase in capital contributions from water and sewer and main-line connections.

The following tables show the components of program and general revenues as a percentage of total for business-type activities:

Expenses and Program Revenues – Business-type Activities

Functions/Programs		Expenses	% of Total	Program Revenues	% of Total	Net (Expense) Revenue
Water & Sewer Utilities	\$	21,842,674	68.7%	\$ 28,582,112	72.9%	\$ 6,739,438
Building Inspections & Permitting		948,470	3.0%	1,340,278	3.4%	391,808
Stormwater Utility		3,635,942	11.4%	3,555,441	9.1%	(80,501)
Solid Waste		5,367,656	16.9%	5,726,143	14.6%	358,487
	\$	31,794,742	100% \$	\$ 39,203,974	100%	\$ 7,409,232

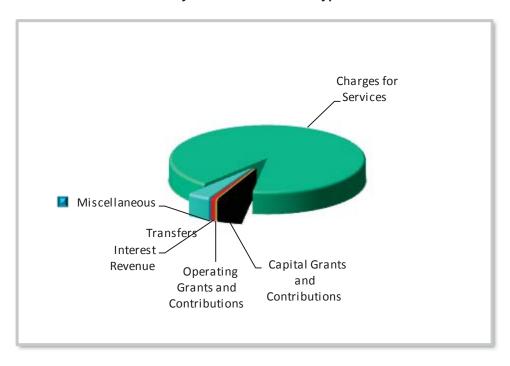
Expenses and Program Revenues – Business-type Activities



Revenues by Source – Business-type Activities

Charges for Services	\$ 37,513,330	98.76%
Capital Grants and Contributions	1,690,644	4.45%
Interest Revenue	318,936	0.84%
Miscellaneous	11,490	0.03%
Transfers	(1,549,049)	-4.08%
	\$ 37,985,351	100.00%

Revenues by Source – Business-type Activities



Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

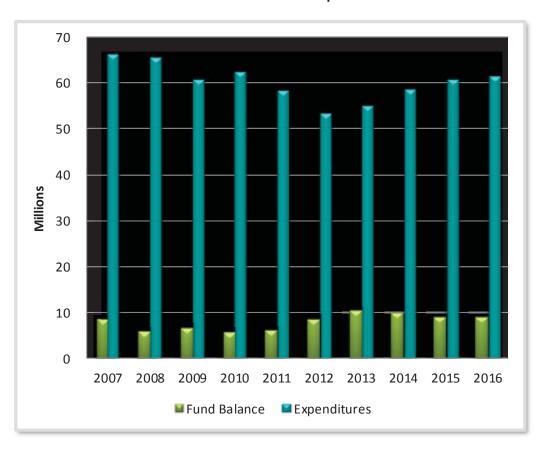
Governmental funds

The focus of the City's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable resources*. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, *unrestricted fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of fiscal year 2016, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$21.6 million, a decrease of \$3.4 million in comparison with the prior year. A key element of this change is attributable to expenditures for the I-95 Interchange project. *Non-Spendable* fund balance is \$56,291 and is comprised of prepaid items and inventory. *Restricted* fund balance is \$9.6 million and represents 44% of the total fund balance. *Committed* fund balance was \$3.2 million. *Assigned* fund balance is \$698,630. *Unassigned* fund balance, which is the residual, had a balance of approximately \$8.1 million.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of fiscal year 2016, *unassigned* fund balance of the General Fund was \$8.9 million, while total fund balance reached \$9.17 million. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both *unrestricted* fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures and transfers out. The City's General Fund, fund balance increased by \$892,232 during the current fiscal year. Further details and General Fund budgetary highlights can be found pages 15 - 16 of this report.

General Fund Balance and Expenditures



The Bayfront Community Redevelopment Agency Fund (BCRA) is used to account for the ad valorem tax increment revenues accumulated for the community development in areas where taxes were assessed. Capital-oriented projects of the BCRA are accounted for in the BCRA Construction Fund. At the end of fiscal year 2016, restricted fund balance of the BCRA Fund was \$617,858, which is a decrease of \$31,112. This is primarily due to Increased expenditures regarding the US1 Phase II Street Lights project, offset by substantial grant reimbursement of the same.

Enterprise funds

The City's enterprise funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. The City has four enterprise funds, of which Utilities and Solid Waste are major funds and the Building Inspections and Stormwater Utility Funds are non-major funds. *Unrestricted* net position of the enterprise funds at the end of the year were \$11.1 million. The total net position of the Utilities Fund increased by \$5.87 million in fiscal year 2016. Solid Waste experienced an increase in net position of \$294,311 over fiscal year 2015. Building Inspection Fund experienced an increase in revenue from charges for service thereby increasing its ending net position by \$372,563 over fiscal year 2015. The Stormwater's decrease in net position of \$349,427 primarily resulted from operating expenses outpacing operating revenues since certain base charges have remained fixed from the inception of the program.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The FY 2016 budget continued essential existing and critical City services while making necessary reduction to meet the fiscal requirements of the state mandated property tax reform and the current economic challenges.

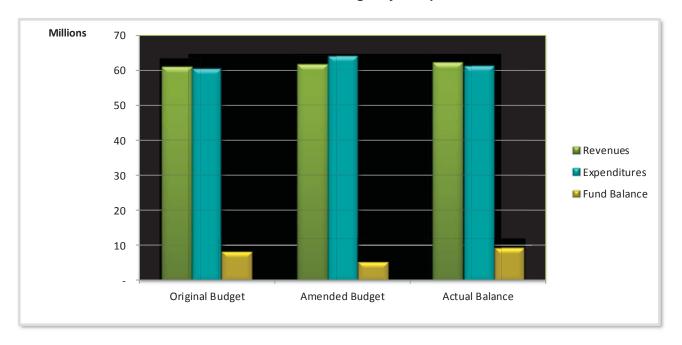
General Fund original budgeted revenue of \$60,949,527 is \$2.4 million more than the prior year. The total final budgeted revenues exceeded actual revenues by \$66,050.

General Fund original budgeted expenditures total \$60,506,305, representing an increase of \$2.0 million or 3% from FY 2015. Actual expenditures were \$2.7 million less than final budget. Public safety expenditures were less than budget by \$1.7 million and are among the major contributing factors for this decrease.

The budget is based upon an estimated unreserved fund balance as of September 30, 2015 of \$7,787,196. The minimum fund balance for FY16, as established by administrative code, is \$5,311,438 and represents 10% of projected operating costs. The approved budget FY16 exceeds the minimum requirement by \$2.5 million. A primary reason for the increase in Fund Balance was due the sale of city owned properties and proceeds from a capital lease agreement.

The City generated positive/(negative) variances in the General Fund. There was a cumulative positive variance of approximately \$2.7 million between the final adopted budget and actual results of operations. This positive variance was primarily a result of reduced personal services and operation expenditures in conformity with the City's cost management efforts.

2016 General Fund Budgetary Comparison



The FY 16 adopted millage rate of 8.5000 mills is a decrease from 8.6326 in FY 15.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2016 amounts to \$215.0 million (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, machinery and equipment, vehicles, infrastructure, and construction in progress.

A summary of government-wide capital assets is presented below:

	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities				Total Activities			
		2016	2015		2016	2015			2016		2015
Land	\$	17,174,446	\$	15,855,494	\$ 4,923,881	\$	4,923,881	\$	22,098,327	\$	20,779,375
Construction in Progress		8,386,965		1,843,937	3,427,177		5,787,247		11,814,142		7,631,184
Buildings and Improvements		35,303,267		25,414,119	2,863,766		2,863,766		38,167,033		28,277,885
Water and Sewer System		-		-	160,997,500		157,445,357		160,997,500		157,445,357
Machinery and Equipment		20,808,479		20,422,827	8,609,810		8,655,754		29,418,289		29,078,581
Infrastructure		110,018,490		110,316,541	157,636		157,636		110,176,126		110,474,177
		191,691,647		173,852,918	180,979,770		179,833,641		372,671,417		353,686,559
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		(74,886,228)		(73,591,720)	(67,971,072)		(65,137,970)		(142,857,300)		(138,729,690)
Capital Assets, net	\$	116,805,419	\$	100,261,198	\$ 113,008,698	\$	114,695,671	\$	229,814,117	\$	214,956,869

Major capital asset purchases and projects during the current fiscal year include the following:

- Land and building increased by \$899,610 and \$9.0 million respectively, as a result of capital contributions.
- Completed transportation project related to road maintenance, rejuvenation and reconstruction totaled \$3.0 million.
- Land acquisition for road improvement projects was \$458,293.
- Road construction projects still in progress at the end of the year, including I-95 Interchange totaled \$9.5 million.
- Water and sewer improvement projects completed during the year totaled \$5.0 million.

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 7 of this report.

Long-term debt

At the end of fiscal year 2016, the City had total long-term liabilities of \$149.7 million. Of this amount \$86.8 million is secured solely by specified revenue sources (i.e., revenue bonds).

Outstanding Long-Term Debt and Claims Payable

	Governmental Activities			ı	Business-type Activities				Total Activities			
	2016 2015			2016 2015			2016		2015			
Revenue Bonds	\$ 76,889,269	\$	76,977,508	\$	9,953,729	\$	26,940,143	\$	86,842,998	\$	103,917,651	
Notes Payable	10,995,000		12,675,000		37,200,000		28,000,000		48,195,000		40,675,000	
Capital Leases	1,382,836		965,385		1,109,260		1,369,194		2,492,096		2,334,579	
OPEB Obligation	2,489,964		2,153,422		886,562		780,286		3,376,526		2,933,708	
Compensated Absences	5,131,966		4,822,619		864,176		1,001,543		5,996,142		5,824,162	
Claims Payable	2,989,625		2,450,000		-		-		2,989,625		2,450,000	
	\$ 99,878,660	\$	100,043,934	\$	50,013,727	\$	58,091,166	\$	149,892,387	\$	158,135,100	

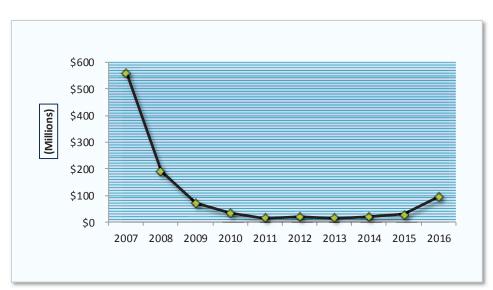
During fiscal year 2016, the City entered a capital lease/purchase agreements in the amount of \$754,000 for the acquisition of fire and police equipment, including bunker gear, communication devices and other safety apparatus.

The City also increased claims payable by \$539,625 to reflect accrued litigation costs associated with cases currently under appeal and exposure on settled claims.

Additional information on the City's debt can be found in Note 8 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- The unemployment rate for the City at September 30, 2016 was 5.4%, a decrease of less than 1% from the prior year. The national average unemployment rate for 2016 was 4.9%
- Population increased approximately 2% from the prior year.
- The taxable value of real property for the City increased by 10.1% in the 2016 fiscal year.
- Building activity resulted in \$95.3 million of new construction during the year, which is an increase of \$67.0 million, or 236.4%, from the previous year. A graphical presentation of the change in taxable value from new construction for the past ten years is presented below:
- In December 2016, the City authorized a refunding of \$3,983,000 for the outstanding Taxable Special Obligation Bonds (Pension Obligation, Series 2004. The refunding resulted in a net present value savings of \$344,441 and a lower interest rate.
- In December 2016, the City also authorized a refunding of \$2,060,000 for the outstanding Special Assessment Bond, Series 2009A (Water Improvement-USA 31). The refunding resulted in a net present value savings of \$257,702 and a lower interest rate.



Taxable Value from New Construction

During the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance in the General Fund increased to \$8.90 million.

The ad valorem tax rate for the General Fund was decreased from 8.6326 mills in the prior year to 8.5000 mills in fiscal year 2016.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to present users with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability. If you have questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or need additional financial information, contact the City's Finance Department, 120 Malabar Road, S.E., Palm Bay, Florida 32907-3009. The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for fiscal year 2014/2015 can also be found on the City's website at www.palmbayflorida.org.



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STATEMENT OF NET POSITION September 30, 2016

	Primary Government								
		vernmental Activities		usiness-type Activities		Total			
ASSETS		TOTIVITIES		Activities					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	24,249,657	\$	10,081,942	\$	34,331,599			
Investments		4,059,693		5,582,619		9,642,312			
Restricted Assets:									
Cash and Cash Equivalents		-		10,762,365		10,762,365			
Investments		-		7,169,621		7,169,621			
Accounts Receivable (Net)		2,708,048		9,910,170		12,618,218			
Internal Balances		(2,745,067)		2,745,067		-			
Due from Other Governments		2,851,804		-		2,851,804			
Land Held for Resale		15,500		-		15,500			
Inventories		218,287		401,837		620,124			
Prepaid Items		303,577		1,964		305,541			
Other Assets		-		18,441		18,441			
Accounts Receivable, Long-term (Net)		-		2,655,066		2,655,066			
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:									
Land		17,174,446		4,923,881		22,098,327			
Construction in Progress		8,386,965		3,427,177		11,814,142			
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation:									
Building and Improvements		20,116,491		1,615,033		21,731,524			
Water and Sewer Systems		-		100,995,050		100,995,050			
Machinery, Equipment and Vehicles		1,409,635		1,892,752		3,302,387			
Infrastructure		69,717,882		154,805		69,872,687			
Net Pension Asset		155,881		-		155,881			
Total Assets		148,622,799		162,337,789		310,960,588			
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Unamortized Loss from Bond Refunding		11,267,487		2,584,099		13,851,586			
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions		15,259,495		-		15,259,495			
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		26,526,982		2,584,099		29,111,081			

Continued on the next page

	Primary Government						
	Governmental	Business-type	e Total				
	Activities	Activities	Total				
LIABILITIES							
Accounts Payable	3,492,373	1,457,772	4,950,145				
Accrued Liabilities	1,274,090	343,207	1,617,297				
Due to Other Governments	17,100	-	17,100				
Unearned Revenues	1,587,332	3,627,228	5,214,560				
Liabilities Payable from Restricted Assets:							
Accrued Interest Payable	2,171,575	-	2,171,575				
Customer Deposits	-	2,275,260	2,275,260				
Long-Term Liabilities:							
Due Within One Year:							
Bonds Payable	842,506	962,565	1,805,071				
Notes Payable	1,371,000	4,835,000	6,206,000				
Capital Leases Payable	588,895	269,086	857,981				
Claims Payable	825,785	-	825,785				
Compensated Absences	821,115	138,267	959,382				
Due in More Than One Year:							
Bonds Payable	76,046,763	8,991,164	85,037,927				
Notes Payable	9,624,000	32,365,000	41,989,000				
Capital Leases Payable	793,941	840,174	1,634,115				
Accreted Interest Payable	-	10,809,691	10,809,691				
Claims Payable	2,163,840	-	2,163,840				
Net OPEB Obligation	2,489,964	886,562	3,376,526				
Net Pension Liability	29,497,491	-	29,497,491				
Compensated Absences	4,310,851	725,909	5,036,760				
Total Liabilities	137,918,621	68,526,885	206,445,506				
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred Business Tax Licenses	390,815	-	390,815				
Deferred Inflows from Bond Refunding	235,910	_	235,910				
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions	3,775,762		3,775,762				
		<u> </u>					
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	4,402,487	-	4,402,487				
NET POSITION							
Net Investment in Capital Assets	84,756,657	67,665,318	152,421,975				
Restricted for:							
Transportation	2,445,333	-	2,445,333				
Economic Development	617,858	-	617,858				
Debt Service	2,425,852	-	2,425,852				
Building Fund	-	2,012,913	2,012,913				
Water and Sewer Utilities System	-	15,656,726	15,656,726				
Public Safety	274,598	-	274,598				
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(57,691,625)	11,060,046	(46,631,579)				
Total Net Position	\$ 32,828,673	\$ 96,395,003	\$ 129,223,676				
	,,,	,,-	,,				

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2016

			Program Revenues						
					(Operating		Capital	
			C	harges for	G	rants and		Grants and	
Functions/Programs:		Expenses		Services	Co	ntributions		Contributions	
Governmental Activities:									
General Government	\$	18,278,547	\$	3,024,578	\$	20,000	\$	-	
Public Safety		31,933,038		824,263		83,678		2,119,579	
Physical Environment		570,447		281,573		-		-	
Transportation		9,065,890		1,871,355		-		449,474	
Economic Environment		1,181,876		109,255		1,134,794		-	
Culture/Recreation		3,988,802		870,841		474,606		11,970,379	
Interest on Long-Term Debt		5,102,968		-		-		-	
Total Governmental Activities		70,121,568		6,981,865		1,713,078		14,539,432	
Business-type Activities:									
Water and Sewer Utilities		21,842,674		26,891,468		-		1,690,644	
Building Inspections & Permiting		948,470		1,340,278		-		-	
Stormwater Utility		3,635,942		3,555,441		-		-	
Solid Waste		5,367,656		5,726,143		-		-	
Total Business-type Activities		31,794,742		37,513,330		-		1,690,644	
Total	\$	101,916,310	\$	44,495,195	\$	1,713,078	\$	16,230,076	

General Revenues:

Taxes:

Property Tax

Franchise Fees

Utility Service Tax

Communication Service Tax

Gas Tax

State Revenue Sharing (unrestricted)

Investment Earnings

Miscellaneous

Transfers

Total General Revenues/Transfers

Change in Net Position Net Position - Beginning Net Position - Ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	

	F	rim	ary Governmen	t	
	Sovernmental	В	usiness-type		
	Activities		Activities		Total
•	(45.000.000)	•		•	(45 000 000)
\$	(15,233,969)	\$	-	\$	(15,233,969)
	(28,905,518)		-		(28,905,518)
	(288,874)		-		(288,874)
	(6,745,061)		-		(6,745,061)
	62,173		-		62,173
	9,327,024		-		9,327,024
	(5,102,968)		-		(5,102,968)
	(46,887,193)		-		(46,887,193)
	-		6,739,438		6,739,438
	_		391,808		391,808
	_		(80,501)		(80,501)
	_		358,487		358,487
	-		7,409,232		7,409,232
	(46,887,193)		7,409,232		(39,477,961)
	24,729,117		-		24,729,117
	5,367,504		-		5,367,504
	8,288,194		-		8,288,194
	2,756,084		-		2,756,084
	3,854,156		-		3,854,156
	10,074,949		-		10,074,949
	129,394		318,936		448,330
	548,241		11,490		559,731
	1,549,049		(1,549,049)		-
	57,296,688		(1,218,623)		56,078,065
	10,409,495		6,190,609		16,600,104
	22,419,178		90,204,394		112,623,572
\$	32,828,673	\$	96,395,003	\$	129,223,676

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2016

		General	Co Redo	Bayfront ommunity evelopment Agency	C	BCRA Construction Fund		Nonmajor overnmental Funds	Tota	l Governmental Funds	
ASSETS											
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	4,737,062	\$	420,320	\$	492,237	\$	14,038,180	\$	19,687,799	
Investments		2,104,401				719,426		738,106		3,561,933	
Accounts Receivable		2,603,041		-		1,949		3,531		2,608,521	
Due from Other Governments		2,557,210		294,594		-		-		2,851,804	
Due from Other Funds		215,600		-		-		-		215,600	
Land Held for Resale		-				-		15,500		15,500	
Prepaid Items		35,029		1,789		-		-		36,818	
Inventory		3,973		-		-		-		3,973	
Total Assets	\$	12,256,316	\$	716,703	\$	1,213,612	\$	14,795,317	\$	28,981,948	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES											
Liabilities:	•	0.40 550	•	05.040	•	444.405	•	4 70 4 400	•	0.000.000	
Accounts Payable	\$	948,553	\$	95,210	\$	144,135	\$	1,734,402 25,120	\$	2,922,300	
Accrued Liabilities Due to Other Funds		1,104,611		3,635		-		25,120		1,133,366 215,600	
Unearned Revenue		134,794		_				1,452,538		1,587,332	
Advances from Other Funds		502,961				_		609,000		1,111,961	
Due to Other Governments		-				_		17,100		17,100	
Total Liabilities		2,690,919		98,845		144,135		4,053,760		6,987,659	
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES											
Deferred Business Tax Licenses		390,815						_		390,815	
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources		390,815		-		-				390,815	
Fund Balances: Nonspendable		39,002		1,789		-		15,500		56,291	
Restricted		-		616,069		1,069,477		7,918,591		9,604,137	
Committed		184,628				.,,		2,991,029		3,175,657	
Assigned		50,883						647,747		698,630	
Unassigned (Deficit)		8,900,069		_		-		(831,310)		8,068,759	
Total Fund Balances		9,174,582		617,858		1,069,477		10,741,557		21,603,474	
		3,174,302		017,000		1,000,411		10,741,007		21,003,474	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	¢	12,256,316	e	716,703	\$	1,213,612	\$	14,795,317	\$	20 004 040	
OF RESOURCES AND FUND DAIGNOES	\$	12,200,310	\$	110,103	Ą	1,213,012	φ	14,730,017	φ	28,981,948	



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RECONCILIATION OF BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION September 30, 2016

Total fund balances of governmental funds	\$ 21,603,474
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The cost of the assets is \$182,660,185 and the accumulated depreciation is \$67,578,144. Internal service funds capital assets of \$9,031,462 and accumulated depreciation of \$7,308,084 are included in the internal service funds balances below.	115,082,041
Net pension assets are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	155,881
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources for changes in Pension assumptions and projections in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds. Deferred outflows of resources Deferred inflows of resources	15,259,495 (3,775,762)
Deferred Inflows of resources for gains on bond refunding	(235,910)
Unamortized refunding charges are reported as expenditures in the funds because current financial resources are used. They are amortized over the life of the debt in the government-wide statements.	44.007.407
The internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of employee benefits and risk management services to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.	11,267,487 1,354,312
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due. All liabilities, both current and long-term, are reported in the Statement of Net Position. The amount for internal service funds includes compensated absences of \$130,304 (\$20,849 current and \$109,455 long-term) \$ 478,319 lease payable (237,779 current and \$240,540 long-term and net OPEB obligations of \$67,133). Long-term liabilities at year end consist of:	
Bonds payable \$ 76,889,269 Notes payable 10,995,000 Accrued interest payable 2,171,575 Capital leases payable 904,517 Net Pension Liability 29,497,491 Net OPEB obligation 2,422,831 Compensated absences 5,001,662	(127,882,345)
Total net position of governmental activities	\$ 32,828,673

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2016

	General	Bayfront Community Redevelopment	BCRA Construction Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$ 39,514,823	\$ 661,954	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 40,176,777	
Impact Fees	-	-	-	2,176,573	2,176,573	
Licenses and Permits	5,376,631	-	-	-	5,376,631	
Intergovernmental Revenues	10,281,540	919,759	-	3,377,733	14,579,032	
Charges for Services	2,894,245	-	-	487,001	3,381,246	
Fines and Forfeitures	395,040	-	-	158,785	553,825	
Investment Income	53,820	2,081	14,363	50,567	120,831	
Miscellaneous Revenues	472,118	•	•	197,068	669,186	
Total Revenues	58,988,217	1,583,794	14,363	6,447,727	67,034,101	
EXPENDITURES Current:						
General Government	14,317,295		184	175,622	14,493,101	
Public Safety	31,170,225	-	-	137,215	31,307,440	
Transportation	4,599,336	-		-	4,599,336	
Economic Environment	-	249,600		442,230	691,830	
Culture/Recreation	2,673,323	-		937,254	3,610,577	
Debt Service:	, ,			•	, ,	
Principal Retirement	-	335,000		2,009,046	2,344,046	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	-	140,709		4,290,473	4,431,182	
Capital Outlay	-	993,835	1,575,826	8,669,036	11,238,697	
Total Expenditures	52,760,179	1,719,144	1,576,010	16,660,876	72,716,209	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over						
Expenditures	6,228,038	(135,350)	(1,561,647)	(10,213,149)	(5,682,108)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers In	2,133,758	104,238	-	8,954,310	11,192,306	
Transfers Out	(8,633,064)	-	-	(1,629,481)	(10,262,545)	
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	409,500	-	-	-	409,500	
Capital Leases	754,000	-	-	-	754,000	
Proceeds of Refunding Debt	-	-	-	15,922,652	15,922,652	
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent	-	-	-	(15,723,067)	(15,723,067)	
Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)	(5,335,806)	104,238	-	7,524,414	2,292,846	
Net Change in Fund Balances	892,232	(31,112)	(1,561,647)	(2,688,735)	(3,389,262)	
Fund Balances - Beginning	8,282,350	648,970	2,631,124	13,430,292	24,992,736	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 9,174,582	\$ 617,858	\$ 1,069,477	\$ 10,741,557	\$ 21,603,474	



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RECONCILIATION OF STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds.	\$ (3,389,262)
Governmental funds report capital purchases as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets are depreciated over their	
estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the	
amount by which capital purchases (\$11,594,326) exceeds depreciation	4.756.056
expense (\$6,838,070) in the current period.	4,756,256
Governmental funds report only the proceeds from the sale of capital	
assets. However, in the Statement of Activities, the amount of the	
proceeds (if any) are shown net of the remaining book balance of	
the assets disposed. This is the amount of the gain or (loss)	
realized on the current year dispositions: Neighborhood Stabilization Program (NSP) properties	(80,546)
Proceeds from the sale of capital assets increase financial resources, but in the	
statement of activities, only a gain or loss is reported.	(409,500)
Pension contribution made subsequent to the measurement date is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but reported as a deferred outflow of resources in the	
government-wide financial statements.	2,196
Denaion concerns we need in the etatement of activities do not require the use of correct	
Pension expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	(3,137,749)
Capital assets contributed to the City in the current year and recognized as revenue in the statement of activities.	11,850,964
The repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but reduces liabilities in the statement of net position. In addition, the issuance of bonds and similar	
long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds and	
therefore contribute to an increase in fund balance. In the statement of net position,	
however, issuing debt increases and payment of debt decreases long-term liabilities	
and does not affect the statement of activities. The amounts of the items that	
make up these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items are:	
Principal repayments: Revenue Bonds	16,010,891
Capital Leases	101,499
Notes Payable	1,680,000
Debt issued or incurred:	, ,
Proceeds from bonds payable	(15,922,652)
Capital Leases	(754,000)
Amortized refunding charges	(537,132)
Unamortized refunding gains Accrued interest payable on long-term debt	(235,910) 41,789
Accided interest payable on long-term debt	41,709
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in governmental funds,	
expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with	
expendable available financial resources. In the statement of activities, however,	
which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless	
of when financial resources are available. Compensated Absences	(310,444)
Net OPEB Obligation	(327,686)
The internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of risk management	
services to other funds. The decrease in net position of the internal service fund is reported with governmental activities.	1,070,781
Change in net position of governmental activities.	\$ 10,409,495

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS September 30, 2016

Utilities Fund (Major Fund) \$ 7,530,500 4,968,493 1,992,546 6,810,719 301,671	\$	Solid Waste (Major Fund) 1,368,871 100,097		Total Interprise major Funds)	Total Enterprise Funds	Inte	Activities - ernal Service Funds
\$ 7,530,500 4,968,493 1,992,546 6,810,719	\$	1,368,871					
4,968,493 1,992,546 6,810,719	\$		\$	1.182.571	¢ 40,004,042		
4,968,493 1,992,546 6,810,719	\$		\$	1.182.571	¢ 10.001.042		
4,968,493 1,992,546 6,810,719					\$ 10,081,942	\$	4,561,858
6,810,719				514,029	5,582,619		497,760
, ,		282,714		, -	2,275,260		-
301,671		597,756		2,501,695	9,910,170		99,527
		-		-	301,671		-
365,509		36,328		-	401,837		214,314
-		-		1,964	1,964		266,759
21,969,438		2,385,766		4,200,259	28,555,463		5,640,218
8,487,105		-		-	8,487,105		-
7,169,621		-		-	7,169,621		-
15,656,726		-		-	15,656,726		-
2,655,066		-		-	2,655,066		-
1,200,887		-		1,359,984	2,560,871		-
		-		-			
3,874,394		-		1,359,984	5,234,378		-
4,904,079		-		19,802	4,923,881		-
3,424,790		-		2,387	3,427,177		-
2,863,766		-		-	2,863,766		-
160,997,500		-		-	160,997,500		-
-		-		157,636	157,636		-
4,021,662		2,560,000		2,028,148	8,609,810		9,031,462
(64,583,320)		(1,536,000)		(1,851,752)	(67,971,072)		(7,308,084)
111,628,477		1,024,000		356,221	113,008,698		1,723,378
131,159,597		1,024,000		1,716,205	133,899,802		1,723,378
153,129,035		3,409,766		5,916,464	162,455,265		7,363,596
2 584 000		_		_	2 584 000		_
				-			
	21,969,438 8,487,105 7,169,621 15,656,726 2,655,066 1,200,887 18,441 3,874,394 4,904,079 3,424,790 2,863,766 160,997,500 - 4,021,662 (64,583,320) 111,628,477 131,159,597	21,969,438 8,487,105 7,169,621 15,656,726 2,655,066 1,200,887 18,441 3,874,394 4,904,079 3,424,790 2,863,766 160,997,500 4,021,662 (64,583,320) 111,628,477 131,159,597 153,129,035	21,969,438 2,385,766 8,487,105 - 7,169,621 - 15,656,726 - 2,655,066 - 1,200,887 - 18,441 - 3,874,394 4,904,079 - 3,424,790 - 2,863,766 - 160,997,500 4,021,662 2,560,000 (64,583,320) (1,536,000) 111,628,477 1,024,000 131,159,597 1,024,000 153,129,035 3,409,766	21,969,438	- - 1,964 21,969,438 2,385,766 4,200,259 8,487,105 - - 7,169,621 - - 15,656,726 - - 2,655,066 - - 1,200,887 - 1,359,984 18,441 - - 3,874,394 - 1359,984 4,904,079 - 19,802 3,424,790 - 2,387 2,863,766 - - 160,997,500 - - - 157,636 4,021,662 2,560,000 2,028,148 (64,583,320) (1,536,000) (1,851,752) 111,628,477 1,024,000 356,221 131,159,597 1,024,000 1,716,205 153,129,035 3,409,766 5,916,464 2,584,099 - -	1,964 1,964 21,969,438 2,385,766 4,200,259 28,555,463 8,487,105 8,487,105 7,169,621 7,169,621 15,656,726 15,656,726 2,655,066 2,655,066 1,200,887 - 1,359,984 2,560,871 18,441 18,441 3,874,394 - 13,59,984 5,234,378 4,904,079 - 19,802 4,923,881 3,424,790 - 2,387 3,427,177 2,863,766 2,863,766 160,997,500 - 157,636 157,636 4,021,662 2,560,000 2,028,148 8,609,810 (64,583,320) (1,536,000) (1,851,752) (67,971,072) 111,628,477 1,024,000 356,221 113,008,698 131,159,597 1,024,000 1,716,205 133,899,802 2,584,099 2,584,099	- 1,964 1,964 21,969,438 2,385,766 4,200,259 28,555,463 8,487,105 8,487,105 7,169,621 - 7,169,621 15,656,726 - 15,656,726 2,655,066 2,655,066 1,200,887 - 1,359,984 2,560,871 18,441 - 18,441 3,874,394 - 1,359,984 5,234,378 4,904,079 - 19,802 4,923,881 3,424,790 - 2,387 3,427,177 2,863,766 2,863,766 160,997,500 - 160,997,500 - 157,636 157,636 4,021,662 2,560,000 2,028,148 8,609,810 (64,583,320) (1,536,000) (1,851,752) (67,971,072) 111,628,477 1,024,000 356,221 113,008,698 131,159,597 1,024,000 1,716,205 133,899,802 153,129,035 3,409,766 5,916,464 162,455,265

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STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (CONTINUED) PROPRIETARY FUNDS September 30, 2016

	E	Business Type Activities - Enterprise Funds					
	Utilities Fund (Major Fund)	Solid Waste (Major Fund)	Enterprise (Nonmajor Funds)	Total Enterprise Funds	Activities - Internal Service Funds		
LIABILITIES							
Current Liabilities:							
Accounts Payable	620,886	753,657	83,229	1,457,772	570,073		
Accrued Liabilities	233,897	8,699	100,611	343,207	140,724		
Unearned Revenues	583,190	543,255	2,500,783	3,627,228	-		
Bonds Payable	962,565	-	-	962,565	-		
Notes Payable	4,835,000	-	-	4,835,000	-		
Capital Leases Payable	-	269,086	-	269,086	237,779		
Compensated Absences	111,141	3,044	24,082	138,267	20,849		
Claims Payable	-	-	-	-	825,785		
Advances from Other Funds	-	-	117,476	117,476	184,196		
Current Liabilities Payable from Restricted Assets:							
Customer Deposits	1,992,546	282,714	-	2,275,260	-		
Total Current Liabilities	9,339,225	1,860,455	2,826,181	14,025,861	1,979,406		
Noncurrent Liabilities:							
Bonds Payable	8,991,164	-	-	8,991,164	-		
Notes Payable	32,365,000	-	-	32,365,000	-		
Capital Leases Payable	-	840,174	-	840,174	240,540		
Accreted Interest Payable	10,809,691	-	-	10,809,691	-		
Net OPEB Obligation	539,784	15,027	331,751	886,562	67,133		
Compensated Absences	583,490	15,984	126,435	725,909	109,455		
Claims Payable	· -	-	, <u> </u>	· -	2,163,840		
Advances from Other Funds		-	-	-	1,448,910		
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	53,289,129	871,185	458,186	54,618,500	4,029,878		
Total Liabilities	62,628,354	2,731,640	3,284,367	68,644,361	6,009,284		
NET POSITION							
Net Investment in Capital Assets	67,309,097	-	356,221	67,665,318	1,245,059		
Restricted:							
Renewal and Replacement	7,504,146	-	-	7,504,146	-		
Capital Improvements	8,152,580	-	-	8,152,580	-		
Building Fund	-	-	2,012,913	2,012,913	-		
Unrestricted	10,118,957	678,126	262,963	11,060,046	109,253		
Total Net Position	\$ 93,084,780	\$ 678,126	\$ 2,632,097	\$ 96,395,003	\$ 1,354,312		



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STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2016

	Business Type Activities - Enterprise Funds						Governmental		
	Utilities Fund (Major Fund)		Solid Waste (Major Fund)	Total Enterprise (Nonmajor Funds)		Total Enterprise Funds		Activities - ernal Service Funds	
Operating Revenues:		<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>		,	•				
Charges for Services:									
Water	\$	15,099,180	\$	-	\$ -	\$	15,099,180	\$	-
Sewer		11,338,713		-	-		11,338,713		-
Stormwater		-		-	3,518,028		3,518,028		-
Solid Waste		-		5,671,726	-		5,671,726		-
User Fees		-		-	105,618		105,618		18,454,761
Assessments		236,875		-	-		236,875		-
Licenses and Permits		216,700		-	1,251,851		1,468,551		-
Miscellaneous Income				54,417	20,222		74,639		1,130
Total Operating Revenues		26,891,468		5,726,143	4,895,719		37,513,330		18,455,891
Operating Expenses:									
Personal Services		7,862,004		313,314	3,243,619		11,418,937		3,528,483
Material, Supplies, and Operating expenses		6,741,681		4,754,999	1,277,783		12,774,463		2,318,587
Claims/Premium Expense		-		-	-		-		11,723,978
Depreciation		4,435,193		256,000	63,010		4,754,203		477,087
Total Operating Expenses		19,038,878		5,324,313	4,584,412		28,947,603		18,048,135
Operating Income		7,852,590		401,830	311,307		8,565,727		407,756
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):									
Interest Income		312,228		2,818	3,890		318,936		8,563
Interest Expense and Fiscal Charges		(2,803,796)		(43,343)	-		(2,847,139)		(53,212)
Intergovernmental Revenues		-		-	-		-		49,592
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets		11,490		-	-		11,490		38,794
Total Nonoperating Revenues		(2,480,078)		(40,525)	3,890		(2,516,713)		43,737
(Expenses)									
Income Before Contributions and Transfers		5,372,512		361,305	315,197		6,049,014		451,493
Capital Contributions		1,690,644		-	-		1,690,644		-
Transfers In		9,344,088		-	11,257		9,355,345		1,559,981
Transfers Out		(10,534,082)		(66,994)	(303,318)	(10,904,394)		(940,693)
Change in Net Position		5,873,162		294,311	23,136	-	6,190,609		1,070,781
Net Position - Beginning of year		87,211,618		383,815	2,608,961		90,204,394		283,531
Total Net Position - Ending	\$	93,084,780	\$	678,126	\$ 2,632,097	\$	96,395,003	\$	1,354,312

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS For Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2016

	Business Type Activities - Enterprise Funds					Governmental			
		lities Fund ajor Fund)		Solid Waste (Major Fund)	(No	Total Enterprise onmajor Funds)	Total Enterprise Funds	Int	Activities - ernal Service Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Receipts from Customers and Users Payments to Suppliers Payments to Employees Net Cash Provided by		27,528,261 (6,755,790) (7,838,506)	\$	5,744,617 (4,720,288) (307,772)	\$	4,895,346 (1,307,673) (3,269,384)	\$ 38,168,224 (12,783,751) (11,415,662)	\$	18,448,677 (13,519,624) (3,144,722)
Operating Activities		12,933,965		716,557		318,289	13,968,811		1,784,331
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities									
Interfund Advances Intergovernmental Revenues		(68,557) -		-		(831,622) -	(900,179) -		68,106 49,592
Transfers to Other Funds Transfers from Other Funds	(10,534,082) 9,344,088		(66,994)		(303,318) 11,257	(10,904,394) 9,355,345		(940,693) 1,559,981
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities		(1,258,551)		(66,994)		(1,123,683)	(2,449,228)		736,986
Cash Flows from Capital and Related									
Financing Activities Acquisition/Construction of Capital Assets Principal Paid on Capital Debt Interest Paid on Capital Debt		(1,411,272) (1,037,371) (2,504,154)		(259,934) (43,343)		(10,797) - -	(1,422,069) (1,297,305) (2,547,497)		(904,136) (235,050) (53,212)
Contributions Principal Paid on Notes Payable Payment to Escrow Agent		1,690,644 (3,990,000) 17,311,046)		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		-	1,690,644 (3,990,000) (17,311,046)		-
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets Proceeds from Refunding of Bonds		11,490 13,190,000		-		:	11,490 13,190,000		38,794 -
Net Cash Used by Capital and Related Financing Activities	(11,361,709)		(303,277)		(10,797)	(11,675,783)		(1,153,604)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Investment purchases Proceeds from Sale and Maturity of Investments		13,203,989) 14,254,382		(100,097)		(12,102)	(13,316,188) 14,254,382		(497,760) -
Interest Income on Investments		318,058		2,818		3,890	324,766		8,563
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities		1,368,451		(97,279)		(8,212)	1,262,960		(489,197)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		1,682,156		249,007		(824,403)	1,106,760		878,516
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		16,327,995		1,402,578		2,006,974	19,737,547	\$	3,683,342
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	18,010,151	\$	1,651,585	\$	1,182,571	\$ 20,844,307	\$	4,561,858
Cash and Cash Equivalents Classified As: Current Assets Restricted Assets	\$	7,530,500 10,479,651	\$	1,368,871 282,714	\$		\$ 10,081,942 10,762,365	\$	4,561,858
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents		18,010,151	\$	1,651,585	\$	1,182,571	\$ 20,844,307	\$	4,561,858

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STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) PROPRIETARY FUNDS For Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2016

		ınds	Government				
	-	tilities Fund lajor Fund)	Solid Waste (Major Fund)	Total Enterprise (Nonmajor Funds)	Total Enterprise Funds		Activities - ernal Service Funds
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities							
Operating Income	\$	7,852,590 \$	401,830	\$ 311,307	\$ 8,565,727	\$	407,756
Depreciation Change in Assets and Liabilities:		4,435,193	256,000	63,010	4,754,203	\$	477,087
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable		684,204	(12,379)	(306,729)	365,096		(7,214)
(Increase) Decrease in Inventory		138,290	47,516	-	185,806		(1,462)
(Increase) Decrease in Prepaid Items		20,556	-	(732)	19,824		66,466
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable		(200,043)	(13,847)	(12,847)	(226,737)		301,170
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Liabilities		27,087	957	16,998	45,042		(6,858)
Increase (Decrease) in Customer Deposits		(47,410)	4,304	-	(43,106)		-
Increase in OPEB Obligation		70,851	4,428	30,997	106,276		8,856
Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences		(47,353)	1,199	(91,213)	(137,367)		(1,095)
Increase in Claims Payable		-	-	-	-		539,625
Increase in Unearned Revenues		-	26,549	307,498	334,047		-
Total Adjustments		5,081,375	314,727	6,982	5,403,084		1,376,575
Net Cash Provided by Operating							
Activities	\$	12,933,965 \$	716,557	\$ 318,289	\$ 13,968,811	\$	1,784,331

There are no noncash investing, capital, and financing activities.

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION TRUST FUND September 30, 2016

ASSETS	Total
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 7,290,039
Investments, at fair value:	
Common Stock	58,320,707
Domestic Equity Funds	9,614,754
U.S. Government securities	26,441,450
Corporate Bonds	12,974,156
Bond Funds	59,447
International Equity Funds	21,208,845
Real Estate Funds Convertible Securities	18,947,829
Master Limited Partnership	13,898,927 6,086,431
	, ,
Total investments	167,552,546
Receivables:	
Accrued Interest and Dividends	295,092
Due from Broker	726,100
State Contributions	52,011
Employer Contributions Receivable	30,292
Other	1,921
Total Receivables	1,105,416
Other assets:	34,411
Total Assets	175,982,412
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	262,261
Deferred Retirement Option Benefits due and	,
currently payable	411,510
Due to broker	1,872,871
Total Liabilities	2,546,642
	2,040,042
NET POSITION	
Restricted for Pension Benefits	\$ 173,435,770

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION TRUST FUND For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

	Total
ADDITIONS	
Contributions:	
Employer	\$ 3,716,857
Employee	1,124,063
State	1,244,750
Total Contributions	6,085,670
lavorator ant Familiano.	
Investment Earnings:	40 000 570
Net Appreciation in Fair Value of Investments	10,836,572
Interest and Dividends	4,872,639
Total Investment Earnings	15,709,211
Less: Investment Expenses	914,981
Net investment Income	14,794,230
Total Additions	20,879,900
DEDUCTIONS	
Benefits	9,374,845
Refunds	251,833
Administrative Expense	508,621
Total Deductions	10,135,299
Change in Net Position	10,744,601
Net Position - Beginning of Year	162,691,169
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 173,435,770



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NOTE 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the City of Palm Bay, Florida (the "City") have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") in the United States of America as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Significant City accounting policies are described below:

A. The Reporting Entity

The City is a political subdivision incorporated on January 1, 1960 in the State of Florida and located in Brevard County. The legislative branch of the City is composed of a five (5) member elected Council, including a city-wide elected mayor. The City Council is governed by the City Charter, and by state and local laws and regulations. The City Council is responsible for the establishment and adoption of policy. The execution of such policy is the responsibility of the Council appointed city manager.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the reporting entity include: (1) the primary government, (2) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and (3) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Although they are separate legal entities, blended component units are in substance part of the City's operations and are reported as an integral part of the City's financial statements. The City's component units are described as follows:

The Bayfront Community Redevelopment Agency (the "BCRA") is an incremental tax district created by City ordinance pursuant to Section 163.356, Florida Statutes. The City Council appoints an advisory board to administer the activities of the BCRA. The Board approves the budget and provides funding. The City performs all accounting functions as well as facilitates operational responsibilities for the activities of the BCRA. Its services are provided exclusively to the City. The BCRA is classified as a special revenue fund.

The Palm Bay Municipal Foundation Inc. is a Florida 501(c)(3) nonprofit public benefit corporation formed in June 2013 by City Council Legislative Memorandum pursuant to Florida Nonprofit Corporation Laws. The Palm Bay Municipal Foundation was formed exclusively for charitable, educational and cultural purposes for the benefit of the City. City Council members serve as the Foundation's board of directors. They also approve the budget. The City performs all accounting functions and facilitates operational responsibilities for the activities of the Foundation. Palm Bay Municipal Foundation is classified as a special revenue fund.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its blended component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements to minimize double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external parties.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses and indirect costs of a given function, or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Indirect expenses are those costs that are allocated to functions and activities in accordance with the City's adopted indirect cost allocation plan. The "expenses" column includes both direct and indirect expenses. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are *restricted* to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and the fiduciary fund. The fiduciary fund is excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. The internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are user fees between the City's enterprise funds and other governmental functions. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within four months of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Taxes when levied, franchise fees, licenses, intergovernmental revenues when eligibility requirements are met, charges for services, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be measurable and if available have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

- The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- The Bayfront Community Redevelopment Agency Fund is used to account for ad valorem tax increment revenues accumulated for community development in the areas where the taxes were assessed.
- The BCRA Construction Fund is used to account for the proceeds provided for the capital-oriented projects of the Bayfront Community Redevelopment Agency.

The City reports the following major enterprise fund:

- The Utilities Fund, accounts for the fiscal activities of the City's water and wastewater treatment and distribution operations as well as the funding and payment of related debt.
- The Solid Waste Fund is used to account for residential solid waste collection services administered by the City in partnership with Waste Management.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

- The Internal Service Funds account for certain activities of the City's risk management, employee benefit programs and its fleet operations. Activities include premium and benefit payments, legal expenses incurred related to activities not specifically covered by City insurance policies, collections of settlements or refunds from related cases, and charges to City departments for fleet services and a vehicle replacement program.
- The Pension Trust Fund accounts for the activities of the City's Police and Firefighters Retirement System, ("PBP&FPF") which accumulates resources for pension benefit payments to certain general government employees and qualified police and fire employees.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds and of the City's internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both *restricted* and *unrestricted* resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use *restricted* resources first for their intended purposes, and then *unrestricted* resources, as they are needed.

D. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, certificates of deposit, money market accounts, money market funds, Negotiable Order of Withdrawal, investments in the Florida State Board of Administration Local Government Pooled Investment Fund, and investments (including *restricted* position) with maturities of three months or less at the time of purchase.

E. Investments

Investments are stated at fair value, with the exception of investments in the Florida State Board of Administration Local Government Pooled Investment Funds ("SBA"), an external investment pool which is presented at share price. All fair market valuations are based on quoted market prices. SBA pool shares are based on amortized cost of the SBA's underlying portfolio.

F. Receivables

Property Taxes Receivable

Under Florida law, the assessment of all properties and the collection of all county, municipal and school board property taxes are consolidated in the offices of the County Property Appraiser and County Tax Collector. The laws of the State regulating tax assessments are also designed to assure a consistent property valuation method statewide. State Statutes permit municipalities to levy property taxes at a rate of up to 10 mills. The City's millage rate, on which tax collections in fiscal year 2016 are based, is 8.5000.

All real and tangible personal property taxes are due and payable on the levy date of November 1 of each year or as soon thereafter as the assessment roll is certified by the Brevard County Property Appraiser (levy date). The Brevard County Tax Collector collects and distributes all taxes. Taxes may be paid upon receipt of notice from the Tax Collector, with discounts at the rate of four percent (4%) if paid in the month of November, three percent (3%) if paid in the month of December, two percent (2%) if paid in the month of January, and one percent (1%) if paid in the month of February. Taxes paid during the month of March are without discount and all unpaid taxes on real and tangible property become delinquent on April 1 and a lien is executed on or before May 30. Property tax revenues are recognized in the fiscal year for which they are budgeted and also become due and payable. Virtually all unpaid taxes are collected via tax certificates sold on or prior to June 1; therefore, no material taxes are receivable at fiscal year end.

Accounts Receivable

Utilities Fund operating revenues are generally recognized on the basis of cycle billings rendered monthly. Revenues for services delivered during the last month of the fiscal year that have not been read by September 30 are accrued based on meter readings for the applicable consumption taken at the beginning of October and billed in October. Accounts receivable balances are shown net of the allowance for uncollectible accounts. The allowances are determined based on management estimates of uncollectible amounts.

G. Inventories and prepaid items

Inventories in the governmental, enterprise and internal service funds consist primarily of expendable supplies held for consumption. Inventories are valued at lower of cost or market, using the first-in /first-out ("FIFO") method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of a prepaid item is recorded as an expenditure/expense when consumed rather than when purchased.

H. Restricted Assets

The uses of certain assets of the Utilities Fund are restricted by specific provisions of bond resolutions and other agreements. Assets so designated are identified as restricted assets on the statement of net position.

I. Encumbrance

Encumbrance accounting is employed in the general, capital project and special revenue funds. Under this method, purchase orders contracts and other commitments outstanding at year-end do not constitute expenditures for liabilities. GASB 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, provides additional guidance on the classification within the Net Position section of the amounts that have been encumbered. Encumbrances of balances within the General fund are classified as assigned; Special Revenue and Capital Projects funds are classified as committed and restricted. These encumbrances are not separately stated in the financial statements.

J. Capital Assets

Capital assets include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, easements, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), and are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements. Property, plant, and equipment with initial, individual costs that equal or exceed \$5,000 and estimated useful lives of over one year are recorded as capital assets. Roads, bridges, and sidewalks are capitalized when their initial costs equal or exceed \$250,000 and have estimated useful lives of more than one year. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. In governmental funds, capital purchases (capital assets) are reported as expenditures.

Capital Assets are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings and Improvements	25-50
Utilities System	25-40
Infrastructure	15-20
Equipment	5-20
Vehicles	3-10

K. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, Deferred Outflows of Resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The City has two items that qualify for reporting in this category; they are deferred charge on refunding and deferred outflows related to pensions. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The deferred outflows related to pensions, pursuant to GASB 68 are unrealized contributions and losses related to pension costs. See Note 9 Employee Retirement Systems.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, Deferred Inflows of Resources, represents revenue collected that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as revenue until then. The City has three items in this category, which arises under both the full accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting; unavailable revenue regarding business tax licenses that have been paid in advance, deferred amounts related to pensions (difference between projected and actual earnings of plan investments) pursuant to GASB 68 and unamortized gain on refunding, pursuant to GASB 65.

L. Pension

For purpose of measuring the net pension liability (asset) and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's Fire and Police Retirement System and Florida Retirement System ('FRS") plans and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PBP&FPF and FRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

M. Amortization of Bond Discount and Premium

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the term of the bonds using the effective interest method.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing source. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures/ expenses when incurred.

N. Compensated Absences

All full-time permanent employees earn annual leave at a rate of 8 to 18 hours per month and earn sick leave at a rate of 8 to 15 hours per month, depending on length of service and position. The annual leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of 320 hours and the sick leave up to a maximum of 1,152 hours. If an employee terminates in good standing, unused annual leave will be paid up to a maximum of 320 hours. Sick leave will be paid up to a maximum of 1,152 hours.

The City records compensated absences in governmental funds as expenditures for the amount accrued during the year that would normally be liquidated with expendable, available financial resources and to the extent they are due as of the end of the fiscal year. The City accrues compensated absences in the period they are earned in the government-wide and enterprise fund financial statements.

O. Fair Value Measurement

The City categorizes its fair value measurements with the hierarchy established by GASB 72. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted process in active markets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

P. Capital Contributions

Capital Contributions consist of amounts from federal and state aid programs, developers, and water and sewer stabilization fees charged to customers for initial hookup to the Utilities System's water and sewer lines. Contributions are recognized when earned or when legal title is transferred to the City for contributed capital assets.

Q. Net Position

In the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund statements, net position is classified in the following categories:

Net Investment in Capital Assets – This category groups all capital assets, including infrastructure, into one component of net position. Accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of these assets reduce this category.

Restricted Net Position – This category represents the net position of the City, which is restricted by constraints placed on the use by external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, laws, regulations of other governments, through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted Net Position – This category represents the net position of the City, which can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants or other legal requirements or restrictions. Deficit unrestricted net position if any would require future funding.

R. Fund Balance

Nonspendable – This category includes items that are not in spendable form because they are either legally or contractually required to be maintained intact such as inventory, prepaid and long-term amounts of loans and notes receivable.

Restricted – Includes items that are restricted by external creditors, grantors or contributors, or restricted by legal constitutional provisions.

Committed – The portion of fund balance that can be constrained for a specific purpose imposed via resolution by the Palm Bay City Council (the highest level of decision-making authority). Commitment of fund balance may be made for such purposes as a) major maintenance and repair projects, b) meeting obligations resulting from a natural disaster, c) accumulating resources pursuant to stabilization arrangements, d) establishing reserves for disasters and or, e) for specific projects. Any changes or removal of committed fund balance must be sanctioned by the Palm Bay City Council through the same process that facilitated the original commitment.

Assigned – Includes items intended for specific uses and authorized by the City Manager and or Finance Director. The Palm Bay City Council designated the aforementioned representatives as the delegated officials that can assign portions of the fund balance as evidenced by Resolution 2011-34.

Unassigned – This is the residual classification used for those balances not *assigned* to another category in the General Fund. Deficit fund balance in other governmental funds is also presented as *unassigned*.

R. Fund Balance (Continued)

GASB 54 requires the highest legal authority to approve authorized commitments of fund balance and to approve who can authorize assignment of fund balance. On August 4, 2011, City Council by resolution 2011-34 authorized the Finance Director rights to assign resources and ending fund balances. GASB 54 also requires a spending policy to ending fund balances. The spending policy states in what order fund balance categories are spent. On August 4, 2011 by resolution 2011-34, the Council approved the following fund balance order of spending: (1) restricted fund balance first, and then (2) committed fund balance, then (3) assigned fund balance, and (4) unassigned fund balance. The General Fund maintains a minimum fund balance of 10% of the subsequent year's budgeted expenditures less capital outlay and transfers.

A detailed schedule of Governmental Fund Balances is presented below:

Detailed classifications of the City's Fund Balances, as of September 30, 2016, are as follows:

				ajor Funds ayfront						
			Co Rede	mmunity velopment	Co	BCRA onstruction	G	Nonmajor overnmental	G	Total overnmental
Function Balance Classification	Ger	eral Fund		Agency		Fund		Funds		Funds
Non-Spendable:										
Items not in spendable form:										
Inventory	\$	3,973	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,973
Land Held for Resale		-		-		-		15,500		15,500
Prepaid Items		35,029		1,789		-		-		36,818
Total Nonspendable Fund Balances		39,002		1,789		-		15,500		56,291
Restricted for:										
Debt Service		-		-		-		4,506,596		4,506,596
Citizen Services								22,963		22,963
Forfeited property		-		-		-		274,598		274,598
Redevelopment Activities		-		616,069		-		-		616,069
Other capital projects		-		-		1,069,477		3,114,434		4,183,911
Total Restricted Fund Balances		-		616,069		1,069,477		7,918,591		9,604,137
Committed to:										
Road Maintenance		-		-		-		2,946,470		2,946,470
Various Contracts		184,628		-				44,559		229,187
Total Committed Fund Balances		184,628		-		<u>-</u>	_	2,991,029		3,175,657
Assigned to:										
Various contracts		50,883		-		-		-		50,883
Citizen Services		-						647,747		647,747
Total Assigned Fund Balances		50,883				<u>-</u>	_	647,747	_	698,630
Unassigned:										
General government		8,900,069		-		-		-		8,900,069
Other governmental fund deficit residuals				-			_	(831,310)	_	(831,310)
Total Unassigned Fund Balances		8,900,069		-		-		(831,310)		8,068,759
Total Fund Balances	\$	9,174,582	\$	617,858	\$	1,069,477	\$	10,741,557	\$	21,603,474

S. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP") requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from management's estimates.

NOTE 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

A. Deficit Fund Equity

At September 30, 2016, the following funds of the City had deficit balances:

Special Revenue Funds:

Community Development Block Grant	(\$222,330)
Neighborhood Stabilization Program	(113)
Enviromental Fee Fund	(\$608,867)

Internal Service Funds:

Risk Management Fund (\$27,409)

The deficit in the Community Development Block Grant Fund is expected to be eliminated by future program revenue and grant reimbursement.

The deficit fund balance in the Neighborhood Stabilization Program will be eliminated by a transfer from General Fund.

The deficit in the Environment Fee Fund was a result of an upfront payment of mitigation costs which will be repaid with future dedicated revenue sources.

The deficit in the Risk Management Fund is a result of accruing legal costs associated with litigated transactions.

NOTE 3 – Deposits and Investments

A. Cash and Deposits

At September 30, 2016, the carrying amount of the City's cash deposit accounts was \$18,316,987, and the bank balance was \$13,801,505. The City's cash deposits are held by a bank that qualifies as a public depository under the Florida Security for Public Deposits Act as required by Chapter 280, Florida Statutes. The City's cash deposits are fully insured by the Public Deposits Trust Fund.

Cash Equivalents consist of amounts placed with Florida Education Investment Trust Fund \$13,307,040, and US Bank Money Market Account \$53,506. The City is also invested in the State Board of Administration's (SBA) Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund investment pool, the Florida Prime Fund, created by Section 218.405, Florida Statutes. The Florida Prime Fund operates under investment guidelines established by Section 215.47, Florida Statutes. The City's investment in the Florida PRIME Fund was \$13,416,431.

B. Investment Portfolio

On September 20, 2012, the City of Palm Bay adopted a revised comprehensive investment policy pursuant to Section 218.415, Florida Statutes that updated permitted investments, asset allocation limits, issuer limits, credit rating requirements, and maturity limits to protect the City's cash and investment assets. The City maintains a common cash and investment pool for the use of all funds.

B. Investment Portfolio (Continued)

Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, limits the types of investments that a government can invest in unless specifically authorized in an investment policy. The City's investment policy allows for the following investments: The Florida PRIME Fund ("SBA"), United States Government Securities, United States Government Agencies, Federal Instrumentalities, Mortgage Backed Securities, Interest Bearing Time Deposit and Saving Accounts, Repurchase Agreements, Commercial Paper, Corporate Notes, Bankers' Acceptances, State and/or Local Government Taxable and/or Tax-Exempt Debt, Registered Investment Companies Money Market Mutual Funds and Intergovernmental Investment Pools.

As of September 30, 2016, the City had the following investment types and weighted average maturity presented in terms of years:

		Weighted Average
Security Type	Fair Value	Duration (Years)
U.S. Treasury Notes	\$ 4,630,545	1.66
Federal Instrumentalities - Notes	7,139,326	2.18
Municipal Obligations	275,113	0.09
Commercial Paper	2,582,694	0.54
Corporate Notes	2,184,255	1.58
Florida Education Investment Trust Fund *	13,307,040	47 days
Florida Prime ("SBA") Fund **	13,416,431	28 days
US Bank Money Market Account	53,506	0.003
Less: Amounts reported as cash and cash equivalents	(26,776,977)	
Total	\$ 16,811,933	0.71

- * The Florida Education Investment Trust Fund's Fact Sheet as of September 30, 2016 provided the Weighted Average Maturity (represented in days).
- ** Florida Prime (SBA)'s September 30, 2016 Monthly Summary Report available on the website, https://www.sbafla.com/prime/, is the source of the Fund's Weighted Average Maturity (represented in days).

C. Interest Rate Risk

The City's investment policy sets limits for investment maturities to match known cash needs and anticipated cash flow requirements. Investments of current operating funds shall have maturities of no longer than five (5) years. Investments of bond reserves, construction funds, and other non-operating funds, "core funds", shall have a term appropriate to the need for funds and in accordance with debt covenants, but in no event shall exceed five (5) years. The maturities of the underlying securities of a repurchase agreement will follow the requirements of the Master Repurchase Agreement. The City utilizes "weighted average duration" as a measurement of interest rate risk and as of September 30, 2016, the investment portfolio had a weighted average duration of 0.71 years.

The City has a Corporate Note with an embedded option consisting of the option at the discretion of the issuer to call their obligation or pay a stated increase in the interest rate. The following details the embedded option:

		Maturity				
CUSIP	Description	Date	Call Date	Call Schedule	Mai	rket Value
06406HDB2	Bk of NY Mellon (Callable)	05/22/18	04/22/18	Continuous	\$	301,788
Total					\$	301,788

The City has no Federal Instrumentalities Mortgage pass-through securities.

D. Credit Risk

The City's investment policy permits the following investments, which are limited to credit quality ratings from nationally recognized rating agencies as described below.

Florida PRIME shall be rated "AAAm" by Standard & Poor's or the equivalent by another Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organization ("NRSRO") and the published objectives of the fund must agree with the Securities and Exchange Commission investment requirement for 2a-7.

Commercial paper of any United States company that is rated, at the time of purchase, "Prime-1" by Moody's and "A-1" by Standard & Poor's (prime commercial paper).

Corporate notes issued by corporations organized and operating within the United States or by depository institutions licensed by the United States that have a long term debt rating, at the time of purchase, at a minimum within the single "A" category by any two NRSROs .

Bankers' Acceptances which are issued by a domestic bank or a federally chartered domestic office of a foreign bank, which are eligible for purchase by the Federal Reserve System, at the time of purchase, the short-term paper is rated, at a minimum, "P-1" by Moody's and "A-1" Standard & Poor's.

State and/or local government taxable and/or tax-exempt debt, general obligation and/or revenue bonds, rated at the time of purchase, at a minimum within the single "A" category by any two NRSROs, for long-term debt, or rated at least "MIG-1" by Moody's and "SP-1" by Standard & Poor's for short-term debt.

Registered Investment Companies (Money Market Mutual Funds) shares in open-end and no-load funds are registered under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940 and operated in accordance with 17 C.F.R. § 270.2a-7. The money market funds shall be rated "AAAm" or better by Standard & Poor's or the equivalent by another NRSRO.

Intergovernmental Investment Pools that are authorized pursuant to the Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act, as provided in Section 163.01, Florida Statutes. Intergovernmental investment pools shall be rated "AAAm" or better by Standard & Poor's or the equivalent by another NRSRO.

As of September 30, 2016, the City had the following credit exposure as a percentage of total investments:

Security Type	Credit Rating	% of Portfolio
U.S. Treasury Notes	AA+	10.62%
Federal Instrumentalities - Notes	AA+	16.38%
Municipal Obligations	AA-	0.63%
Commercial Paper	A-1+	2.73%
Commercial Paper	A-1	3.20%
Corporate Notes	AAA	0.23%
Corporate Notes	AA+	1.42%
Corporate Notes	AA-	1.38%
Corporate Notes	A+	0.60%
Corporate Notes	Α	1.38%
Florida Education Investment Trust Fund *	AAAm	30.53%
Florida Prime ("SBA") Fund **	AAAm	30.78%
US Bank Money Market Account	N/A	0.12%
Total		100%

D. Credit Risk (Continued)

- * The Florida Education Investment Trust Fund's Fact Sheet as of September 30, 2016 provided the Credit Rating from Standard & Poor's.
- ** Florida Prime (SBA)'s September 30, 2016 Monthly Summary Report available on the website, https://www.sbafla.com/prime/, is the source of the Fund's Credit Rating from Standard & Poor's.

E. Custodial Credit Risk

The City's investment policy, pursuant to Section 218.415(18), Florida Statutes, requires securities, with the exception of certificates of deposits, shall be held with a third party custodian; and all securities purchased by, and all collateral obtained by the City should be properly designated as an asset of the City. The securities must be held in an account separate and apart from the assets of the financial institution. A third party custodian is defined as any bank depository chartered by the Federal Government, the State of Florida, or any other state or territory of the United States which has a branch or principal place of business in the State of Florida as defined in Section 658.12, Florida Statutes, or by a national association organized and existing under the laws of the United States which is authorized to accept and execute trusts and which is doing business in the State of Florida. Certificates of deposits maintained by book-entry at the issuing bank shall clearly identify the City as the owner.

As of September 30, 2016, the City's investment portfolio was held with a third-party custodian as required by the City's investment policy.

F. Concentration of Credit Risk

The City's investment policy has established asset allocation and issuer limits on the following investments, which are designed to reduce concentration of credit risk of the City's investment portfolio.

A maximum of 25% of available funds may be invested in the Florida PRIME Fund ("SBA"), 100% of available fund may be invested in United States Government Securities, 50% of available funds may be invested in United States Government Agencies with a 25% limit on individual agency, 80% of available funds may be invested in Federal Instrumentalities with a 50% limit on individual instrumentalities, 20% of available funds may be invested in Mortgage Backed Securities with a 15% limit on individual issuers, 40% of available funds may be invested in interest bearing time deposit or savings accounts with a 15% limit on individual issuers, a maximum of 50% of available funds may be invested in repurchase agreements excluding one (1) business day agreements and overnight sweep agreements with a 25% limit on any one institution, 25% of available funds may be directly invested in prime commercial paper with a 10% limit on individual issuers, 15% of available funds may be invested in Corporate notes with a limit of 5% with any one corporate issuer, 25% of available funds may be directly invested in Bankers' Acceptances with a 10% limit on individual issuers, a maximum of 20% of available funds may be invested in State and/or Local Government Taxable and/or Tax-Exempt Debt with a 5% limit on individual issuers, a maximum of 50% of available funds may be invested in Registered Investment Companies (Money Market Mutual Funds) with a limit of 30% with any one money market fund, a maximum of 25% may be invested in intergovernmental investment pools.

F. Concentration of Credit Risk (Continued)

As of September 30, 2016, the City had the following issuer concentration based on fair value:

Security Type	Fair Value		% of Portfolio	
U.S. Treasury Notes	\$	4,630,545	27.54%	
Federal Home Loan Bank Notes (FHLB)		3,750,542	22.31%	
Federal National Mortgage Association Notes (FNMA)		2,708,144	16.11%	
Freddie Mac Notes (FHLMC)		680,640	4.05%	
Apple Inc. Corporate Notes		169,332	1.01%	
Bank of New York Mellon (Callable) Corporate Notes		301,788	1.80%	
American Honda Finance Corporate Notes		261,069	1.55%	
HSBC USA Corporate Notes		300,615	1.79%	
IBM Corporate Notes		474,938	2.83%	
Microsoft Corporate Notes		99,681	0.59%	
Toyota Motor Credit Corporate Notes		125,469	0.75%	
Exxon Mobil Corporate Notes		451,363	2.68%	
California State Taxable GO Bonds		275,113	1.64%	
Bank of Tokyo Mitsubishi Commercial Paper		448,186	2.67%	
BNP Paribas NY Branch Commercial Paper		497,760	2.96%	
JP Morgan Commercial Paper		446,936	2.66%	
Toyota Motor Credit Commercial Paper		1,189,812	7.08%	
	\$	16,811,933	100.00%	

G. Fair Value Measurement and Application

Investments are carried at fair value as defined in GASB Statement 72 "Fair Value Measurement and Application". Consistent with GASB 72, the City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy. The City has the following fair value measurements as of September 30, 2016.

			alue Measurements Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets	J	Using Significant Other Observable Inputs	
Investments by fair value level	9/30/2016	Level 1			Level 2	
U.S. Treasury securities	\$ 4,630,545	\$	4,630,545	\$	-	
Federal Agencies and Instrumentalities	7,139,326		-		7,139,326	
Municipal securities	275,113		-		275,113	
Commercial paper	2,582,694		-		2,582,694	
Corporate notes	2,184,255		-		2,184,255	
Total investments by fair value level	16,811,933		4,630,545		12,181,388	

Level 1 inputs are measured at quoted prices. Level 2 inputs utilize pricing models of similar securities. This includes basing value or yield currently available on comparable securities of issues with similar credit rating.

Level 3 inputs are not traded in an active market. No significant observable market inputs are available as of the reporting date.

G. Investments – Fair Value Measurement and Application (Continued)

The cash equivalents measured at amortized cost meet the requirements under GASB 79, and GASB 31 to be valued at cost and not fair value. Florida Prime Fund, intergovernmental investment pool and money market account have no unfunded commitments and are redeemed daily with a 1-day minimum holding period.

Investments regarding the City's Police and Fire Pension Plan had the following fair value measurements as of September 30, 2016.

				Fair Val Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical		easurement Usi Significant Other Observable	;	Significant Other nobservable	
			Assets			Inputs		Inputs	
Investments by fair value level		9/30/2016		Level 1		Level 2	Level 3		
U.S. Treasury securities	\$	26,441,450	\$	-	\$	26,441,450	\$	-	
Common Stock		58,320,706		57,983,490		337,216		-	
Corporate Bonds		12,974,156		-		12,974,156		-	
Real Estate Funds		18,947,829		-		-		18,947,829	
Convertible Securities		13,898,928		1,897,555		12,001,373		-	
Domestic Equity Funds		110,481		-		110,481			
Total Investmements by net fair value level		130,693,550		59,881,045		51,864,676		18,947,829	

Investments measured at net asset value ("NAV")

Domestic Equity Funds	9,504,273
International Equity Funds	21,208,845
Bond Funds	59,447
Master Limited Partnership	6,086,431
Total investments measured at NAV	36,858,996
Total investments	\$ 167,552,546

The Plan's valuation methods for investments measured at the net asset value ("NAV") per share (or its equivalent) as of September 30, 2016 are as follows:

Investments Measured at the NAV											
			Unfunded		Redemption	Redemption					
			Commitments		Frequency	Notice Period					
Mutual funds	\$	24,439,792	\$	-	Daily	Same Day					
Commingled domestic equity funds		12,419,204			Monthly	Up to 15 Days					

\$

36.858.996

H. Investments – Investment in Palm Bay Retirement System

1. Investment Authorization

Total investments measured at the NAV

The Palm Bay Retirement System's (the "Plan") investment policy is determined by the Board of Trustees (the "Board"). The policy has been identified by the Board as having the greatest expected investment return, and the resulting positive impact on asset values, funded status, and benefits, without exceeding a prudent level of risk. The Board determined this policy after evaluating the implications of increased investment return versus increased variability of return for a number of potential investment policies with varying commitments to stocks and bonds. The primary investment objective of the plan is the

H. Investments – Investment in Palm Bay Retirement System (Continued)

1. <u>Investment Authorization (Continued)</u>

preservation of invested capital. The secondary objective is to achieve moderate long-term real growth of the assets while minimizing the volatility of returns.

The Trustees are authorized to acquire and retain every kind of property, real, personal or mixed, and every kind of investment specifically including, but not by way of limitation, bonds, debentures, and other corporate obligations, and stocks, preferred or common, which persons of prudence, discretion and intelligence acquire or retain for their own account. Investment in all equity securities shall be limited to those listed on a major U.S. stock exchange and limited to no more than 75% (at market) of the Plan's total asset value with no more than 5% at cost value of an investment manager's equity portfolio invested in the shares of a single corporate issuer. Investments in stocks of foreign companies shall be limited to 25% (at market) of the investment portfolio. Convertible securities shall be limited to 25% of the Plan's total portfolio. Investment in equity securities whose market capitalization is less than \$3 billion dollars shall be limited to 25% of the total equity portfolio. Investments in those corporations whose stock has been publicly traded for less than one year are limited to 15% of the equity portfolio.

The fixed income portfolio shall be comprised of securities rated "BBB" or higher by Standard & Poor's or Baa or higher by Moody's rating services with no more than 10% at cost of an investment manager's total fixed income portfolio invested in the securities of any single corporate issuer. However, investments in securities rated below "A" shall be limited to 20% of the total fixed income portfolio.

Investments in Collateralized Mortgage Obligations (CMOs) shall not exceed 25% of the fixed income portfolio and real estate shall not exceed 15% of the portfolio or market, respectively.

The Plan has contracts with investment counselors who supervise and direct the investment of equity and fixed income securities. In this regard, the Plan does utilize mutual funds as the investment vehicles for all its fixed income investments. In addition, the Plan utilizes an investment advisor who monitors the investing activity. The investments owned are held by custodians in the name of the Plan.

2. Types of Investments

Florida Statutes and Plan investment policy authorize the Trustees to invest funds in various investments. The current target and actual allocation of these investments at market are as follows:

Authorized Investments	Target % of Portfolio	Actual % of Portfolio
Domestic equities	35%	39%
Fixed income	25%	23%
International equities	15%	12%
Real estate	10%	11%
Convertible securities	10%	8%
Master limited partnership	5%	3%
Cash equivalents	0%	4%
	100%	100%

H. Investments – Palm Bay Retirement System (Continued)

3. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in the market interest rates. As a means of limiting its exposure to interest rate risk, the Plan diversifies its investments by security type and institution, and limits holdings in any one type of investment with any one issuer with various durations of maturities.

H. Investments – Investment in Palm Bay Retirement System (Continued)

3. Interest Rate Risk (Continued)

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the Plan's investments to market interest rate fluctuations are provided by the following tables that show the distribution of the Plan's investment by maturity at September 30, 2016:

	Investment Maturities (in Years)												
Investment Type		Fair Value	Less Than 1			1 to 5		6 to 10	More Than 10				
U.S. Treasuries	\$	15,657,200	\$	1,942,745	\$	9,517,075	\$	2,166,710	\$	2,030,670			
U.S. Agencies		10,784,250		-		-		-		10,784,250			
Debt Securities		12,974,156		131,385		2,020,072		4,293,545		6,529,154			
Bond Funds		59,447		-		-		-		59,447			
Total Fixed Income	\$	39,475,053	\$	2,074,130	\$	11,537,147	\$	6,460,255	\$	19,403,521			

4. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that a security or a portfolio will lose some or all of its value due to a real or perceived change in the ability of the issuer to repay its debt. This risk is generally measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The Plan's investment policy utilizes portfolio diversification in order to control this risk.

The following tables disclose credit ratings by investment type, at September 30, 2016 as applicable:

		Percentage of
Quality Rating of Credit Risk Debt Securities	Fair Value	Portfolio
Government	\$ 26,441,450	66.98%
AAA	2,793,111	7.08%
AA+	106,727	0.27%
AA	386,568	0.98%
AA-	1,053,145	2.67%
A+	135,499	0.34%
A	323,546	0.82%
A-	1,569,781	3.98%
BB+	161,081	0.41%
BB	233,553	0.59%
BBB+	1,585,365	4.02%
BBB	2,385,082	6.04%
BBB-	1,954,244	4.95%
Other	345,901	0.87%
Total Fixed Income Securities	\$ 39,475,053	100%

5. Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the Plan contains limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer as well as maximum portfolio allocation percentages. There were no individual investments that represent 5% or more of plan net position at September 30, 2016.

H. Investments – Palm Bay Retirement System (Continued)

6. Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits are exposed to custodial risk if they are uninsured and uncollateralized. Custodial risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Plan will not be able to recover the value of its

investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Investment securities are exposed to custodial risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the Plan and are held either by the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the Plan's name.

Consistent with the Plan's investment policy, substantially all the investments are held by Plan's custodial bank and registered in the Plan's name. All the Plan's deposits are insured and or collateralized by a financial institution separate from the Plan's depository financial institution.

7. Rate of Return

For the year ended September 30, 2016, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense was 9.81% for Police Officers, 8.44% for Firefighters and 10.02% for General. The money weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amount invested.

NOTE 4 - Receivables

The City's receivables as of September 30, 2016 are summarized as follows:

		Primary G	nment		
	Go	vernmental	Βu	siness-type	Total
Accounts Receivable:					
Accounts receivable	\$	2,708,048	\$	10,033,270	\$ 12,741,318
Due from other Governments		2,851,804		-	2,851,804
Assessments Receivables		-		2,721,145	2,721,145
		5,559,852		12,754,415	18,314,267
Less: Allowances for Uncollectibles		-		(189,179)	(189,179)
Accounts receivable, net	\$	5,559,852	\$	12,565,236	\$ 18,125,088

	Other Internal						
	Ge	neral Fund	G	Sovernmental		Service	Total
Accounts Receivable:							
Accounts receivables	\$	2,603,041	\$	5,480	\$	99,527	\$ 2,708,048
Due from State of Florida		2,520,725		294,594		-	2,815,319
Due from Brevard County		32,947		-		-	32,947
Due from Other Governments		3,538		-		-	3,538
Governmental receivable, net	\$	5,160,251	\$	300,074	\$	99,527	\$ 5,559,852

NOTE 4 - Receivables (Continued)

The City's Utilities Fund provides water, sewer and stormwater services to residents in the City. Customers routinely receive services in advance during the ordinary course of business; however, customers' deposits are available to be applied against amounts owed. Accounts receivable in the Utilities Fund at September 30, 2016 is summarized as follows:

	Utilities Fund			Solid Waste		Enterprise	•	
	(Major Fund)			(Major Fund)	(N	lonmajor Fund)		Total
Accounts Receivable:								
Accounts receivables	\$	4,854,339	\$	597,756	\$	2,501,695	\$	7,953,790
Unbilled receivables		2,079,480		-		-		2,079,480
Assessments receivables		2,721,145		-		-		2,721,145
		9,654,964		597,756		2,501,695		12,754,415
Less: Allowances for uncollectibles		(189,179)		-		-		(189,179)
Business-type receivable, net	\$	9,465,785	\$	597,756	\$	2,501,695	\$	12,565,236

NOTE 5 – Restricted Assets

The use of certain Utilities Fund assets is restricted by specific provisions of the bond resolution authorizing the issuance of the utilities revenue and refunding bonds. In addition, the City restricts funds available for repayment of customer deposits as well as funds required to be placed in special construction accounts, as required by state statutes. Restricted assets at September 30, 2016 are as follows:

Account Description:	Cash and Cash Equivalents					
Current:	<u> </u>	· Equivalento				
Customer Deposits	\$	2,275,260				
Total Current Restricted Assets		2,275,260				
Noncurrent:						
Renewal, Replacement and Improvement		7,504,146				
Connection Fees		5,982,330				
Debt Service Reserve		2,170,250				
Total Noncurrent Restricted Assets		15,656,726				
Total Restricted Assets- Business-type Activities	\$	17,931,986				

NOTE 6 - Interfund Transfers, Receivables and Payables

Individual Interfund transfers at September 30, 2016 are presented on the table that follows:

						Tra	nsfers In							_	
					Bayfront										
			Nonmajor		Community		Building						Internal	Tot	al Transfers
Transfers Out	General	Go	overnmental	R	Redevelopment	In	spections	Utilities		Stormwater		Service			Out
General	\$ -	\$	7,564,616	\$	31,003	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,037,445	\$	8,633,064
Nonmajor Governmental	49,189		1,370,494		-		9,975		-		1,282		198,541		1,629,481
Building Inspections	29,220		-		-		-		-		-		-		29,220
Utilities	1,251,896		-		-		-		9,282,186		-		-		10,534,082
Stormwater	218,352		-		1,325		-		53,708		-		713		274,098
Solid Waste	58,800		-		-		-		8,194		-		-		66,994
Internal Service	526,301		19,200		71,910		-		-		-		323,282		940,693
Total Transfers In	\$ 2,133,758	\$	8,954,310	\$	104,238	\$	9,975	\$	9,344,088	\$	1,282	\$	1,559,981	\$	22,107,632

The transfer of approximately \$1.2 million to the General Fund represents annual return on investments (ROI). This amount is based on a percentage of the Utility System's total gross capital assets and is equivalent to payment in lieu of taxes (PILOT). Transfers to nonmajor funds totaling \$9.1 million covered debt service obligations and Road Program projects. Transfers within utilities in the amount of \$9.3 million covered debt service obligations, supported capital improvement projects and maintained fund balance in accordance with established policies. Internal Services transfers in included \$690K for the vehicles, machine and equipment and an additional \$346K for debt service obligations from the General Fund.

Advances to/from other funds at September 30, 2016 were as follows:

- \$1,385,083 Balance of a loan from the Utilities Fund to the Fleet Services Fund in 2004 to fund capital acquisitions. In FY14, Council approved Resolution 2013-26, which restructured the loan resulting in a fixed interest rate of 2.35%.
- \$609,000 Balance of funds advanced by the Building Inspection Fund in FY07 to the Environmental Fee fund to cover the cost of a Federal Fish and Wildlife permit granted by the U.S. Department of Interior.
- \$117,476 Balance of loan from Utilities Fund to Stormwater Fund in FY15 to cover the cost to refund stormwater fees to certain governmental agencies as established by Resolution 2014-41.
- \$248,023 Funds advanced by the Building Inspection Fund to Fleet Services Fund to cover capital equipment purchases.
- \$502,961 Funds advanced by Building Inspection to General Fund to cover the cost of police radio consoles and Microsoft Enterprise Software.

Due to/from other funds balances consist of amounts from General Fund (\$215,600) to Community Development Block Grant and Neighborhood Stabilization Program to cover deficit balances.

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NOTE 7 – Capital Assets

A. Changes in Capital Assets

The following tables show the changes in capital assets by governmental activities and business-type activities. Governmental activities include the capital assets for the Internal Service Funds.

Governmental Activities	Beginning Balance 9/30/2015	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance 9/30/2016
	 3/30/2013	Increases	Decreases	3/30/2010
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 15,855,494	\$ 1,808,998	\$ (490,046)	\$ 17,174,446
Construction In Progress	1,843,937	10,332,171	(3,789,143)	8,386,965
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	17,699,431	12,141,169	(4,279,189)	25,561,411
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:				
Buildings and Improvements	25,414,119	9,889,148	-	35,303,267
Machinery, Equipment and Vehicles	20,422,827	1,344,325	(958,673)	20,808,479
Infrastructure	110,316,541	4,763,925	(5,061,976)	110,018,490
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	156,153,487	15,997,398	(6,020,649)	166,130,236
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:				
Buildings and Improvements	(14,342,936)	(843,840)	-	(15,186,776)
Machinery and Equipment	(19,092,534)	(1,264,983)	958,673	(19,398,844)
Infrastructure	 (40,156,250)	(5,206,334)	5,061,976	(40,300,608)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(73,591,720)	(7,315,157)	6,020,649	(74,886,228)
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net	 82,561,767	8,682,241	-	91,244,008
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 100,261,198	\$ 20,823,410	\$ (4,279,189)	\$ 116,805,419

NOTE 7 – Capital Assets (Continued)

A. Changes in Capital Assets (Continued)

Business-type Activities		Ending Balance 9/30/2015		Increases		Decreases		Ending Balance 9/30/2016
Utility System								
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:								
Land	\$	4,904,079	\$	_	\$	-	\$	4,904,079
Construction In Progress	•	5,786,997	*	2,670,591	*	(5,032,798)	*	3,424,790
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated		10,691,076		2,670,591		(5,032,798)		8,328,869
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:								
Buildings and Improvements		2,863,766		-		-		2,863,766
Water and Sewer System		157,445,357		5,211,472		(1,659,329)		160,997,500
Machinery and Equipment		3,938,296		207,168		(123,802)		4,021,662
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated		164,247,419		5,418,640		(1,783,131)		167,882,928
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:								
Buildings and Improvements		(1,179,281)		(69,452)		-		(1,248,733)
Water and Sewer System		(57,490,419)		(4,171,360)		1,659,329		(60,002,450)
Machinery and Equipment		(3,261,558)		(194,381)		123,802		(3,332,137)
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(61,931,258)		(4,435,193)		1,783,131		(64,583,320)
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net		102,316,161		983,447		-		103,299,608
Utility System Capital Assets, Net	\$	113,007,237	\$	3,654,038	\$	(5,032,798)	\$	111,628,477
Solid Waste Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:								
Machinery and Equipment Less Accumulated Depreciation For:	\$	2,560,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,560,000
Machinery and Equipment		(1,280,000)		(256,000)		-		(1,536,000)
Solid Waste Capital Assets, Net	\$	1,280,000	\$	(256,000)	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	1,024,000

NOTE 7 – Capital Assets (Continued)

A. Changes in Capital Assets (Continued)

Business-type Activities	 Ending Balance 9/30/2015	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance 9/30/2016
Stormwater Utility				
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 19,802	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 19,802
Construction in Progress	 250	2,137	-	2,387
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:	20,052	2,137	-	22,189
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:				
Infrastructure	157,636	-	-	157,636
Machinery and Equipment	2,157,458	-	(137,970)	2,019,488
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	2,315,094	-	(137,970)	2,177,124
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:				
Machinery and Equipment	(1,925,296)	(61,595)	137,970	(1,848,921)
Infrastructure	(1,416)	(1,415)	•	(2,831)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(1,926,712)	(63,010)	137,970	(1,851,752)
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net	 388,382	(63,010)	-	325,372
Stormwater Utility Capital Assets, Net	\$ 408,434	\$ (60,873)	\$ -	\$ 347,561
Building Inspections Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:				
Machinery and Equipment	\$ -	\$ 8,660	\$ -	\$ 8,660
Building Inspections Capital Assets, Net	\$ -	\$ 8,660	\$ -	\$ 8,660

NOTE 7 – Capital Assets (Continued)

A. Changes in Capital Assets (Continued)

Shown below is a summary of depreciation expense by function. Depreciation expense for the internal service funds are included in the governmental activities amounts.

Depreciation Expense By Function

Governmental Activities:	
General Government	\$ 850,143
Public Safety	969,540
Physical Environment	570,447
Transportation	4,517,304
Economic Environment	-
Culture/Recreation	 407,723
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 7,315,157
Business-type Activities:	
Utility System	\$ 4,435,193
Stormwater	63,010
Solid Waste Fund	 256,000
Total Business-type Activities	\$ 4,754,203

B. Construction Commitments

Projects	Sp	ent-to-Date	Remaining ommitment
Public Works Road Maintenance Program	\$	2,008,693	\$ 78,084
Utility Improvements South Regional Water Reclamation Facility Waste & Wastewater Processing Improvements		20,045 2,112,774	379,955 7,058,678
Total	\$	4,141,512	\$ 7,516,717

NOTE 8 - Long Term Debt

A. Schedule of Changes in Long-Term Debt

The following is a schedule of changes in the City's long-term debt for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016:

Governmental Activities:	Balance 9/30/15	Additions	Reductions	Balance 9/30/16			Long-Term Portion
Bonds Payable							
Revenue Bonds	76,618,088	\$ 15,375,000	\$ 15,612,547	\$ 76,380,541	\$	842,506	\$ 75,538,035
Add Premium	373,121	547,652	399,200	521,573		-	521,573
Less Deferred Amounts:							
For Issuance Discounts	(13,701)	-	(856)	(12,845)		-	(12,845)
Total Bonds Payable	76,977,508	15,922,652	16,010,891	76,889,269		842,506	76,046,763
Notes Payable	12,675,000	-	1,680,000	10,995,000		1,371,000	9,624,000
Capital Leases	965,385	754,000	336,549	1,382,836		588,895	793,941
OPEB Obligation	2,153,422	336,542	-	2,489,964		-	2,489,964
Compensated Absences	4,822,619	3,599,906	3,290,559	5,131,966		821,115	4,310,851
Claims Payable	2,450,000	539,625	-	2,989,625		825,785	2,163,840
Total Governmental Activities	100,043,934	\$ 21,152,725	\$ 21,317,999	\$ 99,878,660	\$	4,449,301	\$ 95,429,359
Business-type Activities:							
<u>Utility System</u>							
Bonds Payable:							
Revenue Bonds	27,032,579	\$ -	\$ 17,067,371	\$ 9,965,208	\$	962,565	\$ 9,002,643
For Bond Discounts	(92,436)	-	(80,957)	\$ (11,479)		-	(11,479)
Total Bonds Payable	26,940,143	-	16,986,414	9,953,729		962,565	8,991,164
Notes Payable	28,000,000	13,190,000	3,990,000	37,200,000		4,835,000	32,365,000
OPEB Obligation	468,933	70,851	-	539,784		-	539,784
Compensated Absences	741,984	548,075	595,428	694,631		111,141	583,490
Total Utility System	56,151,060	\$ 13,808,926	\$ 21,571,842	\$ 48,388,144	\$	5,908,706	\$ 42,479,438
Building Inspection							
OPEB Obligation	89,682	\$ 4,428	\$ -	\$ 94,110	\$	-	\$ 94,110
Compensated Absences	52,981	51,043	65,078	38,946		6,231	32,715
Total Building Inspection	142,663	\$ 55,471	\$ 65,078	\$ 133,056	\$	6,231	\$ 126,825
Stormwater Utility							
OPEB Obligation	211,072	\$ 26,569	\$ -	\$ 237,641	\$	-	\$ 237,641
Compensated Absences	188,749	166,240	243,418	111,571		17,851	93,720
Total Stormwater Utility	399,821	\$ 192,809	\$ 243,418	\$ 349,212	\$	17,851	\$ 331,361
Solid Waste							
Capital Leasees							
	1,369,194	\$ -	\$ 259,934	\$ 1,109,260	\$	269,086	\$ 840,174
OPEB Obligation	1,369,194 10,599	\$ - 4,428	\$ 259,934 -	\$ 1,109,260 15,027	\$	269,086	\$ 840,174 15,027
OPEB Obligation Compensated Absences		\$	\$ 259,934 - 16,550	\$	\$	269,086 - 3,044	\$

Internal service funds predominantly serve the governmental funds. Accordingly, long-term liabilities for them are included as part of the above totals for governmental activities. For governmental activities, claims and compensated absences are generally liquidated with resources from the General Fund. It is anticipated that future discharge of net pension and postemployment benefit obligations will also be liquidated with General Fund resources.

B. Bonds Payable

1. Governmental Activities

In September 2004, the City issued \$5,376,447 in special obligations bonds secured by pledged state revenue sharing monies, as defined in Chapter 218, Part II, Florida Statutes, in an amount of up to 50% of the state revenue monies received in the preceding fiscal year. Proceeds from the bonds were used to discharge the unfunded actuarial accrued pension liability of the Palm Bay Police and Firefighters Pension Plan. The bonds are payable solely from the state revenue sharing funds and are payable through 2032. Total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$7,871,020. For the current year, principal and interest of \$392,672 was paid. State revenue sharing monies received in 2016 were \$4,109,953.

The City has pledged public services tax revenues to repay \$5,485,000 in revenue bonds issued in October 2010. Proceeds from the bonds were used to finance the cost of expansion and improvement of the City Hall. The bonds are payable solely from public service tax revenues and are payable through 2041. Total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$10,301,048. Current year interest paid was \$318,877. Public services tax revenues were \$11,044,278.

The City has pledged certain designated revenues, to repay \$50,855,000 in revenue bonds issued November 2013. Proceeds from the bonds were used to a) refund the City's 2008 Series Pension Obligation Bonds and b) pay termination costs in connection with the associated interest rate SWAP agreement. The bonds are payable principally from communication service and public service tax revenues and payable through 2040. Total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$101,866,737. For the current year, interest of \$2,973,201 was paid. Designated Revenues were \$11,044,278.

In October 2015, the City issued Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2015, in the par amount of \$15,375,000 plus a premium of \$547,652, to advance refund the City's outstanding Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2006, and pay costs associated with the issuance of the Series 2015 Bonds. The Bonds have a maturity date of 2036, bear interest rates of 3.000% to 4.000%, and are due semi-annually on March 29 and September 28. The City will reduce its debt service payments over the next 21 years by over \$2.2 million, and achieve a net present value debt service savings of \$1.6 million. The City entered into an escrow deposit agreement whereby the deposits were irrevocably pledged to the payment of the principal of and interest on the Refunded Bonds. As such, the Series 2006 Bonds are considered defeased. The Series 2015 Bonds are payable from sales tax revenues and are payable through 2037. Principal and interest remaining on the Series 2015 Bonds is \$21,844,878. Total interest paid on the Refunding Bonds during the year was \$236,029. Sales tax revenues were \$5,900,650.

B. Bonds Payable (Continued)

1. Governmental Activities (Continued)

A summary of outstanding governmental bonds payable at September 30, 2016 is as follows:

Governmental Activities: Revenue Bonds:	Purpose of Issue	 Amount Issued	Amount Outstanding	Remaining Interest Rates (Percent)	Annual Maturity To
Taxable Special Obligation Bonds Series 2004	Discharging of unfunded actuarial accrued pension fund liability	\$ 5,376,447	\$ 4,665,541	4.800-6.040	2032
Public Service Tax Revenue Bonds Series 2010	Finance the cost of expansion and improvement of City Hall	5,485,000	5,485,000	3.063-6.395	2041
Taxable Special Obligation Refunding Bonds Series 2013	Refunding of '08 Pension Bonds and finance termination of SWAP	50,855,000	50,855,000	2.861-6.315	2041
Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2015 Total Governmental Activities	Refunding of '06 Sales Tax Bonds	15,375,000	15,375,000 \$ 76,380,541	3.000-4.000	2037

B. Bonds Payable (Continued)

2. Business-type Activities

All the outstanding bonds of the Utilities Fund are secured by the water and sewer net operating revenues. In addition, mainline extension charges and water connection fees are pledged for debt coverage.

The City has pledged future special assessment revenues to repay \$3,535,000 in utility special assessment bonds issued in June 2003. Proceeds from the bonds were used to finance water and sewer system improvements. The bonds are payable from proceeds derived from special assessments and are payable through 2025. Total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$2,233,220. Principal and interest paid for the current year was \$246,850. During fiscal year ended September 30, 2016, the City collected \$120,902 in special assessments leaving \$1,376,608 in assessments receivable, net of allowance for uncollectible accounts, to be collected by the City in future years.

The following is a summary of business-type activities bonds payable reflected in the City's Utilities Fund as of September 30, 2016:

Business-type Activities:	Purpose of Issue	Amount Issued	Amount Outstanding	Remaining Interest Rates (Percent)	Annual Maturity To
Revenue Bonds: Utility Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds Series 2001	Capital improvements to water system	\$ 21,311,958	\$ 8,130,208	5.000-5.250	2031
Utility Special Assessment Bonds Series 2003	Financing special assessments for water and sewer improvements	3,535,000	1,835,000	3.300-4.125	2025
Total Business-type Activities			\$ 9,965,208		

C. Debt Service Requirements

The following are the debt service requirements to maturity on the City's long term debt, excluding premiums and discounts, compensated absences as well as claims payable for governmental activities and business-type activities:

Governmental Activities:

Fiscal Year	Revenue/Refu	ınd	ing Bonds	Capita	l Le	eases	Notes Payable								
	Principal		Interest	Principal		Interest		Principal		Principal		Principal		Interest	Total
2017	\$ 842,506	\$	4,099,207	\$ 588,895	\$	17,334	\$	1,371,000	\$	256,816	\$ 7,175,758				
2018	833,913		4,081,782	532,524		9,832		1,400,000		225,312	7,083,363				
2019	1,407,056		4,050,896	261,417		3,309		1,433,000		192,902	7,348,580				
2020	1,469,722		4,012,133	-		-		1,463,000		159,774	7,104,629				
2021	1,511,409		3,967,128	-		-		1,503,000		125,223	7,106,760				
2022-2026	12,045,935		18,560,415	-		-		3,825,000		217,786	34,649,136				
2027-2031	15,815,000		14,432,593	-		-		-		-	30,247,593				
2032-2036	20,320,000		9,404,847	-		-		-		-	29,724,847				
2037-2041	22,135,000		2,894,141	-		-		-		-	25,029,141				
Total	\$ 76,380,541	\$	65,503,142	\$ 1,382,836	\$	30,475	\$	10,995,000	\$	1,177,813	\$ 155,469,807				

BusinessType Activities:

Fiscal Year	Capital	Lea	ise	Revenue/Re	func	ding Bonds		Notes Payable																		
	Principal		Interest	Principal		Interest		Principal		Principal		Principal		Principal		Principal		Principal		Principal		Principal		Interest		Total
2017	\$ 269,086	\$	34,191	\$ 962,565	\$	1,204,822	\$	4,835,000	\$	873,985	\$	8,179,649														
2018	278,560		24,717	925,747		1,240,178		4,945,000		763,693		8,177,895														
2019	288,367		14,910	890,672		1,272,304		5,065,000		650,557		8,181,810														
2020	273,247		4,757	864,082		1,304,337		5,175,000		534,405		8,155,828														
2021	-		-	824,560		1,340,354		5,295,000		415,425		7,875,339														
2022-2026	-		-	3,528,270		7,055,401		11,885,000		493,938		22,962,609														
2027-2031	 -		-	1,969,312		7,625,327		-		-		9,594,639														
	\$ 1,109,260	\$	78,574	\$ 9,965,208	\$	21,042,723	\$	37,200,000	\$	3,732,003	\$	73,127,769														

D. Debt Defeasance and Advance Refunding

The City advance refunds and/or defeases long-term debt primarily to reduce debt service requirements. As of September 30, 2016, the City has the following outstanding bonds, which were funded by the placement of assets in an irrevocable trust to be used for satisfying debt service requirements therefore the debt is not reported in the financial statements.

Description of Obligation	Year Defeased	 Original Issue	0	Amount utstanding
Series 2006 Sales Tax Bonds	2015	 18,365,000		15,050,000
		\$ 18,365,000	\$	15,050,000

E. Notes Payable

The Bayfront Community Redevelopment Agency ("BCRA") entered into a financial arrangement to enter into a special, limited obligation note with a financial institution for \$6,000,000 to fund redevelopment activities of the BCRA. Principal is due annually on August 1st and interest payments are due semi-annually on August 1st and February 1st of each year. The note is collateralized by a lien upon and pledge of ad valorem taxes designated for the BCRA. The principal balance outstanding as of September 30, 2016 is \$3,210,000.

In February 2009, the City issued a \$3,935,000 Special Assessment Note to finance improvements to the City's water and sewer system. The note is secured by a pledge of future special assessment revenues and has a final maturity date of 2024. Principal and interest remaining on the Note is \$3,164,672. Total principal and interest paid during the current year was \$394,482. During the fiscal year, the City collected assessments revenues in the amount of \$283,351 leaving a balance of \$1,224,700 in assessments receivable, net of allowance for uncollectible accounts.

In April 2014, the City issued a \$3,885,000 Local Option Gas Tax Refunding Note. Proceeds from the Note were used to advance refund outstanding Local Option Gas Tax Revenue Bond, Series 2004. The note which has a maturity date of 2021 bears a fixed interest rate of 1.290% and is due semi-annually on April 1 and October 1. The Note is secured by a pledge of Local Option Gas Tax revenues. Principal and interest remaining on the Note is \$3,140,001. The total principal and interest paid during the current year was \$626,996.

In April 2014, the City issued a \$28,800,000 Utility System Refunding Revenue Note, Series 2014. Proceeds from the Note were used to refund outstanding Utility System Refunding Bonds, Series, 2002, partially refund Utility System Refunding Bonds, Series 2003 and advance refund Utility Capital Improvement Bonds, Series 2004. The Note which has a maturity date of 2022 bears a fixed interest rate of 2.060% and is due semi-annually on April 1 and October 1. The Note is secured by pledged revenues from water and sewer connection fee. Principal and interest remaining on the Note is \$23,422,951. The total principal and interest paid during the current year was \$3,955,562

In May 2015, the City issued a \$4,744,000 Franchise Fee Revenue Note, Series, 2015. The proceeds of the Note were used to finance mitigation costs relative to the I-95 Interchange Capital Improvement Project. The note matures in 2026 and bears a fixed interest rate of 2.100%. Principal and interest remaining on the Note is \$5,259,214. The total principal and interest paid during the year was \$86,341.

E. Notes Payable (Continued)

In March 2016, the City issued a Utility System Revenue Refunding Note, Series 2016, in the par amount of \$13,190,000 less a Lender's Commitment Fee of \$32,975, to refund all the Utility System Capital Improvement Refunding Bonds, Series 2005B, and pay costs associated with the issuance of the Series 2016 Note. The City also contributed \$3,275,049 towards the escrow deposit. The Note, which has a maturity date of 2024, bears a fixed interest rate of 2.200%, and is due semi-annually on March 6 and September 6. The City will reduce its debt service payments over the next eight years by over \$4.2 million, and achieve a net present value debt service savings of \$1.4 million. The City entered into an Escrow Agreement which created an escrow fund irrevocably designated for the benefit of the holders of the Refunded Bonds. As such, the Series 2005B Bonds are considered defeased. Principal and interest remaining on the Series 2016 Refunding Note is \$14,344,380. Total principal and interest paid on the Refunding Note during the year was \$476,211.

The following is a summary of the City's notes payable as of September 30, 2016:

Governmental Activities:	Purpose of Issue		Amount Issue	0	Amount utstanding	Remaining Interest Rates (Percent)	Annual Maturity To
	1 41 5000 01 10040		10000	Ť	atotarianig	(i di ddiii)	
Bayfront Community Redevelopment Agency Note Series 2006	Funding redevelopment activites of the BCRA	\$	6,000,000	\$	3,210,000	4.100	2024
Local Option Gas Tax Refunding Note Series 2014	Refunding of the Local Option Gas		3,885,000		3,041,000	1.290	2021
Franchise Fee Revenue Note Series 2015	Financing of I-95 Interchange Mitigation costs		4,744,000		4,744,000	2.100	2026
Total Governmental Activities				\$	10,995,000		
Business-type Activities:	Purpose of Issue	ı	Amount Issue	-	Amount tstanding	Remaining Interest Rates (Percent)	Annual Maturity To
Business-type Activities: Utility Special Assessment Note Series 2009	Purpose of Issue Financing special assessments for water and sewer improvements	\$		Ou		Interest Rates	Maturity
Utility Special Assessment Note	Financing special assessments		Issue	Ou	tstanding	Interest Rates (Percent)	Maturity To
Utility Special Assessment Note Series 2009 Utility System Refunding Revenue Note	Financing special assessments for water and sewer improvements Financing special assessments		3,935,000	Ou	2,490,000	Interest Rates (Percent) 5.660	Maturity To 2024

F. Capital Lease Obligations

The City has entered into lease agreements as lessee for financing the acquisition of heavy transportation equipment, bunker gear and breathing apparatus for the Fire Department, and containers for the Sanitation Cart Program. These lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes and have been recorded at the present value of their future minimum lease payments.

Assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

Asset:	Governmental Activities	Ente	rprise Activities
Machinery and equipment	\$ 1,470,679	\$	2,560,000
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(666,336)		(1,536,000)
Net book value	\$ 804,343	\$	1,024,000

Future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of September 30, 2016 were as follows:

Governmental Activities			Enterprise Activities						
Fiscal Year			Fiscal Year						
2017	\$	606,230	2017	\$	303,277				
2018		542,356	2018		303,277				
2019		264,726	2019		303,277				
			2020		278,004				
Total minimum lease payment		1,413,312	Total minimum lease payment		1,187,835				
Less: amount representing interest		(30,476)	Less: amount representing interest		(78,575)				
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$	1,382,836	Present value of minimum lease payments	\$	1,109,260				

NOTE 9 – Employee Retirement Systems

All City of Palm Bay full-time employees participate in one of two retirement plans offered by the City. Full-time employees participate in either the Palm Bay Defined Contribution Retirement Plan or the Palm Bay Defined Benefit Police and Firefighters Retirement System. In addition, the City offers its elected officials membership in the Florida Retirement System.

A. Defined Contribution Retirement Plan

The City of Palm Bay's general employees' retirement plan is a defined contribution plan administered and maintained by ICMA Retirement Corporation. The City has no fiduciary responsibility for this plan and the assets of the plan are not reported as a pension trust fund. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. All full-time general employees are eligible to participate upon employment. Effective May 1, 2001, an executive plan was established which includes the City Manager, Deputy City Managers, City Clerk, City Attorney, Deputy City Attorney and all department heads except the police and fire department chiefs who are covered under the defined benefit plan. Employer contributions are vested according to the following schedule: 20% after one year of service and 20% per year thereafter until fully vested. Contributions under the plan were established by the Plan & Trust adoption agreement with ICMA Retirement Corporation and may be amended at the City's discretion.

As of December 2010, the City modified contributions for members covered under the executive plan (executive) and general employees (general). The City contributes a base of 3.75% for executive and 3% for general, to each individual's retirement account. The employee may elect to contribute an additional percentage of their salary, between 0%-9.75% and 0%-6%, for executive and general respectively. The City will match the employee contribution.

As of August 2010, the City's contribution for NAGE Blue and White employees was modified. The employer contributes a base of 3% to each individual's retirement account. The employee may elect zero to six percent (0-6%) to contribute to their account and the City will match the employee contribution.

In fiscal year 2016, employer and employee contributions to the ICMA defined contributions plan were 1,657,134 and \$718,207 respectively.

B. Defined Benefit Plan Palm Bay Police and Firefighter Plan

<u>Plan Description</u> - The City of Palm Bay maintains a single-employer defined benefit pension plan, which covers general employees, police officers and firefighters. The Plan for general employees is closed to new employees and consists of retirees only. Coverage for firefighters and police officers is administered by the Board of Trustees of the City of Palm Bay Police and Firefighters Retirement System (the "Plan"). The Plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefits under the plan are established in accordance with City Ordinance No. 74-9 as amended and certain provisions of Florida Statutes Chapters 185 (Police Officers) and 175 (Firefighters).

Benefit provisions of the Plan may be amended by the City Council, but may not be reduced below the minimum specified by Florida Statutes, unless the plan stops receiving 175 and 185 funds. The Plan issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing the Board of Trustees:

Board of Trustees of the City of Palm Bay Police and Firefighters Retirement System 1501 Robert J. Conlan Boulevard NE, Suite 240 Palm Bay, Florida 32905-3567 https://www.pbpfpf.org/

The Plan's Board of Trustee is comprised of 5 members.

- One Chairman Board Appointee
- One Vice Chairman Police Elected Representative
- One Secretary, Fire Elected Representative
- Two City Council Appointees

B. Defined Benefit Palm Bay Police and Firefighter Plan (Continued)

<u>Employees Covered</u> – Based on the Actuarial Valuation Report as of October 1, 2015 the following employees were covered by the benefit terms for the Plan:

	Police Officers	Fire Fighters	General Employees
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits and terminated employees entitled to benefits but			
not et receiving them	105	78	2
Current employees:			
Vested	97	76	-
Nonvested	42	32	<u> </u>
	139	108	-

<u>Benefits Provided</u> - All regular full-time certified police officers and firefighters are eligible to participate in the Plan.

Police officer members:

Normal retirement shall be the earlier of attainment of (1) age 55, (2) completion of 30 years credited service regardless of age, (3) age 52 with 25 years of credited service (4) for police officers who are employed on or after October 1, 2006 and retire after that date, 28 years of credited service, regardless of age, or (5) for police officers who are employed on or after April 5, 2012, completion of 25 years of credited service, regardless of age. Average Final Compensation (AFC) is one and a half times the average of the highest five years of the last ten years of credited service. Payments for used leave are not included in AFC.

Each police officer member with less than 20 years of credited service will have a monthly normal retirement benefit in an amount equal to 2% of the member's AFC multiplied by the member's credited service preformed prior to June 1, 1992 and 2½% of the member's AFC multiplied by the member's credited service performed on and after June 1, 1992. For members who have completed 20 years of credited service as sworn police officers, instead of the amount described in the previous sentence, the member's monthly normal retirement benefit shall be an amount equal to 3% of the member's AFC multiplied by the member's credited service plus 5% of AFC for service after 20 years to a maximum of 100% of the AFC upon completion of 28 years of service.

Firefighter members:

Tier One members - Firefighters hired prior to March 15, 2012.

Normal retirement shall be the earlier of attainment of (1) age 55, (2) completion of 25 years of credited service at 85% of AFC or 28 years regardless of age, or (3) age 52 with 25 years of credited service effective September 30, 2002. Average Final Compensation (AFC) is one and a half times the average of the highest five years of the last ten years of credited service. Payments for used leave are not included in AFC.

Each firefighter member with less than 20 years of credited service will have a monthly normal retirement benefit in an amount equal to 2% of the member's AFC multiplied by the member's credited service performed prior to October 1, 1991, and 2½% of the member's AFC multiplied by the member's credited service performed on and after October 1, 1991. For members who have completed 20 years of credited service as a firefighter, instead of the amount described in the previous sentence, the member's monthly normal retirement benefit shall be an amount equal to 3% of the member's AFC multiplied by the member's credited service plus 5% of AFC for service after 20 years to a maximum of 100% of the AFC upon completion of 28 years of service.

B. Defined Benefit Palm Bay Police and Firefighter Plan (Continued)

Benefits Provided - Firefighter members (Continued)

Tier Two members – Firefighters hired on or after March 12, 2012.

Normal retirement shall be the first day of the month coincident with or next following the completion of 25 years of credited regardless of age. Provided, however that a vested member who terminates prior to attaining 25 years of credited service shall be eligible for normal retirement benefits upon reaching age 55. Average Final Compensation (AFC) is one and a half times the average of the highest five years of the last ten years of credited service. Payments for unused leave are not included in AFC.

Each firefighter with less than 20 years of credited service will have a monthly normal retirement benefit in an amount equal to 2% of the member's AFC multiplied by the member's credited service. For members who have completed 20 years of credited service as a firefighter, instead of the amount described in the previous sentence, the member's monthly normal retirement benefit shall be an amount equal to 3.2% of AFC for service after 20 years to a maximum of 90% of the AFC, excluding supplemental benefits.

Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP):

Effective September 30, 2000 for police officers and September 30, 2001 for firefighters, members who continue in employment past the normal retirement date may either accrue larger pensions or freeze their accrued benefit and enter the DROP. Each participant in the DROP has an account credited monthly with benefits not received and quarterly with investment earnings net of expenses based on the Plan's earnings. The DROP is administered by the Board of Trustees. Participation in the DROP is limited to 60 months.

Supplemental Benefits

Police officer members:

Police officers who retire after October 1, 2006 receive a Supplemental Benefit equal to \$25 per month, times completed years of Credited Service. The benefit shall cease upon the retiree reaching age 65. Members approved for disability retirement are ineligible for the supplemental retirement benefit.

Firefighter members:

Tier One members

Firefighters receive a Supplemental Benefit of \$189 per month payable over the life of the retiree only. Firefighters who retire on or after October 1, 2006, receive \$458 per month, instead of \$189. Firefighters who terminate after October 1, 2007, receive a Supplemental Benefit equal to \$25 per month times years of credited service earned prior to March 15, 2012. Effective March 15, 2012, firefighters who have not attained age 55 with 10 or more years of credited service or 25 years of credited service regardless of age on that date who either terminate while vested or terminate upon reaching normal or early retirement shall receive a supplemental benefit of \$12 per month for each year of credited service. The benefit shall cease upon the retiree reaching the age of Medicare eligibility and members approved for disability retirement are ineligible for the supplemental retirement benefit.

Tier Two members

Firefighters are eligible to receive a Supplemental Benefit of \$12 per month for each year of credited service. The benefit shall commence upon entry into the DROP or upon receipt of a retirement benefit and separation from the City. This benefit shall only be payable over the life of the member, will cease upon the member reaching the age of Medicare eligibility and members approved for disability retirement are ineligible for the supplemental retirement benefit.

B. Defined Benefit Palm Bay Police and Firefighter Plan (Continued)

Benefits Provided – Supplementary Benefits (Continued)

Cost of Living Adjustment:

Police officer members:

The Plan provides for cost-of-living adjustment to police officers who retire or enter the DROP on or after September 30, 2000. The retirement benefits will increase by 3% each year commencing with the September 30th following three years of retirement.

Firefighter members:

Tier One members

The Plan provides for cost-of-living adjustment to firefighters who retire or enter the DROP on or after September 30, 2001. The retirement benefits will increase by 2% each year commencing with the September 30th following six years of retirement.

Tier Two members

The cost-of-living adjustment will increase by 3% commencing with September 30th following six years of retirement.

<u>Contributions</u> - Florida Statutes, Chapters 175 and 185 require members to contribute not less than 0.5% of their annual salary. The Plan, as approved by the City Council, requires member police officers and firefighters to contribute 8.76% of their base annual salary. Funding contributions are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of October 1 The City is required to contribute at an actuarially determined amount necessary to finance current costs and amortized unfunded past service cost as provided by Florida Statute, Chapter 112. The City made contributions of \$3,716,857 in fiscal year 2016.

Municipalities that have established pension plans complying with the provisions of Chapters 175 and 185, Florida Statutes, and that have enacted appropriate taxing legislation are eligible to receive revenues generated from excise taxes on gross receipts of certain insurance premiums from policyholders covering property within the City limits. These are the Firefighters' Pension Fund Excise Tax imposed on the gross receipts of property insurance policy premiums and the Police Officers' Pension Fund Excise Tax imposed on the gross receipts of casualty insurance policy premiums. State contributions from excise tax were \$1,244,750.

Net Pension Liability (Asset)

The City's net pension liability(asset) for each Plan is measured as the total pension liability less the pension fiduciary net position. The total pension liability, net pension liability(asset) and certain sensitivity information for each of Plan is measured as of October 1, 2015. The total pension liability was rolled forward from each valuation date to the Plan's fiscal year ending September 30, 2016 using generally accepted actuarial principles. Components of the net pension liability(asset) of the City at September 30, 2016 are as follows:

B. Defined Benefit Palm Bay Police and Firefighter Plan (Continued)

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u> - The total pension liabilities were determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2015 updated to September 30, 2016 using the following assumptions:

		Police Fire		General				
		Officers	Fighters	Employees				
Valuation Date		October 1, 2015	October 1, 2015	October 1, 2015				
Measurement Date		September 30, 2016	September 30, 2016	September 30, 2016				
Actuarial Cost Method		Entry Age Normal Cost	Entry Age Normal Cost	Entry Age Normal Cost				
Actuarial Assumptions								
	Discount Rate	7.75%	7.75%	7.75%				
	Inflation	2.70%	2.70%	2.70%				
	Payroll Growth	2.28%	0.21%	N/A				
	Projected Salary Increase	6.50%	6.50%	N/A				
	Investment Rate of Return	7.75%	7.75%	7.75%				
	Mortality	RP2000	RP2000	RP2000				
		(Combined Healthy)	(Combined Healthy)	(Combined Healthy)				
	Service Retirement	Members will retire at a rate of 5% per year prior to normal retirement						

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Mortality Table (combined) and based on a study of over 650 public safety funds. The table reflects a 10.00% margin for future mortality improvements, 75.00% of deaths are assumed to be service related. The actuarial assumptions used in the October 1, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial study dated May 14, 2015.

<u>Discount Rate</u> - The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments were determined using a building block method which best estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2016 are summarized in the following table:

Target	Long-Term Expected
Allocation	Real Rate of Return
35%	8.0%
25%	3.0%
10%	4.4%
15%	6.4%
10%	4.6%
5%	10.4%
100%	
	35% 25% 10% 15% 10% 5%

Police

NOTE 9 – Employee Retirement Systems (Continued)

B. Defined Benefit Palm Bay Police and Firefighter Plan (Continued)

<u>Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)</u>

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the Plan member's contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from the City will be made at statutorily required rates as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current Plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on pension Plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

<u>Changes in the Net Pension Liability(Asset</u>)- The changes in the Net Pension Liability(Asset) for The Plan as of the measurement date of September 30, 2016 are as follows:

1 01100					
7	Total Pension	Plan Fiduciary		١	Net Pension
	Liability	1	Net Position		Liability
	(a)		(b)		(a)-(b)
\$	101,473,437	\$	90,683,061	\$	10,790,376
	1,641,528		-		1,641,528
	8,013,990		-		8,013,990
	164,106		-		164,106
	(1,049,607)		-		(1,049,607)
	3,811,157		-		3,811,157
	-		1,651,022		(1,651,022)
	-		684,840		(684,840)
	-		589,865		(589,865)
	15,167		15,167		-
	-		8,778,963		(8,778,963)
	(5,107,223)		(5,107,223)		-
	-		(279,039)		279,039
	7,489,118		6,333,595		1,155,523
\$	108,962,555	\$	97,016,656	\$	11,945,899
		(a) \$ 101,473,437 1,641,528 8,013,990 164,106 (1,049,607) 3,811,157 15,167 - (5,107,223) - 7,489,118	Total Pension Plais illustration Plais illustrati	Liability (b) (a) (b) \$ 101,473,437 \$ 90,683,061 1,641,528 - 8,013,990 - 164,106 - 164,106 - 1651,022 - 684,840 - 589,865 - 15,167 - 15,167 - 8,778,963 (5,107,223) - (279,039) 7,489,118 6,333,595	Total Pension Plan Fiduciary Liability Net Position (a) (b) \$ 101,473,437 \$ 90,683,061 \$ 1,641,528 - 8,013,990 - 164,106 - (1,049,607) - 3,811,157 1,651,022 - 684,840 - 589,865 - 15,167 15,167 - 8,778,963 (5,107,223) - (279,039) - 7,489,118 6,333,595

	Fire Increase (Decrease)								
		otal Pension Liability		an Fiduciary Net Position	١	let Pension Liability			
Balance at September 30, 2015	\$	(a) 87,380,409	\$	(b) 71,838,343	\$	(a)-(b) 15,542,066			
Changes in the year:									
Service Cost		1,460,239		-		1,460,239			
Interest on the total pension liability		6,914,011		-		6,914,011			
Difference between expected and actual		88,819		-		88,819			
Changes in assumptions		2,358,009		-		2,358,009			
Contributions - Employer		-		2,065,835		(2,065,835)			
Contributions - State		-		559,910		(559,910)			
Contributions - Employee		-		500,569		(500,569)			
Contributions - Buyback		18,462		18,462		-			
Net investment income		-		5,998,705		(5,998,705)			
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(4,515,339)		(4,515,339)		-			
Administration expense		-		(224,986)		224,986			
Net Changes		6,324,201		4,403,156		1,921,045			
Balance at September 30, 2016	\$	93,704,610	\$	76,241,499	\$	17,463,111			

B. Defined Benefit Palm Bay Police and Firefighter Plan (Continued)

Changes in Net Pension Liability(Asset) (Continued)

	General						
	T	otal Pension	Р	lan Fiduciary	١	let Pension	
		Liability		Net Position	Liability(Asset)		
		(a)		(b)		(a)-(b)	
Balance at September 30, 2015	\$	31,818	\$	169,767	\$	(137,949)	
Changes in the year:							
Interest on the total pension liability		2,381		-		2,381	
Difference between expected and actual		(10,628)		-		(10,628)	
Changes in assumptions		2,080		-		2,080	
Net investment income		-		16,561		(16,561)	
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(4,115)		(4,115)		-	
Administration expense		-		(4,796)		4,796	
Net Changes		(10,282)		7,650		(17,932)	
Balance at September 30, 2016		21,536		177,417		(155,881)	
Total of PBP&PBF Plans	\$	202,688,701	\$	173,435,572	\$	29,253,129	

<u>Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability(Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate</u> - The following presents the net pension liability(asset) of the Plan as of September 30, 2016, calculated using the discount rate of 7.75% as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percent-point lower (6.75%) or 1-percent-point higher (8.75%) than the current rate.

Discount Rate - 1% 6.75%		Curre	ent Discount 7.75%	Discount Rate + 1% 8.75%		
Police Officers	\$	26,993,731	\$	11,945,899	\$	(256,457)
Fire Fighters	\$	29,259,691	\$	17,463,111	\$	7,848,938
General Employees	\$	(154,898)	\$	(155,881)	\$	(156,783)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Pension

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Police and Fire Pension Plan's financial reports.

B. Defined Benefit Palm Bay Police and Firefighter Plan (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2016, the City recognized pension expense of \$8,093,003. At September, 2016, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Police & Fire and General						
	Deferre	ed Outflows of	Deferred Inflows of Resources				
	R	esources					
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	\$	8,371,839	\$	1,552,743			
Difference between expected and actual experience		1,800,547		2,201,586			
Changes in assumptions		5,013,933					
Total	\$	15,186,319	\$	3,754,329			

The amount reported as deferred outflow of resources and deferred inflow of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Police & Fire and General	
Year ending September 30,	
2017	\$ 3,340,208
2018	3,340,207
2019	3,340,208
2020	1,003,562
2021	 407,805
	\$ 11,431,990

Payable to the Pension Plan

At September 30, 2016, the City reported a payable of \$30,292 for the outstanding contributions to the pension plan for the year ended September 30, 2016.

C. Florida Retirement System

On June 5, 2008, the City passed Resolution 2008-55, authorizing participation of its elected officials in the Florida Retirement System ("FRS") administered by the State of Florida. Also approved was Resolution 2008-56 providing for membership in the FRS and authorizing execution of all necessary agreements with the administrator of the FRS for the purpose of extending benefits to elected officials of the City pursuant to Chapters 112 and 121, Florida Statutes.

The State of Florida annually issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the FRS. The reports may be obtained by writing to the State of Florida. Division of Retirement:

State of Florida Division of Retirement
Department of Management Services
P.O Box 9000
Tallahassee, Florida 32315-9000
www.dms.myflorida.com/workforce_operations/retirement/publications.

<u>Plan Description</u> - The Florida Retirement System is a multiple employer cost sharing public employee retirement system, administered by the Florida Legislature. FRS is available to governmental units within Florida and provides a Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) for eligible employees. The Plan affords retirement and disability benefits, annual cost—of-living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. In addition to the aforementioned benefits, members of the Florida Retirement System are afforded benefits through the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program. HIS was established and is administered in accordance with section 112.363, Florida Statutes.

Benefits Provided - Benefits under the Pension Plan are computed on the basis of age, average final compensation, and service credit. For Pension Plan members enrolled before July 1, 2011, Regular class members who retire at or after age 62 with at least six years of credited service or 30 years of service regardless of age are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life, equal to 1.6% of their final average compensation based on the five highest years of salary, for each year of credited service. Vested members with less than 30 years of service may retire before age 62 and receive reduced retirement benefits. Special Risk Administrative Support class members who retire at or after age 55 with at least six years of credited service or 25 years of service regardless of age are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life, equal to 1.6% of their final average compensation based on the five highest years of salary, for each year of credited service. Special Risk class members (sworn law enforcement officers, firefighters, and correctional officers) who retire at or after age 55 with at least six years of credited service, or with 25 years of service regardless of age, are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly, equal to 3.0% of their final average compensation based on the five highest years of salary for each year of credited service. Senior Management Service class members who retire at or after age 62 with at least six years of credited service or 30 years of service regardless of age are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life, equal to 2.0% of their final average compensation based on the five highest years of salary for each year of credited service. Elected Officers' class members who retire at or after age 62 with at least six years of credited service or 30 years of service regardless of age are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life, equal to 3.0% of their final average compensation based on the five highest years of salary for each year of credited service.

For Plan members enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the vesting requirement is extended to eight years of credited service for all these members and increasing normal retirement to age 65 or 33 years of service, regardless of age for Elected Officers' class members. The final average compensation for these members will be based on the eight highest years of salary.

C. Florida Retirement System (Continued)

Benefits Provided (Continued)

As provided in Section 121.101, Florida Statutes, if the member is initially enrolled in the Pension Plan before July 1, 2011, and all service credit was accrued before July 1, 2011, the annual cost-of-living adjustment is a proportion of 3.0% determined by dividing the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by 3.0%. Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will not have a cost-of-living adjustment after retirement.

In addition to the above benefits, the DROP program allows eligible members to defer receipt of monthly retirement benefit payments while continuing employment with a FRS employer for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate. Deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS trust Fund and accrue interest. There are no required contributions by DROP participants.

HIS membership is available to all members within the FRS. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of the state-administered retirement system in paying their health insurance costs. Eligible retirees and beneficiaries receive a monthly HIS payment equal to the number of years of service credited at retirement multiplied by \$5. The minimum payment is \$30 and the maximum payment is \$160 per month. To be eligible to receive a HIS benefit, a retiree under a state-administered retirement system must provide proof of eligible health insurance coverage, which includes Medicare.

<u>Contributions</u> - Effective July 1, 2011, all enrolled members of the FRS, other than DROP participants, are required to contribute 3.0% percent of their salary to the FRS. In addition to member contributions, governmental employers are required to make contributions to the FRS based on state-wide contributions rates established by the Florida Legislature. These rates are updated as of July 1 each year. The employer contribution rates for elected officials for the periods October 1, 2015 through June 30, 2016 and from July 1, 2016 through September 30, 2016, were 42.27% and 42.47% respectively. These percentages include a 1.66% contribution rate for HIS.

Article X, Section 14 of the State Constitution and Part VII, Chapter 112 of the Florida Statutes provide the authority to amend the contribution rates and obligations.

The City's contributions recognized during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016 by FRS and HIS were \$7,671 and \$398 respectively.

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflow of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

The City's proportionate share of net pension liability, pension expense related deferrals as of September 30, 2016 are as follows:

	FRS	HIS	Total	
Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability on June 30,2016	\$ 79,423	\$ 9,058	\$ 88,481	
City's portion at June 30, 2016	0.000314544	0.00007772		
City's portion at June 30, 2015	0.000351156	0.00079108		
Change in proportion during current year	-0.000036612	-0.00071336		

C. Florida Retirement System (Continued)

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflow of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> Related to Pensions (Continued)

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016, the City recognized pension expense of \$12,320. In addition, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	FRS		3		HIS				Total	
		eferred tflows of		erred ows of	Defe	rred ows of	Defer Inflov			veferred
		sources		ources		urces	Resou			esources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	6,081	\$	739	\$		\$	21	\$	6,841
Change in assumptions		4,805		-		1,421		-		6,226
Change in proportion and differences between City Pension Plan contributions and proportionate share of contributions		22,131		4,351		-		314		26,796
City Pension Plan contributions subsequent to the measurement date		2,096		-		100		-		2,196
Net difference between projected actual earnings on plan investments		36,537		16,008		5		-		52,550
Total	\$	71,650	\$	21,098	\$	1,526	\$	335	\$	94,609

The deferred outflows of resources related to the Pension Plan, totaling \$2,196 resulting from City contributions to the Plan subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending September 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows or resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Pension Plan will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

			Ν	let Pension
Year ending September 30	FRS	HIS		Expense
2017	\$ 9,376	\$ 178	\$	9,554
2018	9,376	177		9,553
2019	9,376	177		9,553
2020	9,376	177		9,553
2021	9,375	176		9,551
Thereafter	 1,577	206		1,783
	\$ 48,456	\$ 1,091	\$	49,547

Actuarial Assumptions – Actuarial assumptions for both cost-sharing defined benefit plans were reviewed by the Florida Retirement System Actuarial Assumptions Conference. The FRS Pension Plan has a valuation performed annually. The HIS Program has a valuation performed biennially that is updated for GASB reporting in the year a valuation is not performed. Because the HIS Program is funded on a pay-asyou-go basis, no experience study was completed for that program. The actuarial assumptions used to determine the total pension liability for the HIS Program were based on certain results of the most recent experience study for the FRS Pension Plan.

C. Florida Retirement System (FRS) (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

The total pension liability for FRS and HIS on the July 1, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following assumptions:

	FRS	HIS
Valuation Date	July 1, 2016	July 1, 2016
Measurement Date	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2016
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age	Individual Entry Age
Actuarial Assumptions		
Discount Rate	7.60%	2.85%
Inflation	2.60%	2.60%
Projected Salary Increase	3.25%	3.25%
Investment Rate of Return	7.60%	N/A
Mortality	Generational RP-2000 with	Generational RP-2000 with
	Projected Scale BB	Projected Scale BB

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2016 valuation was based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2008 through June 20, 2013.

The following changes in key actuarial assumptions occurred in 2016:

FRS: The long-term expected rate of return and the discount rate used to determine the total pension liability decreased from 7.65% to 7.60%.

HIS: The municipal bond index rate and the discount rate used to determine the total pension liability decreased from 3.80% to 2.85%.

The long-term expected rate of return on Pension Plan investments were based on forward-looking capital market economic model. The allocation policy's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions and includes an adjustment for inflation assumption. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation are summarized in the following table:

		Annual	Compound	
Asset	Target	Arithmetic	Annual	
Class	Allocation	Return	(Geometric Return)	
Cash	1.00%	3.00%	3.00%	
Fixed Income	18.00%	4.70%	4.60%	
Global Equity	53.00%	8.10%	6.80%	
Real Estate	10.00%	6.40%	5.80%	
Private Equity	6.00%	11.50%	7.80%	
Strategic Investments	12.00%	6.10%	5.60%	
	100.00%			

C. Florida Retirement System (FRS) (Continued)

<u>Discount Rate</u> - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.60%. The Pension Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculation of the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return. However, because the HIS program uses a pay-as-you-go funding structure, a municipal bond rate of 2.85% was used to determine the total pension liability for the program (Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index).

<u>Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate</u>

The following represents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as of June 30, 2016 calculated using the discount rate, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate.

	FRS Ne	FRS Net Pension Liability				HIS Net Pension Liability				
		Current				Current				
		Discount			Discount					
	1% Decrease (6.60%)	Rate (7.60%)	1% Increase (8.60%)		ecrease 85%)		Rate 85%)	1% Inc (3.85		
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 146,223	\$ 79,423	\$ 23,821	\$	10,392	\$	9,058	\$	7,951	

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u> - Detailed information regarding the Pension Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State-Administered Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

D. Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions ("OPEB")

<u>Plan Description</u> - The City of Palm Bay administers an employee group medical insurance plan (the "Plan") that provides medical insurance benefits to its employees and their eligible dependents. In accordance with Section 112.0801 of the Florida Statutes, because the City provides a medical plan to active employees and their eligible dependents, the City is also required to provide retirees with the opportunity to participate in this Plan. Benefit provisions for the Plan are established and may be amended by the City Council. The retirees pay the full group premium amount for health insurance with no <u>explicit</u> subsidy from the City. The Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

<u>Contributions</u> - Contribution rates for the Plan are established on an annual basis. Eligible retirees and their covered dependents receiving benefits contribute 100% of their premium costs for medical insurance. While the City does not directly contribute towards the costs of retiree premiums via an explicit subsidy, the ability of retirees to obtain health insurance coverage at a group rate which includes active employees constitutes a significant economic benefit to retirees, or an "implicit" subsidy. This implicit subsidy is considered to be an Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) obligation of the City. The City is currently funding this OPEB obligation on a pay-as-you-go basis, contributing only those amounts necessary to provide for its portion of current year benefit costs and expenses. For the year ended September 30, 2016, the City estimated it subsidized \$265,302 of medical costs for its retirees and their covered dependents.

<u>Actuarial Cost Method and Assumptions</u> - Annual requirements are determined in accordance with the actuarial assumptions and the Projected Unit Credit Actuarial Cost Method. The actuarial assumptions include a 4.5% discount rate, compounded annually, and it is based on the City's expected rate of discount, based on the assumption that the plan will not be funded. The annual health care cost trend is 5%. The economic rates are based on an assumed long-term medical inflation rate of 5% per annum.

D. Post-Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions ("OPEB") (Continued)

<u>Annual OPEB cost and Net OPEB Obligation</u> - The City's annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer ("ARC"), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and to amortize an unfunded liability of the plan over a period not to exceed thirty years.

The following table shows the components of the City's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the City's net OPEB obligation to the City's Plan, including the implicit rate subsidy for medical insurance:

Annual Required Contribution (ARC)	\$ 756,208
Interest on net OPEB Obligation	132,017
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(180,105)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	708,120
Contributions made	(265,302)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	 442,818
Net OPEB obligation - Beginning of Year	2,933,708
Net OPEB obligation - End of Year	\$ 3,376,526

As of September 30, 2016, no trust has been established for the Plan.

The City's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the past three fiscal years, are presented below.

Fiscal Year	Annual	Annual OPEB	Net OPEB
Ended	OPEB Cost	Costs Contributed	Obligation
9/30/2014	\$ 669,789	26%	\$ 2,462,421
9/30/2015	706,725	33%	2,933,708
9/30/2016	708,120	37%	3,376,526

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information ("RSI") following the notes to the financial statements, presents multilayer trend information about whether the actuarial value of the Plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the AAL for benefits.

The actuarial valuation for the calculation of OPEB involves estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events in the future. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past experiences and new estimates are made about the future. As of September 30, 2016, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the accrued liability for benefits was \$8,579,901 all of which was unfunded. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$35,406,254 million and the ratio of the unfunded actuarial liability ("UAL") to covered payroll was 24.23%.

NOTE 10 – Restricted Net Position

The City maintains several special revenue funds to account for external and internal restrictions placed on revenue sources. In addition, the City has two debt service funds that account for proceeds that are restricted as to the repayment of bonds. A summary of restrictions that meet the criteria for restricted net position are as follows:

Governmental Activities Special Revenue Funds:			
Law Enforcement Trust Fund	Forfeited property accounted for and used according to Federal and Florida laws	\$	274,598
Impact Fee Funds	Levied pursuant to Florida Statutes, must be used for allowable improvements	*	2,445,333
Bayfront Community Redevelopment Agency	Levied pursuant to County and City Ordinance, must be used for activities of the redevelopment agency		617,858
Debt Service Funds: Debt Service Funds			3,337,709
Door Corvice Failed	Restricted pursuant to bond covenants for payment of principal and interest		2,425,852
	Total Restricted Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$	5,763,641
Business-type Activities			
Renewal and Replacement	Funds required to be placed in special construction accounts pursuant to Bond Covenants	\$	7,504,146
Building Fund	Funds required to be spent on building code activities pursuant to Section 166.222, Florida Statues		2,012,913
Capital Improvements	Water and sewer connection fees and mainline extension charges pledged for repayment of bond debt incurred for capital expansion and system improvements		8,152,580
	Total Restricred Net Positon - Business-type Activities	\$	17,669,639

NOTE 11 – Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; third party injuries and or property damage; information security and privacy; Law Enforcement Practices and natural disasters. The Risk Management program began on October 1, 1989. Historically under this program, the Risk Management Fund operated primarily as a self-insurance program. Maximum Fund amounts thru December 30, 2009 were as follows:

Coverage	Self-Insured Retentions
Worker's Compensation	\$350,000 each claim
General / Auto Liability	\$250,000 each claim
Theft, Disappearance & Dishonesty	\$ 25,000 each claim
Property Damage – Building	\$ 2,500 each claim
Property Damage – Auto	\$500 each claim / \$1,000 each claim (trucks)

During the first quarter of fiscal year 2010, a decision was made to transition the Worker's Compensation, General Liability and Automobile Liability lines of coverage from a self-insured program with the above mentioned self-insured retentions, to an essentially fully-insured program with no self-insured retention amounts for Worker's Compensation and Automobile Liability. General Liability covered the first \$100,000 as self-insured claims. This program was effective for all claims dated January 1, 2010 and beyond.

Beginning Fiscal year October 1, 2015, the City purchased coverage levels under which the Fund will only provide coverage as follows with self-insured retention amounts once again applying to all lines of coverage:

Calf Incomed Detentions

Coverage	Self-Insured Retentions
Worker's Compensation	\$350,000 each claim
*General / Auto Liability	\$200,000 each claim
Theft, Disappearance & Dishonesty	\$ 5,000 each claim
Property Damage – Building	\$2,500 each claim exception of "Named Storm"
Property Damage – Building	3% of Total Insured Value for "Named Storm"
Property Damage – Auto	\$500 each claim

Claims exceeding the self-insured retention thresholds are under the umbrella of commercial coverage purchased by the City. Open claims for Worker's Compensation are currently administered by a third party administrator.

*The City is protected by Section 768.28, Florida Statutes, under the Doctrine of Sovereign Immunity, which limits the amount of liability of governmental entities for tort claims to \$200,000 per claim and \$300,000 per accident.

All departments of the City participate in the program. Payments are made by various funds to the Risk Management Fund based on past experience and actuarial estimates of the amounts needed to pay prior and current year claims. The claims liability of \$2,989,625 reported in the Risk Management Fund at September 30, 2016 is based on the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 10, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. The City's claims liability at year end is actuarially determined and includes incurred but not reported losses. Prior years' liabilities are undiscounted. Changes in the fund's claim liability are as follows:

	eginning of iscal Year Liability	Claims and Changes in Estimates		Less Claims Payments		Balance at Fiscal Year End	
2013-2014 2014-2015 2015-2016	\$ 2,599,000 2,460,000 2,450,000	\$	365,466 847,032 2,042,692	\$	(504,466) (857,032) (1,503,067)	\$	2,460,000 2,450,000 2,989,625

NOTE 12 – Commitments and Contingencies

Intergovernmental Grants - Amounts received or receivable from grantors are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally federal and state government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time. The City is engaging auditors to audit the grant funds as requested by the Florida Housing Finance Corporation pursuant to their required procedures. The precise amounts are not known and will depend on the outcome of the audit.

Litigation - Various suits and claims arising in the ordinary course of operations are pending against the City. While the ultimate effect of such litigation cannot be ascertained at this time, in the opinion of management, upon consultation with legal counsel, the City has sufficient insurance coverage to cover any claims and/or the liabilities that may arise from such action. The effect of such losses would not materially affect the financial position of the City or the results of its operations.

Encumbrance – The City uses an encumbrance system as an extension of normal budgetary accounting for governmental funds. Under this system, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments are recorded in order to reserve the portion of applicable appropriations. Outstanding encumbrances at yearend are recorded as *restricted*, *committed*, or *assigned* fund balances, depending on the classification of the resources to be used to liquidate the encumbrance. Encumbrances outstanding as of September 30, 2016 are as follows:

Major Governmental Funds	
General Fund	\$ 235,511
BCRA Construction	21,529
Non-major Governmental Funds	 496,012
	\$ 753,052

NOTE 13 – Subsequent Events

On December 21, 2016, the City issued \$3,983,000 in Taxable Franchise Fee Revenue Refunding Note, Series 2016 to partially refund Taxable Special Obligation Bonds, Series 2004. The Refunding resulted in an overall net present value savings of \$344,441 or 4.25% in savings. The City has pledged state revenue sharing funds in connection with this obligation. The interest rate of the Taxable Franchise Fee Revenue Refunding Note is 4.070% with maturity dates ranging from 2017 to 2030.

The City also issued \$2,060,000 in Special Assessment Revenue Refunding Note, Series 2016, which closed on December 21, 2016 to refund Taxable Special Obligation Bonds, Series 2004. The coupon rate of the Note is 5.660% with final maturity on July 1, 2024. The City realized an overall net present value saving of \$257,702 or 3.04% savings on the refunded note. The City has pledged future special assessment revenues to satisfy this obligation.

In early October 2016, the City was impacted by Hurricane Matthew. The estimated costs of overtime, debris removal and other costs associated with the hurricane were \$1.5 million as of the date of this report. The City believes that it will be able to obtain reimbursement of approximately \$250,000 through insurance and agreements with FEMA and with the State.

NOTE 14 – Other Required Disclosures

New Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. The City implemented the provisions of this GASB which provides guidance for determining fair value measurement for financial reporting purposes and applying fair value to certain investments, and requires disclosures to be made about fair value measurements, the level of fair value hierarchy, and valuation techniques. GASB 72 also changes the measurement guidance for donated capital assets and works of art, historical treasures, and capital assets received in a service concession. Although the adoption of GASB 72 resulted in enhanced disclosures, Management has determined that the impact of the Statement did not have a material effect on the City.

NOTE 14 – Other Required Disclosures (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 73 - In June 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pension and Related Assets that are not within the Scope of GASB Statement No. 68 and amendments to certain provisions of GASB Statement No. 67 and 68. This Statement establishes requirements for defined benefit pensions that are not within the scope of Statement No. 68 as well as for the assets accumulated for purposes for providing those pensions. It amends certain provisions of Statement No. 68 for pension plans and pensions that are within its scope. The Statement also clarifies the application of certain provisions of Statement No. 68. Management has determined that the impact of the Statement did not have a material effect on the City.

GASB Statement No. 76 - In June 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 76, *Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments*. The objective of this statement is to reduce the GAAP hierarchy to two categories of authoritative GAAP from the four categories under GASB Statement No. 55. Management has determined that the impact of the Statement did not have a material effect on the City.

GASB Statement No.82 – In March 2016, GASB issued Statement No. 82, *Pension Issues- An Amendment to GASB No. 67, No.68 and No. 73.* The objective of this Statement is to address certain issues that have been raised with respect to Statements No. 67, *Financial Reporting for Pension Plans*, No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, and No. 73, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68.* Specifically, this Statement addresses issues regarding (1) the presentation of payroll-related measures in required supplementary information, (2) the selection of assumptions and the treatment of deviations from the guidance in an Actuarial Standard of Practice for financial reporting purposes, and (3) the classification of payments made by employers to satisfy employee (plan member) contribution requirements. The provisions of this Statement were implemented by the City's Police & Fire Pension Plan and is included with the required supplementary information.

Future Accounting Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 74 - In June 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 74, *Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Pla*ns. The objective of this statement is to address the financial reports of defined benefit OPEB plans that are administered through trusts that meet specified criteria. The Statement requires more extensive note disclosures and TSI related to the measurement of the OPEB liabilities for which assets have been accumulated. This Statement is effective for the City's fiscal year ending September 30, 2017.

GASB Statement No. 75 - In June 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions. The objective of the Statement is to replace the requirements of GASB Statement No 45. In addition, the Statement requires governments to report a liability on the face of the financial statements for OPEB benefits provided and requires governments to present more extensive note disclosures and required supplementary information about their OPEB liabilities. The Statement is effective for the City's fiscal year ending September 30, 2017.

GASB Statement No. 77 - In August 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 77, *Tax Abatement Disclosures*. The Statement requires state and local governments to disclose information about tax abatement agreements. This Statement is effective for the City's fiscal year ending September 30, 2017.

GASB Statement No. 78 - In December 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 78, *Pensions Provided through Certain Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans.* The objective of this Statement is to address a practice issue regarding the scope and applicability of Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions.* This is associated with pensions provided through certain multiple-employer defined benefit plans to state or local governmental employers whose employees are provided such pensions. This Statement is effective for the City's fiscal year ending September 30, 2017.

NOTE 14 – Other Required Disclosures (Continued)

Future Accounting Pronouncements (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 79 – December 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Participants. The objective of the Statement is to provide guidance on how certain state and local government external investment pools and participants in external investment pools may measure and report investment. The Statement permits qualifying external investment pools to measure pool investments at amortized costs for financial reporting. This Statement is effective for the City's fiscal year ending September 30, 2017.

GASB Statement No. 80 – In January 2016, GASB issued Statement No. 80, *Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units* – *An Amendment of GASB Statement No.14*. The objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by clarifying the financial statement presentation requirements for certain component units. This Statement amends the blending requirements established in paragraph 53 of Statement No.14, *The Financial Reporting Entity, as amended.* This Statement is effective for the City's fiscal year ending September 30, 2017.

GASB Statement No. 81 – In March 2016, GASB issued Statement No. 81, *Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreement*. The objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting or irrevocable split-interest agreements by providing recognition and measurement guidance for situations in which a government is a beneficiary of the agreement. This Statement is effective for the City's fiscal year ending September 30, 2018.

GASB Statement No. 83 – In November 2016, GASB issued Statement No. 83, *Certain Asset Retirement Obligation*. The objective of this Statement is to establish criteria for determining the timing and pattern of recognition of a liability and corresponding deferred outflow of resources for Asset Retirement Obligations (AROs). The Statement requires that recognition occur when the liability is both incurred and reasonably estimable. Additionally, the Statement requires the current value of a government's AROs to be adjusted for the effects of general inflation or deflation at least annually. This Statement is effective for the City's fiscal year ending September 30, 2018.

GASB Statement No. 84 – In January 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. The objective of this Statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. The Statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. The focus of the criteria generally is on 1) whether a government is controlling eh assets of the fiduciary activity and 2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. This Statement is effective for the City's fiscal year ending September 30, 2019.

Management has not determined the impact implementation of GASB 78 to GASB 84 will have on the City's financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Budgetary Comparison Schedules:

- General Fund
- Bayfront Community Redevelopment Agency

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability & Related Ratios:

City of Palm Bay Retirement System

Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability:

• City of Palm Bay Retirement System

Schedule of Pension Contributions:

City of Palm Bay Retirement System

Schedule of Funding Progress:

Other Post-Employment Benefits

Schedule of Investment Returns:

City of Palm Bay Retirement System

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND For Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2016

		Budgeted	l Amo	unte		Actual		Variance Positive
		Original	AIIIC	Final	•	Actual		(Negative)
REVENUES/TRANSFERS IN		Original		i iliai		Amounts		(Negative)
Taxes:								
Ad Valorem	\$	24,471,077	\$	24,471,077	\$	24,067,163	\$	(403,914)
Local Option Fuel	*	3,560,238	*	3,560,238	*	3,854,156	*	293,918
Utility Service		8,222,000		8,222,000		8,288,194		66,194
Communication Service		2,953,575		2,953,575		2,756,084		(197,491)
Business Tax Receipts		535,400		535,400		549,226		13,826
Dubinos rak resolpts		39,742,290		39,742,290		39,514,823		(227,467)
Licenses and Permits:		30,1 12,200		00,1 12,200		00,01.,020		(==:,:::)
Franchise Fees		5,390,000		5,390,000		5,367,505		(22,495)
Other Licenses and Permits		8,120		8,120		9.126		1,006
		5,398,120		5,398,120		5,376,631		(21,489)
Intergovernmental Revenues:								,
Federal Grants		91,575		132,920		65,876		(67,044)
State Revenue Sharing		9,826,918		9,826,918		10,074,949		248,031
Shared Taxes and Licenses		130,900		130,900		140,715		9,815
		10,049,393		10,090,738		10,281,540		190,802
Charges for Services:		10,040,000		10,000,100		10,201,040		130,002
General Government Charges		362,785		362,785		381,332		18,547
Public Safety Charges		89,500		89,500		102,443		12,943
Physical Environment Charges		212,000		212,000		264,586		52,586
Transportation Charges		133,057		133,057		186,954		53,897
Culture/Recreation Charges		293,080		407,080		335,199		(71,881)
Charges to Other Funds		1,623,731		1,623,731		1,623,731		(11,001)
g		2,714,153		2,828,153		2,894,245		66,092
Fines and Forfeitures:		, , ,		,,		,, ,		,
Court Fines and Costs		536,200		536,200		395,040		(141,160)
Miccelleneous Devenue								
Miscellaneous Revenue: Investment income		16,500		16,500		53,820		37,320
Rents		215,000		215,000		253,543		38,543
Sales of Surplus		10,000		10,000		73,916		63,916
Contributions		5,500		5,500		23,007		17,507
Other Revenue		200,860		200,860		121,652		(79,208)
Other Nevertue		447,860		447,860		525,938		78,078
Other Sources:		,		111,000				
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets		-		671,445		409,500		(261,945)
Capital Leases		-		-		754,000		754,000
·				671,445		1,163,500		492,055
Transfers In:								
Code Enforcement Fund		20,000		20,000		20,000		-
Debt Service Fund		-		23,215		23,215		-
Building Fund		_		532,181		29,220		(502,961)
Capital Improvement Fund		_		5,975		5,975		
Fleet Service Fund		22,300		22,300		22,300		_
Employee Benefits Fund		500,000		504,000		504,000		-
Utilities Operating Fund		1,242,059		1,251,896		1,251,896		-
Stormwater Fund		218,352		218,352		218,352		-
Solid Waste Fund		58,800		58,800		58,800		-
		2,061,511		2,636,719		2,133,758		(502,961)
Total Revenues and Transfers In		60,949,527		62,351,525		62,285,475		(66,050)

Continued on the next page

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED) For Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2016

	Budgeted An	nounts	Actual	Variance Positive	
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	
EXPENDITURES/TRANSFERS OUT					
General Government:					
Legislative:					
Personal Services	481,179	479,535	476,253	3,282	
Operating	195,495	186,086	153,910	32,176	
Contributions	-	225	225		
O'the Management	676,674	665,846	630,388	35,458	
City Manager:	700 500	500 500	505.040	0.000	
Personal Services	722,502	508,526	505,640	2,886	
Operating	281,921	99,785	115,790	(16,005)	
Contributions	15,000	600 244	624 420	(12 110)	
City Attornovy	1,019,423	608,311	621,430	(13,119)	
City Attorney: Personal Services	224 472	242.069	242.072	906	
	321,173	312,968	312,072	896	
Operating Contributions	301,730	877,730	882,563	(4,833)	
Contributions	622.002	1,000	1,000	(2.027)	
Finance:	622,903	1,191,698	1,195,635	(3,937)	
Personal Services	1,599,592	1,579,710	1,560,187	19,523	
Operating	· ·	1,379,710			
Operating	130,022 1,729,614	1,722,936	122,448	20,778	
Information and Innovation:	1,729,014	1,722,930	1,682,635	40,301	
Personal Services	4 246 760	4 224 440	4 457 005	70.045	
	1,246,769	1,231,140	1,157,825	73,315	
Operating	945,805	1,342,406	1,265,944	76,462	
Capital Outlay	150,000	111,956	105,371	6,585	
	2,342,574	2,685,502	2,529,140	156,362	
Human Resources:					
Personal Services	461,441	449,182	447,560	1,622	
Operating	120,688	132,788	131,124	1,664	
Ownersh Management	582,129	581,970	578,684	3,286	
Growth Management:	445.000	440.000	440.040	000	
Personal Services	445,838	442,898	442,616	282	
Operating	64,023	115,978	124,079	(8,101)	
Contributions	15,000	22,175	4,878	17,297	
Capital Outlay	7,500	7,500	7,500	0.470	
	532,361	588,551	579,073	9,478	
Economic Development:					
Personal Services		361,892	345,971	15,921	
Operating	-	•	•	(3,398)	
Contributions	-	291,859 15,000	295,257 10,000	5,000	
Contributions	<u>-</u>	668,751	651,228	17,523	
		000,731	031,220	17,323	
Facility Maintenance					
Personal Services	820,925	889,693	881,991	7,702	
Operating	1,120,949	1,430,747	1,262,261	168,486	
Capital Outlay	1,120,949	102,996		63,883	
Capital Outlay	1 0/1 97/		39,113	240,071	
	1,941,874	2,423,436	2,183,365	240,071	
Non-Departmental:					
Personal Services			(24 64 4)	24,614	
Operating	3,694,831	3,694,831	(24,614) 3,690,331	4,500	
Operating	3,694,831	3,694,831	3,665,717	29,114	
	3,034,031	3,034,031	3,003,717	29,114	
Total General Government	12 1/12 202	1/1 024 022	14,317,295	514,537	
I Otal Gelleral Government	13,142,383	14,831,832	14,317,295	314,337	

Continued on the next page

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED) For Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2016

	Budgeted Ame		Actual	Variance Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Public Safety:				
Police:				
Personal Services	17,950,992	17,627,141	16,502,216	1,124,925
Operating	923,559	1,098,720	839,583	259,137
Capital Outlay	525,555	157,200	-	157,200
Capital Odilay	18,874,551	18,883,061	17,341,799	1,541,262
Fire:	10,014,001	10,000,001	17,041,700	1,041,202
Personal Services	12,736,126	12,648,031	12,539,040	108,991
Operating	497,451	744,351	481,973	262,378
Capital Outlay	=	-	250,415	(250,415
Sapital Sallay	13,233,577	13,392,382	13,271,428	120,954
Code Compliance:		10,000,000	,,	1=0,00
Personal Services	554,100	542,602	528,200	14,402
Operating	33,335	33,335	28,798	4,537
operag	587,435	575,937	556,998	18,939
Total Public Safety	32,695,563	32,851,380	31,170,225	1,681,155
,	,,	. , ,	- , -, -	,,
Transportation:				
Public Works - Transportation				
Personal Services	3,576,722	3,515,901	3,320,096	195,805
Operating	1,270,139	1,304,746	1,279,240	25,506
Total Transportation	4,846,861	4,820,647	4,599,336	221,311
Culture/Recreation:				
Parks & Recreation				
Personal Services	2,185,821	2,145,718	2,121,124	24,594
Operating	401,253	576,433	552,199	24,234
Total Culture / Recreation	2,587,074	2,722,151	2,673,323	48,828
Transfers Out:				
Debt Service Fund	5,490,672	5,194,937	5,169,587	25,350
BCRA Fund	-	31,003	31,003	
Neighborhood Stabilization Program	-	1,954	1,954	
Parks Recreation Fund	-	402,439	402,439	
Fleet Services Fund	121,666	1,037,445	1,037,445	
Road Maintencance CIP Fund	1,622,086	2,226,387	1,990,636	235,751
Total Transfers Out	7,234,424	8,894,165	8,633,064	261,101
Total Expenditures and Transfers Out	60,506,305	64,120,175	61,393,243	2,726,932
Evenes (Definiones) of Boyonuse and				
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Transfers In Over (Under) Expenditures				
and Transfers Out	\$ 443,222 \$	(1,768,650) \$	892,232 \$	2,660,882
	7 110jana W	(.,. σο,σοσ,	302,202	_,000,002
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		_	8,282,350	
Fund Balance Find of V			0.474.500	
Fund Balance - End of Year		\$	9,174,582	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BAYFRONT COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY For Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2016

	Budget	Actı	ual Amounts	Budg	iance with et - Positive legative)
REVENUES				(ioganvo,
Taxes	\$ 661,954	\$	661,954	\$	-
Intergovernmental Revenues	1,014,896	·	919,759	·	(95,137)
Investment Income	150		2,081		1,931
Total Revenues	1,677,000		1,583,794		(93,206)
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Economic Environment	274,839		249,600		25,239
Capital Outlay	1,472,130		993,835		478,295
Debt Service:					
Principal Retirement	335,000		335,000		-
Interest and Fiscal Charges	140,824		140,709		115
Total Expenditures	2,222,793		1,719,144		503,649
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	 (545,793)		(135,350)		410,443
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES					
Transfers In	104,238		104,238		-
Total Other Financing					
Sources	 104,238		104,238		
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (441,555)	\$	(31,112)	\$	410,443
Fund Balance - Beginning			648,970		
Fund Balance - Ending		\$	617,858		

CITY OF PALM BAY POLICE AND FIRE RETIREMENT SYSTEM SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS September 30, 2016

	Police							
Total Pension Liability		2016	2015	2014	2013			
Service Cost	\$	1,641,528 \$	1,627,434 \$	1,682,546 \$	1,557,913			
Interest		8,013,990	7,846,279	7,499,442	7,164,797			
Change in Excess State Money		164,106	97,949	84,152	-			
Difference between expected & actual experience		(1,049,607)	(2,269,835)	-	-			
Changes in assumptions		3,811,157	-	-	-			
Contributions Buy Back		15,167	5,777	-	-			
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(5,107,223)	(5,147,483)	(4,435,345)	(4,893,215)			
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	·	7,489,118	2,160,121	4,830,795	3,829,495			
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		101,473,437	99,313,316	94,482,521	90,653,026			
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)		108,962,555	101,473,437	99,313,316	94,482,521			
Plan Fiduciary Net Position								
Contributions - Employer		1,651,022	1,811,984	1,698,539	1,301,878			
Contributions - State		684,840	618,683	604,886	572,954			
Contributions - Employee		589,865	605,581	599,342	603,410			
Contributions - Buy Back		15,167	5,777	-	-			
Net Investment (loss) income		8,778,963	(435,284)	9,243,488	10,689,706			
Benefit payments, including refunds of contributions		(5,107,223)	(5,147,483)	(4,435,345)	(4,893,215)			
Administrative Expenses		(279,039)	(252,632)	(245,600)	(232,438)			
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Pension		6,333,595	(2,793,374)	7,465,310	8,042,295			
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		90,683,061	93,476,435	86,011,125	77,968,830			
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)		97,016,656	90,683,061	93,476,435	86,011,125			
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a) - (b)	\$	11,945,899 \$	10,790,376 \$	5,836,881 \$	8,471,396			
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		89.04%	89.37%	94.12%	91.03%			
Covered Payroll		N/A	N/A \$	6,841,804 \$	6,877,781			
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll		N/A	N/A	85.31%	123.17%			

Notes to Schedule:

The Covered Employee Payroll numbers shown are in compliance with GASB 82. For the 2015 and 2016 year, the information was not available.

Changes of assumptions:

For measurement date 09/30/2016, amounts reported as changes of assumptions resulted from an experience study issued on May 14, 2015. The following assumptions have been updated based on the reault of that study:

- Investment return assumption was updated from 8.00% to 7.75%.
- Retirment rates were updated to better reflect actual experience.
- Mortality rates were updated to the mortality assumptions required by Florida Statutes Chapter 2015-137.
- Assumed salary increases were udated from a flat 6.50% to a table of rates that vary by age.

The inflation assumption rate was lowered from 3.00% to 2.70%, matching the long-term inflation assumption utilized by the Plan's investment consultant.

CITY OF PALM BAY POLICE AND FIRE RETIREMENT SYSTEM SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS September 30, 2016

	6,324,201 5,041,699 2,038,965 4,784,425 87,380,409 82,338,710 80,299,745 75,515,320 93,704,610 87,380,409 82,338,710 80,299,745			
Total Pension Liability	2016	2015	2014	2013
Service Cost	\$ 1,460,239	\$ 1,396,536	\$ 1,299,634	\$ 1,203,365
Interest	6,914,011	6,469,622	6,293,170	6,027,029
Change in Excess State Money	-	-	-	-
Difference between expected & actual experience	88,819	2,589,797	-	-
Changes in assumptions	2,358,009	-	-	-
Contributions Buy Back	18,462	-	-	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(4,515,339)	(5,414,256)	(5,553,839)	(2,445,969)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	6,324,201	5,041,699	2,038,965	4,784,425
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	87,380,409	82,338,710	80,299,745	75,515,320
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	93,704,610	87,380,409	82,338,710	80,299,745
Plan Fiduciary Net Position				
Contributions - Employer	2,065,835	1,976,329	1,889,000	1,479,896
Contributions - State	559,910	590,203	639,518	622,786
Contributions - Employee	500,569	474,486	426,764	432,695
Contributions - Buy Back	18,462	-	-	-
Net Investment (loss) income	5,998,705	(251,532)	7,612,697	8,696,509
Benefit payments, including refunds of contributions	(4,515,339)	(5,414,256)	(5,553,839)	(2,445,969)
Administrative Expenses	(224,986)	(205,617)	(187,613)	(175,031)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Pension	4,403,156	(2,830,387)	4,826,527	8,610,886
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	71,838,343	74,668,730	69,842,203	61,231,317
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	76,241,499	71,838,343	74,668,730	69,842,203
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a) - (b)	\$ 17,463,111	\$ 15,542,066	\$ 7,669,980	\$ 10,457,542
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	81.36%	82.21%	90.68%	86.98%
Covered Payroll	N/A	N/A	\$ 4,871,735	\$ 4,937,031
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	N/A	N/A	157.44%	211.82%

Notes to Schedule:

The Covered Employee Payroll numbers shown are in compliance with GASB 82. For the 2015 and 2016 year, the information was not available.

Changes of assumptions:

For measurement date 09/30/2016, amounts reported as changes of assumptions resulted from an experience study issued on May 14, 2015. The following assumptions have been updated based on the reault of that study:

- Investment return assumption was updated from 8.00% to 7.75%.
- Retirment rates were updated to better reflect actual experience.
- Mortality rates were updated to the mortality assumptions required by Florida Statutes Chapter 2015-137.
- Assumed salary increases were udated from a flat 6.50% to a table of rates that vary by age.

The inflation assumption rate was lowered from 3.00% to 2.70%, matching the long-term inflation assumption utilized by the Plan's investment consultant.

CITY OF PALM BAY POLICE AND FIRE RETIREMENT SYSTEM SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS September 30, 2016

		Gene	eral			
Total Pension Liability	2016	2015		2014		2013
Service Cost	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Interest	2,381	2,247		2,564		3,019
Difference between expected & actual experience	(10,628)	4,093		-		-
Changes in assumptions	2,080	-		-		-
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(4,115)	(5,213)		(7,835)		(9,586)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	(10,282)	1,127	-	(5,271)		(6,567)
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	31,818	30,691		35,962		42,529
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	 21,536	31,818	-	30,691		35,962
Plan Fiduciary Net Position						
Net Investment (loss) income	16,561	1,776		18,826		20,163
Benefit payments, including refunds of contributions	(4,115)	(5,213)		(7,835)		(9,586)
Administrative Expenses	(4,796)	(6,130)		(455)		(1,950)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Pension	 7,650	(9,567)		10,536		8,627
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	169,767	179,334		168,798		160,171
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	 177,417	169,767		179,334		168,798
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a) - (b)	\$ (155,881)	\$ (137,949)	\$	(148,643)	\$ ((132,836)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	823.82%	533.56%		584.32%		469.38%
Covered Payroll	N/A	N/A		N/A		N/A
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	N/A	N/A		N/A		N/A

Notes to Schedule:

Changes of assumptions:

For measurement date 09/30/2016, amounts reported as changes of assumptions resulted from the following changes:

- Investment return assumption was lowered from 8.00% to 7.75%.
- As amended by Chapter 2015-37, Laws of Florida, the assumed rates of mortality were changed to the mortality table used by Florida Retirement System.

CITY OF PALM BAY FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM (FRS) SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY September 30, 2016

		2016	2015		2014	
City's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.0	00314544%	0.000	351156%	0.000)307215%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	79,423	\$	45,357	\$	18,745
City's covered-employee payroll	\$	30,877	\$	30,227	\$	31,818
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		257.22%		150.05%		58.91%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		84.88%		92.00%		96.09%

Note: 1) This is the second year of implementation for GASB 68. GASB requires information for 10 years. The City has presented information for those years for which information is available.

²⁾ The Plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability is published in Note 4 of the Plan's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

³⁾ These amounts are of June 30, the Plan's fiscal year end.

CITY OF PALM BAY HEALTH INSURANCE SUBSIDY (HIS) SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY September 30, 2016

		2016	;	2015	2	2014
City's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.00	00077720%	0.000	079108%	0.0000	80777%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	9,058	\$	8,068	\$	7,553
City's covered-employee payroll	\$	30,877	\$	30,227	\$	31,818
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		29.34%		26.69%		23.74%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		0.97%		0.50%		0.99%

Note: 1) This is the second year of implementation for GASB 68. GASB requires information for 10 years. The City has presented information for those years for which information is available.

²⁾ The Plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability is published in Note 4 of the Plan's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

³⁾ These amounts are of June 30, the Plan's fiscal year end.

CITY OF PALM BAY POLICE AND FIRE RETIREMENT SYSTEM SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS September 30, 2016

Police

	_				
		2016	2015	2014	2013
Actuarially determined contributions	\$	2,171,756	\$ 2,332,718	\$ 2,219,273	\$ 1,822,612
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		(2,171,756)	(2,332,718)	(2,219,273)	(1,822,612)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Actuarially computed - employee payroll		N/A	N/A	\$ 6,841,804	\$ 6,877,781
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		N/A	N/A	32.44%	26.50%

Notes to Schedule

Valuation Date 10/1/2014

Actuarially determined contributions rates are calculated as of October 1, two years prior to the the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rate:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal cost method

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll - Closed

Remaining amortization period 30 years (as of 10/01/2014)

Asset valuation method Market Value Inflation 2.70% Salary Increase 6.50% Investment Rate of Return 7.75%

CITY OF PALM BAY POLICE AND FIRE RETIREMENT SYSTEM SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS September 30, 2016

	2016	2015	2014	2013
Actuarially determined contributions	\$ 2,625,745	\$ 2,566,532	\$ 2,528,518	\$ 2,102,682
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	(2,625,745)	(2,566,532)	(2,528,518)	(2,102,682)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Actuarially computed - employee payroll	N/A	N/A	\$ 4,871,735	\$ 4,937,031
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	N/A	N/A	51.90%	42.59%

Notes to Schedule

Valuation Date 10/1/2014

Actuarially determined contributions rates are calculated as of October 1, two years prior to the

the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rate:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal cost method

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll - Closed

Remaining amortization period 30 years (as of 10/01/2014)

Asset valuation method Market Value Inflation 2.70% Salary Increase 6.50%

CITY OF PALM BAY POLICE AND FIRE RETIREMENT SYSTEM SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS September 30, 2016

Ge	n	Δ	ra	I

	2016		2015		2014		2013	
Actuarially determined contributions	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		-		-		-		-
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Actuarially computed - employee payroll	N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A	
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A	

Notes to Schedule

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rate:

Actuarial cost method Aggregate Actuarial Cost Method.

Amortization method N/A

Asset valuation method Market Value Investment Rate of Return 7.75% Mortality RP2000

CITY OF PALM BAY FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM (FRS) SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS September 30, 2016

	 2016	2015	2014
Contractually required contribution	\$ 7,671	\$ 8,561	\$ 6,729
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ (7,671)	\$ (8,561)	\$ (6,729)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
City's covered-employee payroll	\$ 30,877	\$ 30,885	\$ 31,818
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	24.84%	27.72%	21.15%

CITY OF PALM BAY HEALTH INSURANCE SUBSIDY (HIS) SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS September 30, 2016

	 2016	2015	2014
Contractually required contribution	\$ 398	\$ 302	\$ 277
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ (398)	\$ (302)	\$ (277)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
City's covered-employee payroll	\$ 30,877	\$ 30,885	\$ 31,818
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	1.29%	0.98%	0.87%

CITY OF PALM BAY POLICE AND FIRE RETIREMENT SYSTEM SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS September 30, 2016

Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense		Police	Fire	General
	2016	9.81%	8.44%	10.02%
	2015	-0.47%	-0.34%	1.02%
	2014	10.82%	11.04%	11.43%

CITY OF PALM BAY OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS September 30, 2016

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets		Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Projected Unit Cost			Unfunded Percentage AAL (UAAL) Funded			Annual Covered Payroll	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll	
2014 2015 2016	\$		-	\$	7,891,399 8,230,925 8,579,901	\$	7,891,399 8,230,925 8,579,901	0.0% 0.0% 0.0%	\$	32,735,072 34,044,475 35,406,254	24.11% 24.18% 24.23%

The preceding schedule of Funding Progress presents, multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

NOTE 1 – BUDGETARY REQUIREMENTS

A. Budgetary Information

The following procedures are used to establish the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1) No later than August 10th of each year, the City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1.
- 2) Public hearings are held to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3) Prior to October 1, the budget is legally enacted through the passage of an ordinance.
- 4) Budgets are legally adopted and formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the general fund, all special revenue funds (except for the miscellaneous donations fund), all capital projects fund, and all debt service funds. The budgets adopted for the enterprise fund and internal service funds are for managerial control purposes.
- 5) Budgets for the governmental funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 6) The City Manager is authorized to transfer part or all of an unencumbered appropriation balance between activities of a department within a fund; however, any revisions that alter the total appropriations of any department or fund must be approved by the City Council. The classification detail at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations is at the fund level. During the fiscal year ended, various appropriations were approved in accordance with this policy. Budgeted amounts shown in the financial statements are as originally adopted and as further amended.
- 7) Appropriations lapse at the close of the fiscal year.



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OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Budgetary Comparison Schedule:

BCRA Construction Fund

Nonmajor Governmental Funds:

Combining Financial Statements for All Nonmajor Governmental Funds and Individual Budgetary Comparison Schedules for All Budgeted Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds:

Combining Financial Statements for All Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds:

Combining Financial Statements for All Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

Fiduciary Funds:

Combining Statements for Fiduciary Funds



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BUDGET AND ACTUAL BCRA CONSTRUCTION FUND For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

					Bud	riance with get - Positive
	Budget			ual Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES						
Investment Income	\$	5,850	\$	14,363	\$	8,513
Total Revenues		5,850		14,363		8,513
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General Government		439		184		255
Capital Outlay		2,608,449		1,575,826		1,032,623
Total Expenditures		2,608,888		1,576,010		1,032,878
(Deficiency) of Revenues						
(Under) Expenditures		(2,603,038)		(1,561,647)		1,041,391
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(2,603,038)	\$	(1,561,647)	\$	1,041,391
Fund Balance - Beginning				2,631,124		
Fund Balance - Ending			\$	1,069,477		



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NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds account for revenues from specific taxes or other earmarked revenue sources which, by law are designated to finance particular functions or activities of government. The City has the following nonmajor special revenue funds:

<u>Law Enforcement Trust</u> – This fund is used to account for proceeds obtained through the sale of confiscated and unclaimed property turned over to the City through court judgments. The proceeds are to be used solely for crime fighting purposes.

<u>Palm Bay Municipal Foundation Fund</u> – Established under Section 501(c)(3). This component unit was established to raise funds for charitable, educational, scientific and literary pursuits. It avails contributors to tax write-offs; and is the beneficiary of revenues generated from Red Light Camera violations.

<u>Code Nuisance Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for transactions related to properties with code violations where the owners are unwilling to abate the problems.

<u>SHIP Program</u> – This fund is used to account for proceeds received from the State for the City's State Housing Initiative Partnership (SHIP) program.

<u>Community Development Block Grant</u> – This fund is used to account for proceeds received from a Housing and Community Development Grant program for common residential improvements.

<u>HOME Grant</u> - This fund is used to account for the proceeds received from the State for the City's HOME Grant.

<u>Neighborhood Stabilization Program</u> – This fund accounts for Neighborhood Stabilization Program (NSP) a transaction which is a federally funded initiative. NSP 1 authorized funding of \$5.2M to acquire and or rehabilitate up to 45 residential properties, NSP 3 authorized \$1.7M in funding for the purchase of foreclosed or abandoned homes and to rehabilitate, resell or redevelop these homes in order to promote equipoise in local areas.

<u>Miscellaneous Donations</u> – This fund is used to account for proceeds received as donations to the Police, Fire and Parks Departments.

<u>Parks Recreation Facility Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for transactions associated with the activities and facilities conveyed to the City by Brevard County in February 2016.

<u>Impact Fee Trust</u> – This fund is used to account for proceeds provided for the acquisition and/or improvement of urban district park facilities, police capital facilities, fire capital facilities, and the expansion of the City's major road network system.

<u>Environmental Fee Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for transactions related to the City's Incidental Take Permit issued by the United States Fish and Wildlife Service.



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DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

The City has one debt service fund. It is used to account for the payment of principal and interest on outstanding general governmental revenue bonds.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for the principal and interest payments of the Taxable Special Obligation Revenue Bonds, Series 2004; Public Service Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2010; 2013 Taxable Special Obligation Refunding Bonds; 2014 Local Option Gas Tax Refunding Note, 2015 Franchise Fee Revenue Note; 2015 Sales Tax Refunding Bonds, and debt service on capital leases.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

<u>Community Investment 06 Bond CIP Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for the proceeds of the 2006 Sales Tax Bond earmarked for community related capital improvement projects.

<u>Community Investment Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for financial resources earmarked for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities or other project oriented activities.

<u>I-95 Interchange Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for financial resources earmarked for the construction of an interchange between St. John's Heritage Parkway (Palm Bay Parkway) and Mico Road.

<u>Road Maintenance CIP Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for financial resources earmarked for the maintenance and repair of existing roadways.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET ALL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2016

		Special Revenue Funds																	
	En	Law forcement Trust	Fo	Municipal undation Fund		e Nuisance Fund		HIP Program	De	Community evelopment clock Grant		HOME Grant	Sta	ghborhood ibilazation Program	Misc.	Rec	Parks creation Fund	lr	mpact Fee Trust
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Accounts Receivable	\$	468,786 - 2,004	\$	49,270 - -	\$	141,315 - -	\$	1,230,031 - 9	\$	- - 91	\$	87,287 - 3	\$		\$ 87,672 - -	\$	181,083	\$	3,321,590 254,483 592
Land Held for Resale Total Assets	\$	470,790	\$	15,500 64,770	\$	141,315	\$	1,230,040	\$	91	\$	87,290	\$	-	\$ 87,672	\$	181,083	\$	3,576,665
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts Payable Accrued Liabilities Due to Other Funds Advances from Other Funds Due to Other Governments Unearned Revenue Total Liabilities	\$	5,909 - - - - 190,283 196,192	\$	5,091 - - - - - - 5,091	\$	2,852 - - - - 2,852	\$	29,283 2,607 - - - 1,198,150 1,230,040	\$	6,167 767 215,487 - - - 222,421	\$	30 192 - - - - 64,105 64,327	\$	- - 113 - - - 113	\$ 1,267 - - - - - 1,267	\$	48,817 21,554 - - - - - 70,371	\$	1,131,332 - - - - 1,131,332
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned (Deficit) Total Fund Balances (Deficit)	_	274,598 - - - 274,598		15,500 - - 44,179 - 59,679		138,463 - 138,463		- - - - -		(222,330) (222,330)		22,963 - - - 22,963		(113)	86,405 - 86,405		44,559 66,153 - 110,712		2,445,333 - - - 2,445,333
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	470,790	\$	64,770	\$	141,315	\$	1,230,040	\$	91	\$	87,290	\$	-	\$ 87,672	\$	181,083	\$	3,576,665

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET ALL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) September 30, 2016

	Special	Revenue Funds	Debt	Service Funds	Capital Project Funds								
	Environr	nental Fee Fund	Debt	Service Funds	Con	nmunity Investment Fund	I-9	5 Interchange Fund	Roa	ad Maintenance Fund		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
ASSETS													
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	17,233	\$	4,025,571	\$	312,547	\$	669,414	\$	3,446,381	\$	14,038,180	
Investments				483,623		-						738,106	
Accounts Receivable		•		832		-				•		3,531	
Land Held for Resale						-					_	15,500	
Total Assets	\$	17,233	\$	4,510,026	\$	312,547	\$	669,414	\$	3,446,381	\$	14,795,317	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:													
Accounts Payable	\$		\$	3,430	\$	-	\$	313	\$	499,911	\$	1,734,402	
Accrued Liabilities				-		-						25,120	
Due to Other Funds		-				-						215,600	
Advances from Other Funds		609,000		-		-		-		-		609,000	
Due to Other Governments		17,100		-		-				-		17,100	
Unearned Revenue						-						1,452,538	
Total Liabilities		626,100		3,430				313		499,911		4,053,760	
Fund Balances:													
Nonspendable		-				-						15,500	
Restricted		•		4,506,596		-		669,101				7,918,591	
Committed		-		-				-		2,946,470		2,991,029	
Assigned		- (,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				312,547						647,747	
Unassigned (Deficit)		(608,867)		450/50/		- 040.547						(831,310)	
Total Fund Balances (Deficit)		(608,867)		4,506,596		312,547		669,101		2,946,470		10,741,557	
Total Liabilities and													
Fund Balances	\$	17,233	\$	4,510,026	\$	312,547	\$	669,414	\$	3,446,381	\$	14,795,317	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES ALL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

Special Revenue Funds Community Law Enforcement PB Municipal **Development Block** Trust Foundation Fund Code Nuisance Fund SHIP Program Grant **HOME Grant** REVENUES Impact Fees \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ Intergovernmental Revenues 479,295 534,560 Charges for Services 149,294 68,975 885 39,395 Fines and Forfeitures 158,785 Investment Income 1,940 2 1,837 Miscellaneous Revenues 2,751 41,921 54 **Total Revenues** 535,499 163,476 41,923 149,294 550,107 39,395 **EXPENDITURES** Current: General Government Public Safety 71.840 9,559 40,391 Economic Environment 182.058 177.905 16,432 Culture/Recreation Debt Service: Principal Retirement Interest and Fiscal Charges Capital Outlay 370,426 549,862 **Total Expenditures** 71,840 9,559 40,391 552,484 727,767 16,432 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures 91,636 32,364 108,903 (2,377)(192,268) 22,963 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In 19,201 Transfers Out (20,000)(1,282)Proceeds of Refunding Debt Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (20,000) 17,919 Net Change in Fund Balances 91,636 32,364 88,903 (2,377)(174,349) 22,963 Fund Balances (Deficit) - Beginning 182,962 27,315 49,560 2,377 (47,981) Fund Balances (Deficit) - Ending 274,598 \$ 59,679 \$ 138,463 \$ (222,330) \$ 22,963

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES ALL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

				Special Revenue Funds	i	
		ghborhood ation Program	Misc. Donations	Parks Recreation	Impact Fee Trust	Environmental Fee Fund
REVENUES Impact Fees	\$	-	\$ -	¢	\$ 2,176,573	¢
Intergovernmental Revenues	ф	120,939	•	474,230	\$ 2,170,373	•
Charges for Services		120,737	400	211,065		16,987
Fines and Forfeitures		-	400	211,005		10,707
Investment Income		21		_	5,512	_
Miscellaneous Revenues			18,178	404	-	_
Total Revenues		120,960	18,578	685,699	2,182,085	16,987
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General Government		-		_		
Public Safety		-	15,425	_		
Transportation		-				-
Economic Environment		65,835		_		-
Culture/Recreation			-	937,254		-
Debt Service:						
Principal Retirement		-	-	-		-
Interest and Fiscal Charges		-	-	-		-
Capital Outlay		57,192	-	40,172	1,023,565	-
Total Expenditures		123,027	15,425	977,426	1,023,565	-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		(2,067)	3,153	(291,727)	1,158,520	16,987
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers In		1,954	-	402,439		
Transfers Out		-	-	-	(1,216,374)	(9,975)
Proceeds of Refunding Debt		-	-	-	-	-
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent		-	-	-	-	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		1,954	-	402,439	(1,216,374)	(9,975)
Net Change in Fund Balances		(113)	3,153	110,712	(57,854)	7,012
Fund Balances (Deficit) - Beginning		-	83,252	-	2,503,187	(615,879)
Fund Balances (Deficit) - Ending	\$	(113)	\$ 86,405	\$ 110,712	\$ 2,445,333	\$ (608,867)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES ALL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

	Debt Service Funds	Capital Pro	oject Funds		<u>-</u>
	Debt Service Funds	Community Investment Fund	I-95 Interchange Fund	Road Maintenance Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
REVENUES Impact Fees	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,176,573
Intergovernmental Revenues		1,768,709	-	-	3,377,733
Charges for Services		-		-	487,001
Fines and Forfeitures				-	158,785
Investment Income	15,655	28	18,112	7,460	50,567
Miscellaneous Revenues	133,737	-		23	197,068
Total Revenues	149,392	1,768,737	18,112	7,483	6,447,727
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General Government	175,622	-	-	-	175,622
Public Safety		-	-		137,215
Economic Environment		-	-		442,230
Culture/Recreation	•	•	-	•	937,254
Debt Service: Principal Retirement	2,009,046				2,009,046
Interest and Fiscal Charges	4,290,473				4,290,473
Capital Outlay	-	884,259	3,697,234	2,046,326	8,669,036
Total Expenditures	6,475,141	884,259	3,697,234	2,046,326	16,660,876
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	(6,325,749)	884,478	(3,679,122)	(2,038,843)	(10,213,149)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers In	6,036,603	191,449	_	2,302,664	8,954,310
Transfers Out	(28,847)	(318,003)		(35,000)	
Proceeds of Refunding Debt	15,922,652	(======================================	-	(,,	15,922,652
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent	(15,723,067)		-		(15,723,067)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	6,207,341	(126,554)	-	2,267,664	7,524,414
Net Change in Fund Balances	(118,408)	757,924	(3,679,122)	228,821	(2,688,735)
Fund Balances (Deficit) - Beginning	4,625,004	(445,377)	4,348,223	2,717,649	13,430,292
Fund Balances (Deficit) - Ending	\$ 4,506,596	\$ 312,547	\$ 669,101	\$ 2,946,470	\$ 10,741,557



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BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE LAW ENFORCEMENT TRUST For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

					iance with jet - Positive
	Budget	Actu	al Amounts	(1)	legative)
REVENUES					
Fines and Forfeitures	\$ -	\$	158,785	\$	158,785
Investment Income	-		1,940		1,940
Miscellaneous Revenues	 -		2,751		2,751
Total Revenues	 -		163,476		163,476
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Public Safety	101,451		71,840		29,611
Capital Outlay	 -		-		
Total Expenditures	101,451		71,840		29,611
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	 (101,451)		91,636		193,087
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (101,451)		91,636	\$	193,087
Fund Balance - Beginning			182,962		
Fund Balance - Ending		\$	274,598		

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE PALM BAY MUNICIPAL FOUNDATION For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

					Variance with Budget - Positive (Negative)	
	Budget		Actual Amounts			
REVENUES						
Investment Income	\$	-	\$	2	\$	2
Miscellaneous Revenues		31,000		41,921		10,921
Total Revenues		31,000		41,923		10,923
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Public Safety		30,800		9,559		21,241
Total Expenditures		30,800		9,559		21,241
Excess of Revenues						
Over Expenditures		200		32,364		32,164
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	200		32,364	\$	32,164
Fund Balance - Beginning				27,315		
Fund Balance - Ending			\$	59,679		

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE CODE NUISANCE FUND For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

						riance with get - Positive
	Budget		Actual Amounts		(Negative)	
REVENUES						
Charges for Services	\$	250,000	\$	149,294	\$	(100,706)
Total Revenues		250,000		149,294		(100,706)
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Public Safety		214,000		40,391		173,609
Total Expenditures		214,000		40,391		173,609
Excess of Revenues						
Over Expenditures		36,000		108,903		72,903
OTHER FINANCING USES						
Transfers Out		(20,000)		(20,000)		
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	16,000		88,903	\$	72,903
Fund Balance - Beginning				49,560		
Fund Balance - Ending			\$	138,463		

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SHIP PROGRAM For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

		Dudmat	A a4	al Amazinta	Variance with Budget - Positive	
DEVENUE O	Budget		Actu	al Amounts	(Negative)	
REVENUES						()
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$	509,824	\$	479,295	\$	(30,529)
Charges for Services		25,000		68,975		43,975
Investment Income		200		1,837		1,637
Total Revenues		535,024		550,107		15,083
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Economic Environment		593,483		182,058		411,425
Capital Outlay		-		370,426		(370,426)
Total Expenditures		593,483		552,484		40,999
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(58,459)		(2,377)	\$	56,082
Fund Balance - Beginning				2,377		
Fund Balance - Ending			\$	_		

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

	Budget		A a t	al Amazonta	Bud	get - Positive
REVENUES		Бийдег		Actual Amounts		(Negative)
	•	000 040	•	504 500	•	000 047
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$	326,343	\$	534,560	\$	208,217
Charges for Services		-		885		885
Miscellaneous Revenue		-		54		54
Total Revenues		326,343		535,499		209,156
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Economic Environment		180,109		177,905		2,204
Capital Outlay		1,428,548		549,862		878,686
Total Expenditures		1,608,657		727,767		880,890
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		(1,282,314)		(192,268)		1,090,046
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers In		19,201		19,201		_
Transfers Out		(1,282)		(1,282)		_
Total Other Financing						
Sources and (Uses)		17,919		17,919		
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (1,264,395)		(174,349)	\$	1,090,046
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning				(47,981)		
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Ending			\$	(222,330)		

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE HOME GRANT For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

					Variance with Budget - Positive		
	Budget		Actual	Amounts	(Negative)		
REVENUES							
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$	173,746	\$	-	\$	(173,746)	
Charges for Services		2,000		39,395		37,395	
Total Revenues		175,746		39,395		(136,351)	
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Economic Environment		196,925		16,432		180,493	
Total Expenditures		196,925		16,432		180,493	
(Deficiency) of Revenues							
(Under) Expenditures		(21,179)		22,963		44,142	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(21,179)		22,963	\$	44,142	
Fund Balance - Beginning							
Fund Balance - Ending			\$	22,963			

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE NEIGHBORHOOD STABILIZATION PROGRAM For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

	Budget		Actu	al Amounts	Budg	riance with get - Positive Negative)
REVENUES						
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$	-	\$	120,939	\$	120,939
Investment Income		-		21		21
Total Revenues				120,960		120,960
EXPENDITURES						
Current: Economic Environment		77,804		65,835		11,969
Capital Outlay		57,193		57,192		11,909
Total Expenditures		134,997		123,027		11,970
(Deficiency) of Revenues						
(Under) Expenditures		(134,997)		(2,067)		132,930
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Transfers In		1,954		1,954		
Total Other Financing						_
Sources		1,954		1,954		
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(133,043)		(113)	\$	132,930
Fund Balance - Beginning						
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Ending			\$	(113)		

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE MISCELLANEOUS DONATIONS For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

						iance with et - Positive
	Budget		Actua	Actual Amounts		legative)
REVENUES						
Charges for Services	\$	-	\$	400	\$	400
Miscellaneous Revenues		-		18,178		18,178
Total Revenues		-		18,578		18,578
EXPENDITURES						
Public Safety		-		15,425		(15,425)
Total Expenditures		-		15,425		(15,425)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	-		3,153	\$	3,153
Fund Balance - Beginning				83,252		
Fund Balance - Ending			\$	86,405		

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE PARKS RECREATION FACILITY For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

		Budget A		al Amounts	Budg	iance with jet - Positive legative)
REVENUES					<u> </u>	<u>.</u>
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$	502,235	\$	474,230	\$	(28,005)
Charges for Services		273,333		211,065		(62,268)
Miscellaneous Revenue		-		404		404
Total Revenues		775,568		685,699		(89,869)
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Culture and Recreation		1,111,357		937,254		174,103
Capital Outlay		66,650		40,172		26,478
Total Expenditures		1,178,007		977,426		200,581
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		(402,439)		(291,727)		110,712
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Transfers In		402,439		402,439		-
Total Other Financing	-					
Sources		402,439		402,439		
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$			110,712	\$	110,712
Fund Balance - Beginning						
Fund Balance - Ending			\$	110,712		

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE IMPACT FEE TRUST For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

		Budget	Acti	ual Amounts	Bud	riance with get - Positive Negative)
REVENUES						
Impact Fees	\$	795,000	\$	2,176,573	\$	1,381,573
Investment Income		6,000		5,512		(488)
Total Revenues		801,000		2,182,085		1,381,085
EXPENDITURES Current:						
Capital Outlay		1,176,279		1,023,565		152,714
Total Expenditures		1,176,279		1,023,565		152,714
Excess of Revenues	•					
Over Expenditures		(375,279)		1,158,520		1,533,799
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers Out		(1,216,431)		(1,216,374)		57
Total Other Financing Sources						
(Uses)		(1,216,431)		(1,216,374)		57
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(1,591,710)		(57,854)	\$	1,533,856
Fund Balance - Beginning				2,503,187		
Fund Balance - Ending			\$	2,445,333		

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE ENVIRONMENTAL FEE For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

	E	Budget	Actua	al Amounts	Variance with Budget - Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES							
Charges for Services	\$	12,475	\$	16,987	\$	4,512	
OTHER FINANCING (USES)							
Transfers Out		(9,975)		(9,975)			
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	2,500		7,012	\$	4,512	
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning				(615,879)			
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Ending			\$	(608,867)			

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE DEBT SERVICE FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

	Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES			, , ,
Investment Income	\$ -	\$ 15,655	\$ 15,655
Miscellaneous Revenues	130,739	133,737	2,998
Total Revenues	130,739	149,392	18,653
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
General Government Debt Service:	205,197	175,622	29,575
Principal Retirement	2,009,046	2,009,046	_
Interest and Fiscal Charges	4,367,747	4,290,473	77,274
Total Expenditures	6,581,990	6,475,141	106,849
Deficiency of Revenues			
Under Expenditures	(6,451,251)	(6,325,749)	125,502
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES			
Transfers In	6,062,011	6,036,603	(25,408)
Transfers Out	(28,848)	(28,847)	1
Proceeds of Refunding Debt	15,922,652	15,922,652	-
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent	(15,723,067)	(15,723,067)	-
Total Other Financing Sources	6,232,748	6,207,341	(25,407)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (218,503)	(118,408)	\$ 100,095
Fund Balance - Beginning		4,625,004	
Fund Balance - Ending		\$ 4,506,596	

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE COMMUNITY INVESTMENT FUND For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

	Budget		ual Amounts	Budg	iance with et - Positive legative)
REVENUES					
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$ 1,038,006	\$	1,768,709	\$	730,703
Investment Income	-		28		28
Total Revenues	1,038,006		1,768,737		730,731
EXPENDITURES					
Capital Outlay	912,765		884,259		28,506
Total Expenditures	912,765		884,259		28,506
Excess of Revenues					
Over Expenditures	 125,241		884,478		759,237
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers In	191,449		191,449		-
Transfers Out	(318,003)		(318,003)		-
Total Other Financing					
Sources (Uses)	 (126,554)		(126,554)		
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (1,313)		757,924	\$	759,237
Fund Balance (Deficit) - Beginning			(445,377)		
Fund Balance - Ending		\$	312,547		

BUDDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE I-95 INTERCHANGE FUND For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

			_	ariance
			with	n Budget -
		Actual	F	Positive
	Budget	Amounts	(Negative)	
REVENUES				
Investment Income	\$ 8,631	\$ 18,112	\$	9,481
Total Revenues	8,631	18,112		9,481
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Capital Outlay	4,354,957	3,697,234		657,723
	4,354,957	3,697,234		657,723
(Deficiency) of Revenues				
(Under) Expenditures	(4,354,957)	(3,679,122)		667,204
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (4,354,957)	(3,679,122)	\$	667,204
Fund Balance - Beginning		 4,348,223		
Fund Balance - Ending		\$ 669,101		

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE ROAD MAINTENANCE CIP FUND For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

	Budget			Actual Amounts		Variance with Budget - Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES	_		_		_		
Investment Income Miscellaneous Revenues	\$	-	\$	7,460 23	\$	7,460 23	
		<u>-</u>					
Total Revenues	•	-		7,483		7,483	
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Capital Outlay		1,622,086		2,046,326		(424,240)	
Debt Service:							
Interest and Fiscal Charges		-		-		-	
Total Expenditures		1,622,086		2,046,326		(424,240)	
Excess of Revenues							
Over Expenditures		(1,622,086)		(2,038,843)		(416,757)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers In		2,538,415		2,302,664		(235,751)	
Transfers Out		(35,000)		(35,000)		-	
Total Other Financing				•			
Sources (Uses)		2,503,415		2,267,664		(235,751)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	881,329		228,821	\$	(652,508)	
Fund Balance - Beginning				2,717,649			
Fund Balance - Ending			\$	2,946,470			



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NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Enterprise Funds are used to account for the acquisition, operation and maintenance of government facilities and services, which are entirely or predominantly self-supported, by user fee and charges. The operations of Enterprise Funds are accounted for in such a manner as to show a profit or loss similar to comparable private enterprises.

The City maintains the following Nonmajor Enterprise Funds:

<u>Building Inspection Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for building-related activities within the City. Revenues are primarily generated by user licenses and permits.

Stormwater Utility Fund – This fund is used to account stormwater services in the City.

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COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS September 30, 2016

	Non	major Enterprise	Fund
	Building	Stormwater	Total Nonmajor
	Inspection Fund	Utility Fund	Enterprise Funds
ASSETS			
Current Assets:			A 4400 F74
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 853,077	\$ 329,494	\$ 1,182,571
Investments	-	514,029	514,029
Accounts Receivable - (Net)	-	2,501,695	2,501,695
Prepaid Items	464	1,500	1,964
Total Current Assets	853,541	3,346,718	4,200,259
Noncurrent Assets:			
Advances to Other Funds	1,359,984	-	1,359,984
Capital Assets:			
Land	-	19,802	19,802
Construction in Progress	-	2,387	2,387
Infrastructure	-	157,636	157,636
Machinery, Equipment and Vehicles	8,660	2,019,488	2,028,148
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		(1,851,752)	(1,851,752)
Total Capital Assets (Net)	8,660	347,561	356,221
Total Noncurrent Assets	1,368,644	347,561	1,716,205
Total Assets	2,222,185	3,694,279	5,916,464
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities:	40.700	20.447	00.000
Accounts Payable	43,782	39,447	83,229
Accrued Liabilities	23,774	76,837	100,611
Unearned Revenues	-	2,500,783	2,500,783
Advances from other Funds	-	117,476	117,476
Compensated Absences	6,231	17,851	24,082
Total Current Liabilities	73,787	2,752,394	2,826,181
Noncurrent Liabilities:			
Net OPEB Obligation	94,110	237,641	331,751
Compensated Absences	32,715	93,720	126,435
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	126,825	331,361	458,186
Total Liabilities	200,612	3,083,755	3,284,367
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	8,660	347,561	356,221
Restricted:	,,,,,	,	,
Building Fund	2,012,913	-	2,012,913
Unrestricted		262,963	262,963
Total Net Position	\$ 2,021,573	\$ 610,524	\$ 2,632,097

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS For Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2016

	Non	major Enterprise F	und
	Building Inspection Fund	Stormwater Utility Fund	Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
Operating Revenues: Charges for Services: Stormwater User Fees Licenses and Permits Miscellaneous Income	\$ - 105,618 1,217,889 16,771	\$ 3,518,028 - 33,962 3,451	\$ 3,518,028 105,618 1,251,851 20,222
Total Operating Revenues	1,340,278	3,555,441	4,895,719
Operating Expenses: Personal Services Material, Supplies, and Operating expenses Depreciation	757,871 190,599 	2,485,748 1,087,183 63,011	3,243,619 1,277,782 63,011
Total Operating Expenses	948,470	3,635,942	4,584,412
Operating Income (Loss)	391,808	(80,501)	311,307
Nonoperating Revenues: Interest Income Total Nonoperating Revenues		3,890 3,890	3,890 3,890
Income Before Contributions and Transfers	391,808	(76,611)	315,197
Transfers In Transfers Out	9,975 (29,220)	1,282 (274,098)	11,257 (303,318)
Change in Net Position	372,563	(349,427)	23,136
Total Net Position - Beginning	1,649,010	959,951	2,608,961
Total Net Position - Ending	\$ 2,021,573	\$ 610,524	\$ 2,632,097

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS For Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2016

		NonN	/lajo	r Enterprise F	unds	5
	Insp	Building pection Fund	S	Stormwater Fund		Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Receipts from Customers and Users Payments to Suppliers Payments to Employees	\$	1,340,278 (203,637) (738,511)	\$	3,555,068 (1,104,035) (2,530,873)	\$	4,895,346 (1,307,672) (3,269,384)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		398,130		(79,840)		318,290
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities Interfund Advances		(715,984)		(115,638)		(831,622)
Transfers to Other Funds Transfers from Other Funds		(29,220) 9,975		(274,098) 1,282		(303,318) 11,257
Net Cash Used by Noncapital Financing Activities		(735,229)		(388,454)		(1,123,683)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities Acquisition/Construction of Capital Assets		(8,660)		(2,137)		(10,797)
Net Cash Used by Capital and Related Financing Activities		(8,660)		(2,137)		(10,797)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Investment purchases Interest Income on Investments Net Cash Used by		-		(12,103) 3,890		(12,103) 3,890
Investing Activities		-		(8,213)		(8,213)
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(345,759)		(478,644)		(824,403)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		1,198,836		808,138		2,006,974
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	853,077	\$	329,494	\$	1,182,571
Cash and Cash Equivalents Classified As: Current Assets	\$	853,077	\$	329,494	\$	1,182,571
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	853,077	\$	329,494	\$	1,182,571

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STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS (CONTINUED) For Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2016

	E	Business Typ	e Ac	ctivities - Enterpr	ise Funds
		Building ection Fund	S	tormwater Fund	Total
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities Operating Income (Loss)	\$	391,808	\$	(80,501) \$	311,307
Depreciation		-	•	63,011	63,011
Change in Assets and Liabilities:					
Increase in Accounts Receivable		-		(306,729)	(306,729)
(Increase) Decrease in Prepaid Items		410		(1,142)	(732)
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable		9,534		(22,381)	(12,847)
Increase in Accrued Liabilities		5,985		11,013	16,998
Increase in OPEB Obligation		4,428		26,569	30,997
Decrease in Compensated Absences		(14,035)		(77,178)	(91,213)
Increase in Deferred Revenue		_		307,498	307,498
Total Adjustments		6,322		661	6,983
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	398,130	\$	(79,840) \$	318,290



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INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal Service Funds account for the financing of goods and services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the government and to other government units on a cost reimbursement basis.

<u>Risk Management</u> – This fund is used to account for the expenses incurred for workers' compensation claims, general and auto liability claims and property damage claims and the related administrative expenses to operate the City's risk management program. Revenues are generated by charges to the various departments and funds based on past experience and actuarial estimates.

<u>Employee Benefit</u> – This fund is used to account for expenses incurred for insured and self-insured benefits under the City's Section 125 "cafeteria" benefits plan maintained for City employees.

<u>Fleet Services</u> – This fund is used to account for the fiscal activity related to meeting the automotive and other vehicular needs of the City. This fund purchase vehicles, maintains them and charges user departments for the vehicular usage.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS September 30, 2016

		Risk	Employee		Fleet	
	Ma	anagement	Benefit	,	Services	Total
ASSETS						
Current Assets:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	2,348,002	\$ 907,812	\$	1,306,044	\$ 4,561,858
Investments		497,760			-	497,760
Accounts Receivable (Net)		-	99,527		-	99,527
Inventory		-	-		214,314	214,314
Prepaid Items		227,099	39,350		310	266,759
Total Current Assets		3,072,861	1,046,689		1,520,668	5,640,218
Capital Assets:						
Machinery, Equipment and Vehicles		-	-		9,031,462	9,031,462
Less Accumulated Depreciation		-	-		(7,308,084)	(7,308,084)
Total Capital Assets (Net)		-	-		1,723,378	1,723,378
Total Assets		3,072,861	1,046,689		3,244,046	7,363,596
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable		248,282	156,015		165,776	570,073
Accrued Liabilities		25,988	81,166		33,570	140,724
Capital Leases Payable			-		237,779	237,779
Compensated Absences		_	_		20,849	20,849
Claims Payable		825,785	_		20,040	825,785
Advances from Other Funds		023,703	_		184,196	184,196
Total Current Liabilities		1,100,055	237,181		642,170	1,979,406
Noncurrent Liabilities:						
Capital Leases Payable		-	-		240,540	240,540
Net OPEB Obligation		-	-		67,133	67,133
Compensated Absences		-	-		109,455	109,455
Claims Payable		2,163,840	-		-	2,163,840
Advances from Other Funds		-	-		1,448,910	1,448,910
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		2,163,840	-		1,866,038	4,029,878
Total Liabilities		3,263,895	237,181		2,508,208	6,009,284
NET POSITION						
Net Investment in Capital Assets		-	-		1,245,059	1,245,059
Unrestricted (Deficit)		(191,034)	809,508		(509,221)	109,253
Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$	(191,034)	\$ 809,508	\$	735,838	\$ 1,354,312

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

For Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2016

	Maı	Risk nagement	1	Employee Benefit	Fleet Services	Total
Operating Revenues:						
Charges for Services	\$	3,644,881	\$	11,831,117	\$ 2,978,763	\$ 18,454,761
Miscellaneous Income		1,002		128	-	1,130
Total Operating Revenues		3,645,883		11,831,245	2,978,763	18,455,891
Operating Expenses:						
Personal Services		976,164		1,539,864	1,012,455	3,528,483
Contracted Services		212,598		76,619	2,251	291,468
Supplies and Materials		87,657		70,013	1,457,246	1,544,903
Repairs and Maintenance		8,101		_	322,547	330,648
Other Services and Charges		106,125		30,183	15,260	151,568
Claims/Premium Expense		1,364,260		10,359,718	13,200	11,723,978
Depreciation		1,304,200		-	477,087	477,087
Total Operating Expenses		2,754,905		12,006,384	3,286,846	18,048,135
Operating Income (Loss)		890,978		(175,139)	(308,083)	407,756
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)						
Interest Income		6,374		_	2,189	8,563
Interest Expense and Fiscal Charges		-		_	(53,212)	(53,212)
Intergovernmental Revenues		_		_	49,592	49,592
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets		-		-	38,794	38,794
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		6,374		_	37,363	43,737
,					·	
Income (Loss) Before Transfers		897,352		(175,139)	(270,720)	451,493
Transfers In		-		_	1,559,981	1,559,981
Transfers Out		(323,282)		(595,111)	(22,300)	(940,693)
Change in Net Position		574,070		(770,250)	1,266,961	1,070,781
Total Net Position (Deficit) - Beginning		(765,104)		1,579,758	(531,123)	283,531
Total Net Position (Deficit) - Ending	\$	(191,034)	\$	809,508	\$ 735,838	\$ 1,354,312

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS For Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2016

	Ma	Risk anagement	Employee Benefit	FI	eet Services	Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Receipts from Customers and Users Payments to Suppliers Payments to Employees	\$	3,645,883 (1,264,023) (600,164)	\$ 11,811,681 (10,478,295) (1,539,864)	\$	2,991,113 (1,777,306) (1,004,694)	\$ 18,448,677 (13,519,624) (3,144,722)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		1,781,696	(206,478)		209,113	1,784,331
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities Interfund Advances Intergovernmental Revenues		-	-		68,106 49,592	68,106 49,592
Transfers from Other Funds		(323,282)	(595,111)		1,537,681	619,288
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities		(323,282)	(595,111)		1,655,379	736,986
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities Acquisition/Construction of Capital Assets Principal Paid on Capital Debt Interest Paid on Capital Debt Proceeds from Sales of Capital Assets		- - -	- - -		(904,136) (235,050) (53,212) 38,794	(904,136) (235,050) (53,212) 38,794
Net Cash Used by Capital and						
Related Financing Activities		-	-		(1,153,604)	(1,153,604)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Investment purchases Interest Income on Investments Net Cash Provided (Used) by		(497,760) 6,374	-		2,189	(497,760) 8,563
Investing Activities		(491,386)	_		2,189	(489,197)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		967,028	(801,589)		713,077	878,516
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		1,380,974	1,709,401		592,967	3,683,342
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	2,348,002	\$ 907,812	\$	1,306,044	\$ 4,561,858

Continued on the next page

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS For Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2016

	Ма	Risk nagement	Employee Benefit	Flee	t Services	Total
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities						
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	890,978	\$ (175,139)	\$	(308,083)	\$ 407,756
Depreciation Change in Assets and Liabilities:		-	-		477,087	477,087
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable (Increase) in Inventory		-	(19,564) -		12,350 (1,462)	(7,214) (1,462)
(Increase) Decrease in Prepaid Expenses		105,995	(39,330)		(199)	66,466
Increase in Accounts Payable		236,582	48,278		16,310	301,170
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Liabilities		8,516	(20,723)		5,349	(6,858)
Increase in OPEB Obligation		-	-		8,856	8,856
Decrease in Compensated Absences		-	-		(1,095)	(1,095)
Increase in Claims Payable		539,625	-		-	539,625
Total Adjustments		890,718	(31,339)		517,196	1,376,575
Net Cash Provided by (Used) in Operating Activities	\$	1,781,696	\$ (206,478)	\$	209,113	\$ 1,784,331

There are no noncash investing, capital, and financing activities.

PENSION TRUST FUNDS

Pension Trust Funds hold assets to be used to pay pension benefits to participants of the City's Police and Firefighters Retirement System.

<u>Police Officers</u> – This trust fund holds, invests and disburses funds to participants in the Plan who are Police Officers.

<u>Fire Fighters</u> – This trust fund holds, invests and disburses funds to participants in the Plan who are Fire Fighters.

<u>General Employees</u> – This trust fund holds, invests and disburses funds to participants in the Plan who are General Employees.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION TRUST FUNDS September 30, 2016

	Police	Fire	General	
ASSETS	Officers	Fighters	Employees	Total
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 3,914,049	\$ 3,369,813	\$ 6,177	\$ 7,290,039
Investments, at fair value:				
Common Stock	34,472,258	23,848,449	-	58,320,707
Domestic Equity Funds	5,617,886	3,881,260	115,608	9,614,754
U.S. Government securities	15,803,124	10,638,326	-	26,441,450
Corporate Bonds	7,754,096	5,220,060	-	12,974,156
Bond Funds	-	-	59,447	59,447
International Equity Funds	10,604,724	10,604,121	-	21,208,845
Real Estate Funds	9,473,915	9,473,914	-	18,947,829
Convertible Securities	6,965,587	6,933,340	-	13,898,927
Master Limited Partnership	3,044,614	3,041,817	-	6,086,431
Total investments	93,736,204	73,641,287	175,055	167,552,546
Receivables:				
Accrued Interest and Dividends	168,523	126,476	93	295,092
Due from Broker	420,418	305,682	-	726,100
State Contributions	-	52,011	-	52,011
Employer Contributions Receivable	-	30,292	-	30,292
Other	1,012	909	-	1,921
Total Receivables	591,718	517,500	(3,802)	1,105,416
Other assets:	19,339	15,024	48	34,411
Total Assets	98,261,310	77,543,624	177,478	175,982,412
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable	145,604	116,596	61	262,261
Deferred Retirement Option Benefits due and	, , , ,	.,		, ,
currently payable	_	411,510	_	411,510
Due to broker	1,098,939	773,932	-	1,872,871
Total Liabilities	1,244,543	1,302,038	61	2,546,642
NET POSITION				
Restricted for Pension Benefits	\$ 97,016,767	\$ 76,241,586	\$ 177,417	\$ 173,435,770

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PENSION TRUST FUNDS

For Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2016

	Police Officers	Fire Fighters	General nployees	Total
ADDITIONS				
Contributions:				
Employer	\$ 1,651,022	\$ 2,065,835	\$ -	\$ 3,716,857
Employee	605,032	519,031	-	1,124,063
State	684,840	559,910	-	1,244,750
Total Contributions	2,940,894	3,144,776	-	6,085,670
Investment Earnings:				
Net Appreciation in Fair Value of Investments	6,621,550	4,211,868	3,154	10,836,572
Interest and Dividends	2,666,123	2,192,994	13,522	4,872,639
Total Investment Earnings	9,287,673	6,404,862	16,676	15,709,211
Less: Investment Expenses	508,709	406,157	115	914,981
Net investment Income	8,778,964	5,998,705	16,561	14,794,230
Total Additions	11,719,858	9,143,481	16,561	20,879,900
DEDUCTIONS				
Benefits	4,856,501	4,514,229	4,115	9,374,845
Refunds	250,723	1,110	-	251,833
Administrative Expense	278,927	224,898	4,796	508,621
Total Deductions	5,386,151	4,740,237	8,911	10,135,299
Change in Net Position	6,333,707	4,403,244	7,650	10,744,601
Net Position - Beginning of Year	 90,683,060	71,838,342	169,767	162,691,169
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 97,016,767	\$ 76,241,586	\$ 177,417	\$ 173,435,770



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STATISTICAL SECTION

FINANCIAL TRENDS

These schedules contain tend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and condition have changed over time.

- 1. Net Position by Component
- 2. Changes in Net Position
- 3. Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
- 4. Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds

REVENUE CAPACITY

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

- 5. Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property
- 6. Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates
- 7. Principal Property Taxpayers
- 8. Property Tax Levies and Collections

DEBT CAPACITY

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the ability to issue additional debt in the future.

- 9. Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type
- 10. Direct and Overlapping Bonded Debt General Obligation Bonds
- 11. Pledged Revenue Coverage

DEMOGRAPHIC, ECONOMIC AND OPERATING INFORMATION

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators in addition to service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place and how the information in the report relates to services provided and activities performed.

- 12. Demographic and Economic Statistics
- 13. Principal Employers in the City of Palm Bay
- 14. FTEs of City Government Employees by Function/Program
- 15. Capital Asset Statistics
- 16. Operating Indicators by Function/Program

OTHER

These schedules offer additional financial information and the data required to be disclosed for the City's outstanding debt.

- 17. Impact Fee Revenues Collections and Balances
- 18. Utilities Debt Service Applicable to Transportation Projects
- 19. Historical Public Service Tax Collections by Category
- 20. Gallons of Taxable Fuel Sold Brevard County
- 21. Certified LOGT Revenues
- 22. Utility Debt Service Coverage
- 23. Utility Rate Comparison with Neighboring Utilities
- 24. Ten Largest Water and Wastewater System Customers

ADDITIONAL NOTES

The following schedules were omitted because they do not apply to the City:

Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding

Legal Debt Margin Information

The City has not issued General Bonded Debt for the last (10) years. Neither the City Charter or Code, nor the Florida Statutes limit the amount of debt the City can issue, therefore tables showing the legal debt limit and debt margins are not applicable.



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NET POSITION BY COMPONENT Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

					Fiscal Year	ar				
	2007	2008	5009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Governmental Activities Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 55,772,824	\$ 36,132,923 \$	39,382,891 \$	45,103,439 \$	64,944,616 \$	62,197,018 \$	66,933,138 \$	71,988,153 \$	70,258,921 \$	84,756,657
Restricted Unrestricted	9,967,111 (1.981.340)	16,765,888	13,186,748	11,054,682	8,965,925 (4.638,406)	7,900,735	7,587,515	5,964,416 (6.747.290)	5,746,759 (53.586.502)	5,763,641 (57.691.625)
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	\$ 63,758,595 \$	1 11	62,099,805 \$	65,342,136 \$	69,272,135 \$	65,337,077 \$ 62,099,805 \$ 65,342,136 \$ 69,272,135 \$ 70,144,964 \$ 71,374,983 \$ 71,205,279 \$ 22,419,178 \$ 32,828,673	71,374,983 \$	71,205,279 \$	22,419,178 \$	32,828,673
Business-Type Activities Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 27,892,942	\$ 27,930,259 \$	37,816,839 \$	43,159,143 \$	48,685,483 \$	60,343,032 \$	\$ 62,299,381 \$	\$ 61,749,179 \$	58,896,518	67,665,318
Restricted Unrestricted	28,448,684 24,254,476	24,283,483 27,415,051	23,554,282 20,824,288	18,902,136 21,647,095	14,989,123 20,437,168			16,204,682 8,693,892	17,373,682 13,934,194	17,669,639 11,060,046
Total Business-Type Activities Net Position	\$ 80,596,102 \$		82,195,409 \$	83,708,374 \$	84,111,774 \$	79,628,793 \$ 82,195,409 \$ 83,708,374 \$ 84,111,774 \$ 83,998,745 \$ 85,712,818 \$ 86,647,753 \$	85,712,818 \$	86,647,753 \$	90,204,394 \$	96,395,003
Primary Government Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 83.665.766	\$ 64,063,182 \$	\$ 082.661.77	88,262,582	\$ 113,630,099 \$	\$ 122.540,050 \$ 129.232,519 \$ 133.737,332	129,232,519 \$		\$ 129,155,439 \$	\$ 152,421,975
Restricted Unrestricted	38,415,795 22,273,136	41,049,371 39,853,317	36,741,030 30,354,454		23,955,048 15,798,762	22,218,789 9,384,870	22,202,362 5,652,920			23,433,280 (46,631,579)
Total Primary Government Net Position	\$ 144,354,697 \$	144,965,870 \$	144,295,214 \$	149,050,510 \$	153,383,909 \$	144,965,870 \$ 144,295,214 \$ 149,050,510 \$ 153,383,909 \$ 154,143,709 \$ 157,087,801 \$ 157,853,032 \$ 112,623,572 \$ 129,223,676	157,087,801 \$	157,853,032 \$	112,623,572 \$	129,223,676

CHANGES IN NET POSITION Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

6					Fiscal Year	ear				
	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Expenses										
Governmental Activities:										
General Government	\$ 12,351,486	\$ 12,379,684 \$	10,488,716 \$	8,294,658 \$	9,660,449 \$	7,838,165 \$	15,899,479 \$	11,320,574 \$	12,492,364 \$	18,278,547
Public Safety	38,161,047	34,673,552	36,258,434	34,825,258	37,294,661	33,687,869	33,939,602	34,103,180	32,769,687	31,933,038
Physical Environment	1,171,817	1,258,063	1,208,284	555,383	490,105	872,935	699'692	677,359	585,508	570,447
Transportation	12,721,189	12,887,696	11,440,490	13,021,454	13,676,102	12,984,446	9,036,843	8,442,089	8,363,210	9,065,890
Economic Environment	3,707,562	3,478,848	3,080,806	1,228,397	2,360,314	1,576,831	2,337,960	1,154,870	1,313,271	1,181,876
Culture/Recreation	11,575,119	11,181,805	10,279,722	9,601,349	8,992,328	3,890,650	3,899,965	4,098,455	4,873,978	3,988,802
Interest on Long-Term Debt	3,737,766	4,825,864	5,835,068	4,888,851	4,449,497	3,441,661	3,149,007	5,263,276	5,017,788	5,102,968
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	83,425,986	80,685,512	78,591,520	72,415,350	76,923,456	64,292,557	69,032,525	65,059,803	65,415,806	70,121,568
Business-Type Activities:										
Water and Wastewater	20,767,536	22,436,363	22,821,351	24,197,960	24,178,305	23,238,071	22,726,306	22,780,534	22,319,745	21,842,674
Building Inspections & Permitting	2,861,371	2,597,130	2,223,127	1,233,060	892,279	712,026	703,220	694,894	761,991	948,470
Stormwater Utility	•		•	٠	3,564,481	3,164,194	3,408,174	3,547,693	3,684,940	3,635,942
Solid Waste							5,050,744	5,107,458	5,332,128	5,367,656
Total Business-Type Activities Expenses	23,628,907	25,033,493	25,044,478	25,431,020	28,635,065	27,114,291	31,888,444	32,130,579	32,098,804	31,794,742
Total Primary Government Expenses	\$ 107,054,893	\$ 105,719,005 \$	103,635,998 \$	97,846,370 \$	105,558,521 \$	91,406,848 \$	100,920,969 \$	97,190,382 \$	97,514,610 \$	101,916,310
Program Revenues Governmental Activities: Charnes frr Servines:										
General Government	\$ 2,755,122	\$ 2,814,961 \$	2,847,118 \$	2,799,160 \$	2,739,313 \$	2,902,743 \$	2,927,501 \$	3,196,240 \$	3,014,113 \$	3,024,578
Public Safety	1,782,292	1,790,158	2,026,650	2,167,865	1,453,430	1,383,344	1,269,430	2,050,531	764,000	824,263
Physical Environment	115,428	127,513	111,135	135,167	4,979,119	5,136,773	223,441	226,297	232,242	281,573
Transportation	3,220,267	3,095,516	715,740	782,820	1,884,626	1,055,081	952,387	597,809	1,710,317	1,871,355
Economic Environment	636,839	597,228	1,348,931	866'289	45,299	27,433	72,764	139,089	103,081	109,255
Culture/Recreation	1,125,600	1,309,147	5,790,251	5,322,674	5,674,661	259,619	336,261	383,348	460,205	870,841
Operating Grants and Contributions	9,812,445	10,484,540	5,586,975	7,310,174	6,585,450	3,139,324	1,938,613	1,095,233	780,996	1,713,078
Capital Grants and Contributions	1,295,525	1,211,333	1,733,106	574,722	469,643	610,535	10,132,184	6,137,400	3,187,506	14,539,432
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues	20,743,518	21,430,396	20,159,906	19,780,580	23,831,541	14,514,852	17,852,581	13,825,947	10,252,460	23,234,375
Business-Type Activities:										
Charges for Services	23,296,325	22,952,062	22,200,034	23,477,022	27,765,064	26,861,196	33,812,755	34,289,146	35,731,792	37,513,330
Operating Grant and Contributions	•		183,392	24,862		54,425	•	19,965	•	
Capital Grants and Contributions	3,649,686	2,502,916	6,374,906	4,505,547	3,078,516	921,157	259,698	562,976	1,211,678	1,690,644
Total Business-Type Activities Program Revenues	26,946,011	25,454,978	28,758,332	28,007,431	30,843,580	27,836,778	34,072,453	34,872,087	36,943,470	39,203,974
Total Primary Government Program Revenues	\$ 47,689,529	\$ 46,885,374 \$	48,918,238 \$	47,788,011 \$	54,675,121 \$	42,351,630 \$	51,925,034 \$	48,698,034 \$	47,195,930 \$	62,438,349
Net (Expense)/Revenue										
Governmental Activities	\$ (62,682,468)	(29,	Ω.	<u>υ</u>	<u>g</u> ,	(49,7	<u>ς</u>)	<u>ς</u>)	<u>ς</u>	4 ,
Business-Type Activities	3,317,104	-		2,576,411			2,184,009	2,741,508	4,844,666	
Total Primary Government Net Expense	\$ (59,365,364)	\$ (58,833,631) \$	(54,717,760) \$	(50,058,359) \$	(50,883,400) \$	(49,055,218) \$	(48,995,935) \$	(48,492,348) \$	(50,318,680) \$	(39,477,961)

					Fiscal Year	ar				
	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position										
Governmental Activities:										
Property Taxes	\$ 25,941,327	\$ 27,335,274 \$	\$ 25,912,020 \$	27,399,051 \$	24,606,678 \$	22,759,737 \$	22,247,692 \$	22,257,795 \$	23,657,324 \$	24,729,117
Franchise Fees	6,261,214	6,212,976	6,361,164	5,731,594	5,281,867	4,935,960	4,958,135	5,330,303	5,414,637	5,367,504
Utility Service Taxes	6,223,557	6,138,775	6,317,399	6,847,450	6,732,890	6,865,192	7,304,617	7,883,592	7,978,611	8,288,194
Communication Service Taxes	3,579,131	4,452,802	3,766,126	3,739,028	3,521,956	3,446,340	3,313,753	3,014,756	2,953,713	2,756,084
State Revenue Sharing	2,643,050	7,414,286	6,932,441	6,966,869	7,221,568	7,633,919	8,282,875	8,848,921	9,691,968	10,074,949
Gas Tax	7,858,684	2,389,461	2,421,074	2,369,610	2,390,212	3,105,994	3,284,506	3,287,172	3,490,076	3,854,156
Investment Earnings	3,670,356	1,885,623	518,729	305,744	122,491	90,002	33,628	72,435	108,870	129,394
Miscellaneous	333,071	1,270,735	415,116	322,372	637,595	486,691	1,146,588	783,037	560,143	548,241
Transfers	4,107,511	3,379,970	2,550,273	2,195,383	2,480,899	1,326,699	903,994	1,170,069	1,607,411	1,549,049
Total Governmental Activities	60,617,901	60,479,902	55,194,342	55,877,101	52,996,156	50,650,534	51,475,788	52,648,080	55,462,754	57,296,688
Business-Type Activities:										
Investment Earnings	3,082,050	1,951,287	1,386,789	1,163,855	649,777	473,724	399,973	246,593	287,353	318,936
Miscelleneous	16,114	39,889	16,246	(31,918)	26,007	17,459	34,085	21,271	32,033	11,490
Transfers	(4,107,511)	(3,379,970)	(2,550,273)	(2,195,383)	(2,480,899)	(1,326,699)	(903,994)	(1,170,069)	(1,607,411)	(1,549,049)
Total Business-Type Activities	(1,009,347)	(1,388,794)	(1,147,238)	(1,063,446)	(1,805,115)	(835,516)	(469,936)	(902,205)	(1,288,025)	(1,218,623)
Total Primary Government	\$ 59,608,554	\$ 59,091,108 \$	\$ 54,047,104 \$	54,813,655 \$	51,191,041 \$	49,815,018 \$	51,005,852 \$	51,745,875 \$	54,174,729 \$	56,078,065
Special Item	· &	⇔ '	÷	↔ '	4,025,658 \$	€	<i>↔</i> '		٠	
Change in Net Position Governmental Activities Rusiness-Tyne Activities	\$ (2,064,567)	\$ 1,224,786 \$	\$ (3,237,272) \$	3,242,331 \$	3,929,999 \$	872,829 \$	295,844 \$	1,414,224 \$	299,407 \$	10,409,495
Total Primary Government	\$ 243,190		\$ (670,656) \$	4,755,296 \$	4,333,399 \$	759,800 \$	2,009,917 \$	3,253,527 \$	3,856,048 \$	16,600,104
1										

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

							Fiscal Year	ar				
		2007		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
General Fund												
Reserved	↔	102,494	s	75,216 \$	34,259 \$	20,932 \$	⇔ '	⇔ '	\$ '	⇔ '	€	
Unreserved		8,468,675		5,839,920	6,653,481	5,769,980	•		•	•	•	•
Nonspendable		•					7,836	5,743	1,647,185	61,938	46,334	39,002
Committed		•			•		•		•	227,109	184,176	184,628
Assigned		٠					1,539,853	1,525,044	525,456	82,644	152,211	50,883
Unassigned		•					4,530,160	7,069,823	9,833,161	9,668,623	7,899,629	8,900,009
Total General Fund	ઝ	8,571,169	s	5,915,136 \$	6,687,740 \$	5,790,912 \$	6,077,849 \$	8,600,610 \$	12,005,802 \$	10,040,314 \$	8,282,350 \$	9,174,582
All Other Govemmental Funds												
Reserved	↔	17,710,408 \$		18,045,827 \$	16,479,904 \$	14,891,522 \$	⇔ '	\$	⇔ -	⇔ '	•	
Unreserved, reported in:		6,541,669		1,224,581	2,169,036	535,780						
Special Revenue Funds		6,207,813	•	11,063,763	8,770,729	9,221,859						
Debt Service Funds		2,499,421		4,505,645	3,528,314	3,246,773						
Capital Projects Funds		21,908,906	•	14,067,769	9,167,355	7,903,411						
Nonspendable		•								1,048,796	15,980	17,289
Restricted		•					16,747,649	12,669,953	10,664,652	9,875,846	14,941,367	9,604,137
Committed		•					11,126	11,126		22,320	2,717,649	2,991,029
Assigned		•					201,780	391,769		82,497	144,627	647,747
Unassigned					٠	٠	(917,839)	(1,945,502)	(1,849,913)	(883,982)	(1,109,237)	(831,310)
Total All Other Governmental Funds	ઝ	54,868,217	\$	48,907,585 \$	40,115,338 \$	35,799,345 \$	16,042,716 \$	11,127,346 \$	8,814,739 \$	10,145,477 \$	16,710,386 \$	12,428,892

The City implemented the provisions of GASB 54 in fiscal year 2011. Fiscal years prior to 2011 have not been retroactively restated.

Source: City of Palm Bay Finance Department

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	i				Fiscal Year	ear				
	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Revenues										
Taxes	\$ 44.648.280 \$	40.572.979 \$	39.099.824	\$ 41.039.594 \$	37.925.252 \$	36.710.391	36.679.583 \$	36.976.223 \$	38.618.035 \$	40.176.777
Impact Fees	3,866,131	3,582,210			1.027.028			639,943		
Licenses and Permits	672 806	6 224 611	6 395 039	5 760 068	5 304 766	4 955 478	4 970 086	5 335 605	5 423 766	5 376 631
	70,700	0,524,00	0,000,000	2,00,00	0,001,000	4,000,4	4,00,000	0,00,00	7,150,100	44,610,000
intergovernmental Revenues	16,770,124	200,162,61	10,131,733	10,122,233	16,295,164	11,413,020	20,461,761	10,274,113	13,730,149	14,579,032
Charges for Services	3,582,326	3,884,461	4,159,430	3,292,144	8,684,082	9,237,360	3,975,672	3,555,264	3,060,208	3,381,246
Fines and Forfeitures	963,720	1,007,287	1,294,766	1,577,268	1,020,034	1,011,608	791,871	1,553,992	527,797	553,825
Investment Income	3,287,437	1,716,830	484,511	291,246	121,702	88,203	32,488	72,233	105,157	120,831
Contributions			1.412.220	1.704.617	1.281.897					
Miscellaneous Revenues	994.983	2.701.459	793,161	659,167	994,753	745.030	1.213.985	1.050.804	674.725	669.186
Total Revenues	76,785,807	77,921,339	72,736,439	73,407,141	74,654,698	64,534,147	68,865,621	65,458,179	64,043,492	67,034,101
Expenditures										
General Government	10 789 021	46 800 984	9 949 203	9 127 668	9337 427	7 526 638	7 753 501	10 628 283	10 823 743	14 493 101
Dublic Safety	34 387 867	35,076,003	34 204 555	37 312 623	34 586 201	32 157 090	33 402 862	23 218 111	32 918 077	31,307,101
Calaty	100, 100, 40	00,010,920	04,501,000	04,512,65	040,400	066, 101, 300	200,404,00	441,017,00	02,910,011	0++, 100, 10
Physical Environment	946,157	1,072,281	991,306	301,606	211,012	92,382	066	12,711	. !	
Transportation	9,333,319	9,176,293	8,041,241	9,413,087	9,642,321	9,429,373	5,282,387	4,580,076	4,624,274	4,599,336
Economic Environment	3,703,908	3,475,194	3,079,893	1,228,397	1,733,091	1,574,094	1,096,703	988,309	1,001,717	691,830
Culture/Recreation	10,752,234	10,320,295	9,377,080	8,585,222	7,714,253	3,392,219	3,510,980	3,791,612	4,550,190	3,610,577
Debt Service:										
Principal Retirement	1,427,666	1.838.015	2.368.676	3.682.804	16.351.987	2.221.789	2.217.335	2.460.197	1.967.805	2.344.046
Interest and Fiscal Charges	3 275 808	4 679 932	5,668,830	4 768 607	4518.073	3 330 325	3 2 1 0 1 5 0	3 959 193	4 505 412	4 431 182
Dead Joing Onto	0,273,000	4,07,0,004	600,000,0	1,00,00	0,0,0,0,0	0,000,000	0,419,109	0,909,190	4,000,4	4,451,102
Borna Issue Costs	427,609	1,110,931	2,000		080,661			. 0		
Capital Outlay	20,536,615	13,003,559	9,067,321	11,389,623	14,314,045	6,696,831	14,120,928	8,360,630	4,788,835	11,238,697
Total Expenditures	95,580,404	126,560,407	82,747,114	82,809,637	98,541,596	66,427,641	70,604,845	67,999,155	65,180,053	72,716,209
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over										
(Under) Expenditures	(18,794,597)	(48,639,068)	(10,010,675)	(9,402,496)	(23,886,898)	(1,893,494)	(1,739,224)	(2,540,976)	(1,136,561)	(5,682,108)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	:			1		1		!		
Iransfers In	11,146,679	13,660,907	10,333,769	10,967,555	9,474,108	7,048,290	9,253,219	11,746,077	10,416,938	11,192,306
Transfers Out	(7,542,101)	(12,223,856)	(8,645,122)	(9,802,172)	(8,117,209)	(7,547,405)	(7,915,475)	(10,484,089)	(9,217,429)	(10,262,545)
Proceeds From Sale of Capital Assets										409,500
Issuance of Debt	34,396,033	38,345,000			5,485,000				4,744,000	
Issuance of Refunding Debt							2,268,000	54,740,000		15,922,652
Proceeds From Capital Leases	145,832	240,352	302,655	3,024,022			506,890			754,000
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent		. •	. '				(2,215,000)	(54,095,765)	,	(15,723,067)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	38,146,443	40,022,403	1,991,302	4,189,405	6,841,899	(499,115)	1,897,634	1,906,223	5,943,509	2,292,846
Special Item					(2,424,693)					
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 19,351,846 \$	(8,616,665) \$	(8,019,373) \$	(5,213,091) \$	(19,469,692) \$	(2,392,609) \$	158,410 \$	(634,753) \$	4,806,948 \$	(3,389,262)
Debt Service as a Percentage of Noncapital Expenditures	6.62%	6.72%	10.90%	12.46%	24.33%	9.36%	9.73%	10.79%	10.76%	11.08%

General Government expenditures in fiscal year 2008 include \$36.2 million in pension obligation debt that was used to discharge the unfunded actuarial accrued liability of the Police and Firefighter's retirement plan.

Bond principal retirement in fiscal year 2011 includes the prepayment of the Palm Bay Road Loan fund.

ASSESSED AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year					Total	Less:	7	Total Taxable	Total
Ended	Centrally		Real	Personal	Estimated	Tax Exempt		Assessed	Direct Tax
September 30	Assessed	F	Property	Property	Actual Value	Property		Value	Rate
2016	\$ 4,043,730	\$ 5	5,826,201,100	\$ 302,075,674	\$ 6,132,320,504	\$ 2,864,512,704	\$	3,267,807,800	8.5000
2015	3,680,627	Ę	5,004,843,870	285,414,593	5,293,938,790	2,325,206,127		2,968,732,663	8.6326
2014	2,770,508	4	1,482,050,210	305,316,609	4,790,137,327	1,994,187,604		2,795,949,723	8.6326
2013	2,339,055	3	3,974,742,930	302,825,423	4,279,907,408	1,640,796,077		2,639,111,331	9.0000
2012	2,845,608	3	3,742,718,710	299,963,912	4,045,528,230	1,531,329,937		2,514,198,293	9.0000
2011	3,045,632	3	3,881,723,920	267,824,965	4,152,594,517	1,565,788,444		2,586,806,073	7.5000
2010	2,922,219	4	4,807,504,670	312,268,802	5,122,695,691	1,787,027,471		3,335,668,220	6.8165
2009	3,242,757	5	5,803,424,830	350,996,460	6,157,664,047	2,099,481,373		4,058,182,674	5.3000
2008	3,349,136	7	7,363,902,660	337,146,083	7,704,397,879	2,657,033,779		5,047,364,100	4.7429
2007	3,372,809	8	3,062,779,760	343,715,447	8,409,868,016	2,564,030,503		5,845,837,513	4.6000

PROPERTY TAX RATES – DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES Last Ten Fiscal Years

	City of	f Palm Bay Direc	et Rates		verlapping Rates Brevard County		Total
Fiscal Year	Operating Millage	Debt Service Millage	Total Direct Rates	Operating Millage	School District	Special Districts	Direct and Overlapping Rates
2016	8.5000	-	8.5000	6.0692	7.2750	0.4412	22.2854
2015	8.6326	-	8.6326	6.2310	7.3390	0.4633	22.6659
2014	8.6326	-	8.6326	6.3979	7.6060	0.4752	23.1117
2013	9.0000	-	9.0000	6.5199	8.0960	0.4782	24.0941
2012	9.0000	-	9.0000	6.5199	8.1120	0.4782	24.1101
2011	7.5000	-	7.5000	5.8249	7.6530	0.5627	21.5406
2010	6.8165	-	6.8165	5.1077	7.6870	0.5627	20.1739
2009	5.3000	-	5.3000	5.2628	7.6610	0.5627	18.7865
2008	4.7429	-	4.7429	5.2210	7.5310	0.5627	18.0576
2007	4.6000	-	4.6000	5.5370	7.6670	0.6600	18.4640

Source: Brevard County Tax Collector

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS September 30, 2016

		2016			2007	
Taxpayers	Taxes Assessed	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxes Levied	Taxes Assessed	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxes Levied
Harris Corporation	\$ 314,247	1	1.1%	\$ 188,227	1	0.7%
Intersil Corporation	129,285	2	0.5%	118,573	2	0.4%
WRH Madalyn Landings LLP	125,905	3	0.5%	-	-	-
815 Briar Creek Blvd & Holdings	112,316	4	0.4%	-	-	-
Palm Bay Shopping Plaza LLC	98,865	5	0.4%	-	-	-
Vinings Palm Bay Investment	98,020	6	0.4%	64,029	5	0.2%
Wal-Mart Stores East LP	81,543	7	0.3%	59,761	6	0.2%
Rivera Terrace Properties LLC	72,501	8	0.3%	-	-	-
RE Asset Holdings 2016-1 LLC	71,572	9	0.3%	-	-	-
H F Partnership LLP	69,713	10	0.3%	54,069	9.00	0.2%
Palm Bay Storage 18 (FL) LLC	69,713	11	0.3%	-	-	-
Bayside Lakes LLP	67,600	12	0.2%	-	-	-
Palm Bay Improvements LLC	67,178	13	0.2%	-	-	-
Bass Pro Outdoor World LLC	61,494	14	0.2%	-	-	-
Pavillions Manor Six LLC	58,682	15	0.2%	-	-	-
Creative Choice Homes XXV LTD	58,305	16	0.2%	-	-	-
Palm Bay Partners LLC	57,460	17	0.2%	-	-	-
Harris Corporation	56,615	18	0.2%	-	-	-
Park at Palm Bay LP	56,235	19	0.2%	-	-	-
Southern Malabar Cove LLC	54,080	20	0.2%	-	-	-
Edens & Avant	-	-	-	117,624	3	0.4%
Moallem, David	-	-	-	99,711	4	0.4%
WSL Glenbrook Investors V LLC	-	-	-	57,389	7	0.2%
Capstone Capital Corp	-	-	-	55,113	8	0.2%
Lighthouse Pointe Project	-	-	-	49,800	10	0.2%

Source: Brevard County Tax Collector

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal						
Year	Total Tax	Collected w	ithin the			
Ended	Levy for	Fiscal Year of	f the Levy	Collections in	Total Collection	ns to Date
September 30	Fiscal Year	Amount	% of Levy	Subsequent Years	Amount	% of Levy
2016	\$ 25,627,882	\$ 24,629,466	96.1%	\$99,652	\$ 24,729,118	96.5%
2015	24,125,115	23,528,650	97.5%	128,672	23,657,322	98.1%
2014	22,774,824	22,130,096	97.2%	127,699	22,257,795	97.7%
2013	22,782,392	21,817,153	95.8%	430,539	22,247,692	97.7%
2012	23,274,819	22,608,173	97.1%	151,563	22,759,737	97.8%
2011	25,012,443	24,376,725	97.5%	299,953	24,676,678	98.7%
2010	27,672,368	26,742,020	96.6%	657,032	27,399,052	99.0%
2009	26,663,652	25,099,966	94.1%	812,054	25,912,020	97.2%
2008	27,706,586	25,821,447	93.2%	1,513,827	27,335,274	98.7%
2007	26,301,541	24,662,850	93.8%	1,278,477	25,941,327	98.6%

City of Palm Bay, Florida

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE Last Ten Fiscal Years

20,763,420 \$ 37,200,000 \$ 1,109,260 \$ 148,339,784 6,51% 1,359	10%	6.51%	6.46% 7.03% 7.03%	6.51% 5.46% 7.03% 6.56% 6.56%	6.56% 7.37% 7.37%	6.46% 7.03% 6.56% 7.37% 7.59%	6.46% 7.03% 6.56% 7.37% 7.37% 9.71% 9.71%	6.46% 6.56% 7.03% 7.37% 7.37% 9.71% 10.14% 10.14%	6.46% 6.46% 7.03% 7.03% 7.59% 9.71% 10.14% 10.14% 10.183%
20,763,420 \$ 37,200,000 \$	Titalia.	20,763,420 \$ 37,200,000 \$ 1 26,940,143 28,000,000	26,940,143 28,000,000 \$ 129,197,731 31,590,000	20,763,420 \$ 37,200,000 \$ 1 26,940,143 28,000,000 1 29,197,731 31,590,000 1 63,561,079 -	20,763,420 \$ 37,200,000 \$ 1 26,940,143 28,000,000 1 29,197,731 31,590,000 1 63,561,079 .	20,763,420 \$ 37,200,000 \$ 1 26,940,143 28,000,000 1 29,197,731 31,590,000 1 63,561,079 - 68,586,012 .	26,940,143 28,000,000 \$ 126,940,143 28,000,000 1 29,197,731 31,590,000 1 63,561,079	26,940,143 28,000,000 \$ 126,940,143 28,000,000 1 29,197,731 31,590,000 1 29,566,012 - 73,234,911 - 95,688,103 - 100,344,685 - 10	26,940,143 28,000,000 \$ 126,940,143 28,000,000 1 29,197,731 31,590,000 1 29,566,012 - 73,234,911 - 95,668,103 - 100,344,685 - 104,567,561 - 104,667,561 - 104,667,561 - 106,446,685 - 106,446,687,561 - 106,446,685 - 106,446,446,446,446,446,446,446,446,446,4
\$ 4,744,000 \$	Franchise Fee	\$ 4,744,000 \$ 4,744,000	\$ 4,744,000 \$ 4,744,000	\$ 4,744,000 4,744,000	\$ 4,744,000 4,744,000	\$ 4,744,000 \$ 4,744,000 .	\$ 4,744,000 \$ 4,744,000 .	\$ 4,744,000 \$ 4,744,000	\$ 4,744,000 \$ 4,744,000
- \$ 3,041,000 \$	FMLC LOGT	3,625,000	3,625,000 3,885,000	3,041,000 \$ 3,625,000 3,885,000	3,625,000	3,625,000	3,041,000 \$ 3,625,000	↔	↔
\$ - \$ 000°117'5 \$	PST	600 761,000	•	A C	•	•	781,000	761,000	761,000
	BCRA	965,385 3,545,000			•	•	•	•	-
	Tax	. 00	- 00	0 0					
	Sales Tax TSO Sales	15,853,121 50,855,000							
	Taxable Special Sales	4,784,387 15,8							
	Local Option Tax			- 4,455,000					
5 485 000	Municipal								
2015	Ü		2014	2014	2014 2013 2012	2014 2013 2012 2011	2014 2013 2012 2011 2011	2014 2013 2014 2010 2010 2010 2010 2010 2010 2010	2014 2013 2013 2010 2010 2009

General Obligation Debt: The City has had no general obligation debt in the past ten years

Debt Limitation: The City does not have a legal debt limit

Source: City of Palm Bay Finance Department

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING BONDED DEBT – GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS September 30, 2015

Taxing District		Assessed Valuation	(Net Debt Dutstanding	Overlapping	(City's Share of Debt
Brevard County	\$	31,955,961,369	\$	79,072,359	10.23%	\$	8,089,102
City of Palm Bay Governme	ental	Activities Direct De	bt				
Bonds Payable			\$	76,889,269			
Notes Payable				10,995,000			
Capital Leases				1,382,836			89,267,105
Total Direct and Overlap	ping	Governmental A	ctiviti	es Debt		\$	97,356,207

Notes: Based on 2016 estimated taxable assessed valuation.

The percentage of overlapping debt is estimated using taxable property values. The calculation was derived by dividing the City's total taxable value by the total Outstanding debt for Brevard County

Sources: City of Palm Bay Finance Department Brevard County Finance Department

PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE Last Ten Fiscal Years

Water and Sewer System Revenue Bonds

Fiscal	C	Operating	(Operating	Net Available	Debt S	Servic	e	
Year		evenue (1)		penses (2)	Revenue	Principal		Interest	Coverage
2016	\$	26,930,542	\$	13,565,725	\$ 13,364,817	\$ 4,622,371	\$	2,072,108	2.00
2015		25,606,702		13,713,299	11,893,403	5,365,152		2,282,307	1.56
2014		24,556,798		13,261,955	11,294,843	4,608,347		2,937,545	1.50
2013		23,869,662		12,972,795	10,896,867	4,874,933		3,679,346	1.27
2012		23,351,079		12,772,311	10,578,768	4,503,899		3,396,741	1.34
2011		23,092,830		11,926,644	11,166,186	4,728,192		3,894,598	1.29
2010		23,521,722		12,148,574	11,373,148	4,546,582		4,373,963	1.27
2009		22,093,387		11,751,890	10,341,497	4,152,876		4,250,357	1.23
2008		22,582,007		12,252,791	10,329,216	4,033,688		4,268,957	1.24
2007		23,027,583		11,248,146	11,779,437	3,657,584		4,281,261	1.48

Notes:

Calculations for item (1) and (2) exclude construction and assessment fund activities; therefore, it will not tie directly to the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Fund Positions Proprietary Funds

This table does not include the full provisions of the bond covenants.

Source: City of Palm Bay Finance Department

⁽¹⁾ Operating Revenue includes interest income.

⁽²⁾ Direct Operating Expenses are operating expenses excluding depreciation and amortization.

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS Last Ten Years

V	D 1.0		Personal Income	F	er Capita	Median	Education Level in Years	School	Unemployment
Year	Population	(t	housands)		Income	Age	of Schooling	Enrollment	Rate
2016	109,162	\$	2,277,447	\$	20,863	40.7	14.1	14,661	5.4%
2015	107,481		2,276,018		21,176	40.6	14.0	14,896	5.9%
2014	105,815		2,121,273		20,047	40.3	14.0	14,618	6.5%
2013	104,693		2,130,607		20,351	39.9	14.0	14,386	7.4%
2012	103,681		2,017,529		19,459	38.7	14.1	14,422	9.4%
2011	103,504		2,048,448		19,791	38.9	14.1	13,386	10.3%
2010	103,422		2,155,004		20,837	38.0	14.1	14,677	12.1%
2009	102,397		2,117,774		20,682	38.1	13.9	14,612	11.9%
2008	102,519		2,040,231		19,901	38.1	13.9	15,014	7.3%
2007	101,793		2,019,878		19,843	38.0	13.9	14,130	5.0%

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS IN THE CITY OF PALM BAY Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2016			2007	
	Number of		% of Total	Number of		% Total
<u>Employer</u>	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
Harris Corporation	3,322	1	7.00%	3,927	1	7.94%
Brevard County School Board	1,884	2	3.97%	1,444	2	2.92%
City of Palm Bay	787	3	1.66%	901	3	1.82%
Palm Bay Hospital	639	4	1.35%	396	8	0.80%
Publix (3 of 3 locations reported)	452	5	0.95%	377	9	0.76%
Wal*Mart	388	6	0.82%	400	7	0.81%
Intersil	377	7	0.79%	669	5	1.35%
Winn Dixie (2 locations)	201	8	0.42%	187	11	0.38%
Eastern Florida State College	223	9	0.47%	230	10	0.47%
AAR Corp	140	10	0.29%			
Home Depot	160	11	0.34%	150	12	0.30%
Bass Pro Shop	123	12	0.26%			
MC Assembly				826	1	1.67%
DRS Optronics (2 locations)				526	6	1.06%
Palm Bay Ford				89	14	0.18%
Midwest Research				82	15	0.17%
Palm Bay Comm.Charter SchPatriot				107	13	0.22%
Totals	8,696		18.32%	10,311	-	20.86%

Note:

Number of employees listed is employed within the City of Palm Bay

Sources:

US Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, Local Area Unemployment Statistics City of Palm Bay Growth Management Department City of Palm Bay Budget Division Schedule 14 Statistical Section

City of Palm Bay, Florida

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2016	2015	2014	2013	Fis 2012	Fiscal Year 2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
General Government										
Legislative	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Management	2	9	9	7	7	10	11	12	41	12
Finance	22	20	19	18	36	35	32	32	32	32
Community Planning	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	15	15	14
Other	28	38	36	32	29	31	31	36	33	35
Public Safety										
Police	243	249	249	251	250	261	265	271	274	262
Fire	136	134	133	133	138	130	131	139	141	143
Code Enforcement										7
Building	17	15	14	13	14	17	24	29	41	42
Physical Environment										
Utilities	135	135	134	133	118	120	118	118	119	108
Economic Environment Economic /Neighborhood Development	۲	4	4	Ŋ	9	0	0	O	7	4
Transportation										
Public Works	126	120	120	121	117	127	120	131	140	139
Culture/Recreation										
Parks	52	52	50	50	54	58	58	71	80	85
Total	807	779	771	292	775	804	805	867	904	901

Note: The methodology for calculating the full-time equivalents was changed in fiscal year 2007 to include part-time employees.

Source: City of Palm Bay Budget Division

City of Palm Bay, Florida

CAPITAL ASSETS STATISTICS Last Ten Fiscal Years

						证	Fiscal Year			
	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Police										
Stations	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Patrol Units	125	125	127	127	127	127	127	127	127	127
Policemen and Officers	160	160	160	152	160	166	166	166	165	163
Fire										
Stations	9	9	9	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Firefighters and Officers	123	135	123	122	122	127	118	118	122	125
Public Works										
Streets (miles)	865	865	865	862	862	862	862	862	862	862
Street lights	5108	3968	3960	3960	3960	3960	3960	3960	3960	3960
Parks and Recreation										
Community Centers	7	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_
Developed Parks	32	31	31	31	31	25	25	25	22	19
Acreage of developed parks	515	315	314	314	314	241	241	241	234	233
Acreage of all park land	2225	2025	2025	2025	2025	1674	1674	1674	1500	1500
Water System										
Water mains (miles)	617	614	614	604	603	296	280	551	545	539
Fire hydrants	2899	2888	2888	2886	2886	2833	2739	2746	2570	2347
Treatment plants	က	က	က	3	က	က	က	က	က	ဂ
Service connections	33221	32812	32495	32232	31811	31630	31145	30339	29840	29389
Capacity (mgd)	15.5	15.5	15.5	15.5	15.5	15.5	15.5	15.5	15.5	15.5
Wastewater System										
Sanitary sewer lines (miles)	301	295	295	295	290	290	290	290	296	296
Treatment plants	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Service connections - sewer	16484	16221	16023	15323	15031	14909	14807	14455	14316	14077
Service connections - reclaimed water	427	425	425	424	421	420	416	105	96	82
Treatment capacity (mgd)	5.2	5.5	5.2	5.2	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.2	5.2	5.5

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM Last Ten Fiscal Years

						Fiscal Year				
	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Police										
Physical Arrests	2,530	3,076	3,612	3,295	3,504	4,655	3,715	3,805	3,648	3,805
Parking Violations (1)	0	1	1	2	10	257	317	24	89	54
Traffic Tickets (1)	3,842	4,847	5,765	6,361	6,626	9,998	16,785	17,394	19,392	20,243
Total Traffic Stops (1)	11,075	10,568	12,731	12,009	22,117	22,424	39,851	31,685	30,482	27,183
Calls for Service (1)	87,635	143,882	159,576	148,938	229,903	243,417	195,756	202,348	196,688	187,854
Fire										
Number of calls for service	14,443	13,408	12,285	11,683	11,317	11,115	10,520	10,263	9,780	9,441
Number of fires extinguished	405	280	275	275	251	450	455	320	335	419
Public Works										
Refuse Collection (pounds) (5)	•	•	•	•	•	61,540	115,690	138,913	N/A	218,149
New Street Miles	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	
Canal Clearing (6)	716,105	16,888	4,820	34,071	67,238	A/N	A/N	A/N	Α/Z	A/N
New Street (2)	•	•	~							864
Potholes repaired	1,275	1,441	1,286	1,108	888	620	946	1,190	1,106	1,051
Parks and Recreation	70000	0	0	0	r (, C		00	2.00	100
Community Center Attendance (3)	12,989	18,690	20,341 566	18,827	15,614	20,545	26,501 275	23,701	29,182	1,704
Program Membership (3)	6,764	4,363	4,344	2,031	928	1,341	1,396	1,328	1,594	1,361
Water System										
New Connections	409	317	263	421	181	485	806	499	451	1,054
water main breaks Average daily consumption (millions of gallons)	0 6	- დ	- v	- w	- c	၀ ၒ	<u>o</u>	၀ ဖ	<u>ი</u> დ	0 9
Active accounts	33,221	32,812	32,495	32,232	31,811	31,630	31,145	30,339	29,840	29,389
Wastewater System Average daily sewage treatment (millions of nations)	e	ď	ď	e	ď	ď	ď	e	4	4
Active Accounts	16,484	16,221	16,023	15,323	15,031	14,949	14,807	14,455	14,316	14,077
Building										
l otal Inspections Permits Issued	12,874 6,328	10,461 5,468	9,783 4,823	8,006 4,131	7,990 3,980	8,497 4,332	8,851 4,473	9,216 4,328	15,493 5,442	21,084 6,836

Source: Various City Departments

Source: Various City Departments

(1) Information prior to 2007 could not be retrieved

(2) Information could not be retrieved

(3) Information prior to 2007 unavailable due to change in software system

(5) No longer being tracked

(6) No longer tracking in 2012 - decrease in 2014 due to concentration on drainage cleaning.

In 2016, canal clearning transitioned to a more accurate GIS information tracking system. This accounts for the large varience.

IMPACT FEE COLLECTIONS AND BALANCES Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal	Police		Fire		Parks	Tra	nsportation		Total
Year	Impact Fees	s In	npact Fees	lm	pact Fees	Im	npact Fees	(Collections
2016	\$ 21,97	\$	145,907	\$	325,258	\$	1,688,950	\$	2,182,085
2015	19,630	6	121,065		189,269		1,574,917		1,904,887
2014	10,71	1	61,972		119,130		454,802		646,618
2013	7,62	1	54,444		128,377		529,713		720,155
2012	2,390	6	15,885		42,650		311,526		372,457
2011	6,41	7	40,492		105,915		1,105,388		1,258,212
2010	7,114	1	49,204		121,662		906,921		1,084,901
2009	13,370)	82,651		153,867		859,033		1,108,920
2008	27,498	3	173,904		296,432		7,491,291		7,989,125
2007	39,090)	261,595		390,840		4,190,909		4,882,434

Balances

		_	aiaiioo	•		
Туре	b	Balance at eginning of iscal Year	(Collections	Uses	salance at end of iscal Year
Police Impact Fees	\$	38,075	\$	21,970	\$ 41,875	\$ 18,170
Fire Impact Fees		177,663		145,907	121,666	201,904
Parks Impact Fees		454,406		325,258	191,525	588,139
Transportation Impact Fees		1,833,043		1,688,950	1,884,873	1,637,120
Totals	\$	2,503,187	\$	2,182,085	\$ 2,239,939	\$ 2,445,333

Significant Usage

St. Johns Heritage Parkway North Extension	733,352
Parkway-Malabar North	98,688
Transfer to Debt Service for 2015 Sales Tax Bond	227,212
Transfer to Debt Service for 2014 LOGT Gas Tax Note	634,172
Transfer to Community Investment Fund	191,449

Note: Collections include interest earnings

Sources: City of Palm Bay Finance Department

UTILITIES DEBT SERVICE APPLICABLE TO TRANSPORTATION PROJECTS Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Debt S	Service			
			;	Special		
	Refu	unding Bonds	Asses	sment Bonds	Porti	on Related To
Fiscal Year	Se	eries 2005B	Se	eries 2003	Road	Improvements
2016	\$	3,658,917	\$	246,850	\$	1,677,011
2015		1,777,681		248,250		868,668
2014		1,774,082		248,365		867,169
2013		1,818,251		248,053		886,030
2012		1,465,189		247,403		733,941
2011		1,774,308		246,393		866,437
2010		1,648,158		250,043		813,726
2009		1,656,558		183,274		789,295
2008		1,654,208		111,747		758,243
2007		1,388,458		115,176		645,411

Note:

Portion of project costs related to roadway restoration and drainage improvements: 43% for 1998 Utility Revenue Bonds 42% for 2003 Utility Assessment Bonds

Portion of principal for Special Assessment Bonds was prepaid in fiscal year 2006.

Source: City of Palm Bay Utilities

City of Palm Bay, Florida

Historical Sales Tax Revenue and Debt Service Coverage	
Historical Public Service Tax Receipts By Category	

Last Ten Fiscal Years	Years									Last Ten Fiscal Years	rs				
Fiscal			Communication							Fiscal	Sales Tax	, Tax	Max Anr	Max Annual Debt	Debt Service
Year	Electricity		Services		Gas		Water		Total	Year	Revenue	nue	Service 2(Service 2006 Bonds	Coverage
2016	\$ 6,862,108	\$	2,756,084	⇔	97,281	↔	1,328,805	\$	11,044,278	2016	5	5,900,650	s	1,054,406	5.60
2015	6,597,099		2,953,713		100,256		1,281,256		10,932,324	2015	5	5,627,552		1,162,250	4.84
2014	6,533,657		3,014,756		115,725		1,234,210		10,898,348	2014	2	5,245,081		1,162,250	4.51
2013	5,994,198		3,313,753		91,033		1,219,386		10,618,370	2013	2	5,012,444		1,162,250	4.31
2012	5,538,018		3,446,340		120,661		1,206,514		10,311,533	2012	4	4,790,989		1,162,250	4.12
2011	5,523,218		3,637,601		80,387		1,129,285		10,370,491	2011	4	4,555,098		1,162,250	3.92
2010	5,691,766		3,854,672		96,210		1,059,474		10,702,122	2010	4	4,456,874		1,162,250	3.83
2009	5,182,844		3,833,585		94,338		1,040,217		10,150,984	2009	4	4,484,366		1,162,250	3.86
2008	5,000,445		4,105,868		101,806		1,036,524		10,244,643	2008	4	4,698,617		1,162,250	4.04
2007	5,077,133		3,579,131		93,367		1,053,058		9,802,689	2007	4	4,916,124		1,162,250	4.23

Historical Pledged State Revenue Sharing Funds

Years	State Revenue	Sharing	\$ 4,109,953	3,997,325	3,603,840	3,270,431	2,842,930	2,666,470	2,509,995	2,448,073	2,715,669	2,942,559
Last Ien Fiscal Years	Fiscal	Year	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007

CERTIFIED GALLONS OF TAXABLE FUEL SOLD IN BREVARD COUNTY, FLORIDA AND LOCAL OPTION GAS TAX REVENUE Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Motor Fuel	Diesel Fuel	Total	Opt	nnual Local ion Gas Tax Revenue
2016	\$ 251,459,738	\$ 149,535,894	\$ 400,995,632	\$	3,854,156
2015	235,247,029	127,886,050	363,133,079		3,490,076
2014	132,380,145	19,992,183	152,372,328		3,287,172
2013	234,444,633	115,596,498	350,041,132		3,284,506
2012	236,330,147	106,207,434	342,537,581		3,105,994
2011	239,919,288	37,011,535	276,930,822		2,390,212
2010	247,235,293	32,236,346	279,471,639		2,369,610
2009	240,360,931	33,874,396	274,235,327		2,421,074
2008	247,296,412	37,893,942	285,190,354		2,389,461
2007	259,371,190	40,972,456	300,343,646		2,643,050

Sources: Florida Department of Revenue City of Palm Bay Finance Department

DISTRIBUTION OF BREVARD COUNTY LOCAL OPTION GAS TAX REVENUES Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2016

Jurisdiction	Percent Share Total	Percent Share Municipalities	Re	2016 venue Share
Brevard County	47.14	0.000%	\$	9,534,259
Cape Canaveral	1.43	2.710%		289,683
Cocoa	2.26	4.270%		456,472
Cocoa Beach	1.54	2.910%		311,147
Grant-Valkaria	0.50	0.946%		101,091
Indialantic	0.47	0.882%		94,293
Indian Harbor Beach	1.46	2.768%		295,914
Malabar	0.46	0.868%		92,850
Melbourne	13.90	26.304%		2,812,222
Melbourne Beach	0.29	0.548%		58,629
Melbourne Village	0.08	0.145%		15,491
Palm Bay	17.68	33.448%		3,575,926
Palm Shores	0.11	0.205%		21,920
Rockledge	3.75	7.101%		759,184
Satellite Beach	2.08	3.938%		421,056
Titusville	4.25	8.036%		859,099
West Melbourne	2.60	4.921%		526,158
Total	100.00	100.00%	\$	20,225,394

Source: Brevard County Board of County Commissioners

City of Palm Bay, Florida

UTILITIES DEBT SERVICE COVERAGE Last Ten Fiscal Years

		2002	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Operating Revenues	€)	0,562	\$ 20,823,230 \$	21,	``	22,511,829 \$	22,931,067 \$	23,488,824 \$	24,336,022 \$	25,381,193 \$	26,654,593
Interest Income		2,557,021		854,489	895,337	581,001	4	380,838	220,776	225,509	275,950
Operating Expenses (excl. depreciation/amortization)	¥	(11,248,146)	(12,252,791)	(11,751,890)	(12,148,574)	(11,926,644)	(12,772,311)	(12,972,795)	(13,261,955)	(13,713,299)	(13,565,725)
	9	9 101.011.1	0,329,210	9	9 01 10 70 11	90,100,100	0,070,070,01	0,090,060	0 040,467,1	000,000,1	0,004,00
Restricted MLE Account Balance		1,683,700	1,683,700	1,683,700	1,683,700	1,683,700	1,683,700	1,683,700	1,683,700	1,771,681	1,768,801
MLE Portion Attributable to MLE Expansion %		1,388,458	1,654,207	1,656,558	1,648,158	1,089,046	1,465,189	1,773,251	1,774,082	1,777,681	818,917
Connection Fees Available for Debt Service		3,075,233	3,995,072	4,076,150	4,505,572	4,080,322	3,666,511	3,665,453	3,662,264	3,133,651	3,372,758
Parity Debt Service	€9	7,938,844	\$ 8,302,645 \$	8,403,233 \$	8,920,545 \$	7,937,528 \$	7,900,640 \$	8,205,614 \$	7,545,892 \$	7,647,459 \$	6,694,479
1998 Revenue Bonds		,	,		, ;		,			,	, ;
2001 Revenue Bonds		1,200,000	1,300,000	1,400,000	1,920,000	1,920,000	1,920,000	1,920,000	1,920,000	1,920,000	1,920,000
2002 Refunding Bonds		3.785,388	3.786.288	3.783,688	3.784,500	3.787.900	3.787,900	3.784,500	3.298,600		
2004 Revenue Bonds		191,162	188,538	190,387	192,087	192,488	192,688	192,688	28,744	•	1
2005 A Revenue Bonds		839,712	839,712	839,712	839,712	419,856					1
2005 B Refunding Bonds		1,388,457	1,654,207	1,656,558	1,648,158	1,089,046	1,465,189	1,773,251	1,774,082	1,777,681	342,706
2014 Refunding Note									451,808	3,949,778	3,955,562
ZOTO Retunding Note Total Debt Service	€9	7,938,844	8,302,645	8,403,233	8,920,545	7,937,528	7,900,640	8,205,614	7,545,892	7,647,459	6,694,479
DEBT SERVICE COVERAGE											
PART A: Parity Debt Service											
Test 1 Net Revenues	↔	11,779,437	10,329,216	10,341,497	11,373,148	11,166,186	10,578,768	10,896,867	11,294,843	11,893,403	13,364,818
Parity Debt Service Less Portion Attributable to MLE Expansion %		6,550,386	6.648,438	6.746.675	7,272,387	6.848,482	6,435,451	6,432,363	5,771,810	5,869,778	5.875,562
Actual Required and		1.80	1.55	1.53	1.56	1.63	1.64	1.69	1.96	2.03 1.10	2.27 1.10
Net Revenues Restricted MLE Account Balance Total	θ θ	11,779,437 \$ 1,683,700 13,463,137 \$	\$ 10,329,216 \$ 1,683,700 \$ 12,012,916 \$	10,341,497 \$ 1,683,700 12,025,197 \$	11,373,148 \$ 1,683,700 13,056,848 \$	11,166,186 \$ 1,683,700 12,849,886 \$	10,578,768 \$ 1,683,700 12,262,468 \$	10,896,867 \$ 1,683,700 12,580,567 \$	11,294,843 \$ 1,683,700 12,978,543 \$	11,893,403 \$ 1,771,681 13,665,084 \$	13,364,818 1,768,801 15,133,619
Parity Debt Service		7,938,844	8,302,645	8,403,233	8,920,545	7,937,528	7,900,640	8,205,614	7,545,892	7,647,459	6,694,479
Actual Required		1.70	1.45	1.43	1.46	1.62	1.55	1.53	1.72	1.79	2.26
or PART B: Parity Debt Service		2				2			}		:
TERRY Net Revenues Connection Fees Available for Debt Service	€ 6	33	\$ 10,329,216 \$ 3,995,072		4,505,572		3,666,511		11,294,843 \$ 3,662,264	ω ₋ -	13,364,818
Total	₩	14,854,670	\$ 14,324,288 \$	14,417,647 \$	15,878,720 \$	15,246,508 \$	14,245,279 \$	14,562,320 \$	14,957,107 \$	15,027,054 \$	16,737,576
Parity Debt Service Less Portion Attributable to MLE Expansion %		6,550,386	6,648,438	6,746,675	7,272,387	6,848,482	6,435,451	6,432,363	5,771,810	5,869,778	5,875,562
Actual Required		2.27	2.15	2.14	2.18	2.23	2.21	2.26	2.59	2.56	2.85
Test 2	6	4 720 401	000007				40 770 760	000 000	20 20 20 20 20 20	000	0.00
Connection Fees Available for Debt Service	9		3,995,072	4,076,150	4,505,572	4,080,322				o —	3,372,758
Restricted MLE Account Balance Total	υ	1,683,700	1,683,700	1,683,700	1,683,700	16,930,208 \$	15,928,979 \$	1,683,700	1,683,700	16,798,735 \$	1,768,801
Parity Debt Service		7,938,844	8,302,645	8,403,233	8,920,545	7,937,528	7,900,640	8,205,614	7,545,892	7,647,459	6,694,479
Actual Required .		2.08	1.93	1.92	1.97	2.13	2.02	1.98	2.21	2.20	2.76
Proviso Net Revenues Desiry Desiry Control	Đ	11,779,437	10,329,216	10,341,497	11,373,148	11,166,186	10,578,768	10,896,867	11,294,843	11,893,403	13,364,818
)		20.0	1 23	1 37						000
Actual Required		1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Note: The calculation of Net Revenue only includes utility water and sewer fund activities	vater and	sewer fund act	ivities.								
Source: City of Palm Bay											

UTILITY RATE COMPARISON WITH NEIGHBORING UTILITIES September 30, 2016

	\	Vater	Was	stewater	 Total
Neighboring Utilities					
City of West Melbourne	\$	45.63	\$	38.52	\$ 84.15
City of Daytona Beach		35.33		47.22	82.55
City of Port St. Lucie		27.76		52.85	80.61
City of Palm Bay		31.57		45.68	77.25
City of Melbourne		30.85		46.08	76.93
City of Cocoa		27.86		44.50	72.36
City of Edgewater		30.53		43.67	74.20
City of Holly Hill		33.87		38.94	72.81
Brevard County		24.31		39.60	63.91
Indian River County		19.20		28.88	48.08
City of Vero Beach		17.75		37.84	55.59
City of New Smyrna Bch		16.92		38.96	55.88
City of Ormond Beach		23.62		31.08	54.70
City of Port Orange		24.50		33.45	57.95
Average of Neighboring Utilities	\$	27.55	\$	40.12	\$ 67.67

Note:

Amounts shown are for 5,000 gallons monthly service and reflect standard residential single family rates effective October 1, 2015 and are exclusive of taxes.

Source: City of Palm Bay Billing & Collections Division

TEN LARGEST WATER AND WASTEWATER SYSTEM CUSTOMERS September 30, 2016

Water Customers	12-Month Usage (1)	Percent of Total	Revenue Senerated	Percent of Total
Harris Corporation	32,484	1.67%	\$ 136,600	0.98%
Woodlake Village Apts.	26,456	1.36%	164,832	1.19%
Bridlewood Real Estate LLC	17,830	0.91%	109,197	0.79%
School Board of Brevard County	17,713	0.91%	108,401	0.78%
The Park at Palm Bay	16,518	0.85%	93,563	0.67%
Palm Bay Community Hosp	16,229	0.83%	110,779	0.80%
Vinings Palm Bay Investment LLC	14,081	0.72%	78,820	0.57%
WRH Madalyn Landing	12,889	0.66%	69,811	0.50%
The Pines of Palm Bay LLC	12,334	0.63%	80,742	0.58%
CG I & II Condo Association Inc.	11,268	0.58%	67,258	0.48%
Total	177,802	9.12%	\$ 1,020,003	7.35%

Wastewater Customers	12-Month Usage (1)	Percent of Total	Revenue Generated	Percent of Total
Harris Corporation Woodlake Village Apts. Bridlewood Real Estate LLC School Board of Brevard County The Park at Palm Bay Palm Bay Community Hosp Vinings Palm Bay Investment LLC WRH Madalyn Landing The Pines of Palm Bay LLC CG I & II Condo Association Inc.	32,484 26,456 17,830 17,005 16,518 16,229 14,081 12,889 12,334 11,268	3.14% 2.56% 1.73% 1.65% 1.60% 1.57% 1.36% 1.25% 1.19%	\$ 242,812 162,160 113,434 140,321 108,601 80,338 109,775 89,173 72,593 100,841	2.42% 1.61% 1.13% 1.40% 1.08% 0.80% 1.09% 0.89% 0.72% 1.00%
Total	177,094	17.14%	\$ 1,220,048	12.13%

(1) In thousands of gallons

Source: City of Palm Bay



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SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE For the year ended September 30, 2016

FEDERAL AWARDS				Pass Through
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor Program Title	CFDA <u>Number</u>	Grantor Number / Pass Through <u>Grantor's Number</u>	Federal Expenditures	to <u>Subrecipients</u>
U.S. Department of Housing & Urban Development				
Community Development Block Grant	14.218	B-14-MC-12-0032	\$ 221,991	\$ 89,710
Community Development Block Grant	14.218	B-15-MC-12-0032	312,569	-
Community Development Block Grant (NSP)	14.218	B-11-MN-12-0021	123,027	
Total Community Development Block Grant Cluster			657,587	89,710
Passed through Brevard County:				
HOME Grant	14.239	M-12-DC-12-0200	16,432	-
Total Department of Housing & Urban Development			674,019	89,710
U.S. Department of Justice				
Passed through the Florida Office of the Attorney General:				
Victim Crime Act Grant	16.575	V170-15113	20,428	
Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program	16.607	03/04	3,057	
2014 Edward Byrne Memorial Justice	16.738	2014-DJ-BX-0386	42,390	
Total Passed through the Florida Office of the Attorney General			65,875	•
Equitable Sharing Program	16.922	FL0051200	350	
Total U.S. Department of Justice			66,225	
U.S. Department of Transportation				
Passed through Florida Department of Transportation:				
Highway Planning and Construction (SR 5/US 1 Lighting)	20.205	AR 305	964,387	•
Passed through Florida Department of Environmental Protection:	00.040	T40044	00.740	
Recreation Trails Program (Cross City Trail - Phase 1) Total Highway Planning and Construction Cluster	20.219	T12014	63,712 1,028,099	
Total U.S. Department of Transportation			1,028,099	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ 1,768,343	\$ 89,710

Continued on the next page

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE (CONTINUED) For the year ended September 30, 2016

STATE AWARDS	CSFA	Grantor	State	Pass Through to
Agency/Program	Number	<u>Number</u>	<u>Expenditure</u>	<u>Subrecipients</u>
Florida Department of Environmental Protection				
Bayfront Community Stormwater Improvements Total Florida Department of Environmental Protection	37.039	S0801	\$ 2,137 2,137	\$ - -
Florida Department of Economic Opportunity				
The Range-Regional Training Complex Total Florida Department of Economic Opportunity	40.038	HL009	799,983 799,983	· ·
Florida Department of Transportation				
Malabar Parkway Total Florida Department of Transportation	55.032	AR464	449,474 449,474	· ·
Florida Housing Finance Agency State Housing Initatives Partnership Program Total Florida Housing Finance Agency	40.901	N/A	552,484 552,484	-
TOTAL STATE EXPENDITURES			\$ 1,804,078	\$ -
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FILE	NANCIAL ASSISTANCE		\$ 3,572,421	\$ 89,710

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND FINANCIAL STATE ASSISTANCE For Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2016

NOTE 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state assistance is presented using the modified basis of accounting for grants accounted for in governmental funds and the accrual basis of accounting for grants accounted for in proprietary funds.

NOTE 2 - Indirect Cost Rate

The Uniform Guidance allows a City to elect a 10% de minimus indirest cost rate. For the year ended September 30, 2016, the City elected not tho use this rate.

NOTE 3 - Non-cash Awards

The City did not receive any non-cash federal awards.



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Carr, Riggs & Ingram, LLC 215 Baytree Drive Melbourne, Florida 32940 (321) 255-0088 (321) 259-8648 (fax) www.cricpa.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Palm Bay, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Palm Bay, Florida, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Palm Bay, Florida's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 13, 2017. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of Police and Firefighters' Retirement System, as described in our report on the City of Palm Bay, Florida's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Palm Bay, Florida's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Palm Bay, Florida's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Palm Bay, Florida's internal control.

A *deficiency* in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Palm Bay, Florida's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Organization's Response to Findings

Caux Rigge & Ingram, L.L.C.

The Organization's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The Organization's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Melbourne, Florida June 13, 2017





INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND STATE PROJECT; REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE; AND REPORT ON THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND CHAPTER 10.550, RULES OF THE FLORIDA AUDITOR GENERAL

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Palm Bay, Florida

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and State Project

We have audited the City of Palm Bay, Florida's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City of Palm Bay, Florida's major federal programs and state projects for the year ended September 30, 2016. The City of Palm Bay, Florida's major federal programs and state projects are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal programs and state projects.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the City of Palm Bay, Florida's major federal programs and state projects based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), and the audit requirements of Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Those standards and audit requirements require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program or state project occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City of Palm Bay, Florida's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program and state project. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City of Palm Bay, Florida's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the City of Palm Bay, Florida complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs and state projects for the year ended September 30, 2016.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance, which are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General, and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2015-002, 2015-003, 2016-001, 2016-002, 2016-003, 2016-004, 2016-005, 2016-006, and 2016-007. Our opinion on each major federal program and state project is not modified with respect to these matters.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the City of Palm Bay, Florida is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City of Palm Bay, Florida's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program or state project to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and state project and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Palm Bay, Florida's internal control over compliance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies, and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program or state project on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program or state project will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as items IC 2015-002, IC 2016-001 and IC 2016-002 to be material weaknesses.

A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal

program or state project that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs IC 2015-003, IC 2016-003, IC 2016-004, 2016-005, 2016-006, and 2016-007 to be significant deficiencies.

The City of Palm Bay Florida's responses to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. The City of Palm Bay, Florida's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Melbourne, Florida

Caux Rigge & Ingram, L.L.C.

June 13, 2017

THE CITY OF PALM BAY, FLORIDA Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2016

Section I-Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued:		Unmodified		
 Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified? 		yes <u>X</u> no yes <u>X</u> no		
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?		yes <u>X</u> no		
Federal Awards and State Projects				
 Internal control over major federal programs and state projects: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified? 		Xyes no Xyes no		
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major Federal programs and state projects:		Unmodified		
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Uniform Guidance and/or Chapter 10.550?		<u>X</u> yes no		
Identification of major federal program	ms and state projects:			
<u>Federal CFDA Numbers</u> 14.218 20.205/20.219	Federal Program or Cluster 2 Community Development Bloc Highway Planning and Constru Lighting/Recreation Trails)	ck Grant Cluster		
State CSFA Numbers 40.038 40.901	Name of State Project The Range-Regional Training C State Housing Initiatives Progr	-		
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and B programs was \$750,000 for major federal programs and \$300,000 for major state projects.				
Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee for federal purposes? X yes no				

THE CITY OF PALM BAY, FLORIDA Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2016

Section II-Financial Statement Findings

None

Section III-Federal Award and State Project Findings and Questioned Costs

Material Weaknesses

Questioned Costs

IC 2015-002 Federal and State Grant Reports Were Not Submitted On Time In Compliance With Grant Requirements

CFDA 14.218 Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) B-14-MC-12-0021,

B-15-MC-12-0032, B-11-MN-12-0021 for 2014 and 2015 Federal Agency: Department of Housing and Urban Development

CSFA 40.901 State Housing Initiatives Partnership Program (SHIP)

State Agency: Florida Housing Finance Corporation

Criteria: The City is required to file quarterly HUD reports within 30 days after each quarter for the CDBG grant CFDA #14.218, and the City is required to file an annual report by September 15 to Florida Housing each year for the SHIP grant CSFA #40.901.

Condition: For the CDBG grant, CRI noted during review of all the quarterly SF-425 reports that the reports all listed award # B13-MC-12-0032, but the spending of awards was actually related to award # B14-MC-12-0032 and B15-MC-12-0032 and the reports did not segregate between awards. Furthermore, one of the quarterly reports was due 1/30/16 and was not submitted until 2/26/16. CRI noted testing that the annual close out report was never completed and submitted to the granting agency. The report was due by September 15, 2016.

Cause: The City did not have an employee in charge of ensuring grant reports were completed and filed on time throughout the year.

Effect: HUD suspended the City's CDBG grant during 2016 until the required reports are submitted. The SHIP grant was also suspended during 2017.

Recommendation: In order to properly monitor grant projects and ensure that all grant requirements are met the City should create a position directly responsible for overseeing the grant projects and/or should utilize the consultant that was hired during the year to oversee other grants besides just the CDBG grant project.

None

Management's response: The City has recently employed a professional administrator with over 25 years of experience working with SHIP and CDBG programs. It's anticipated that this addition to staff will ensure timely expenditure, consistent compliance, and superior financial tracking of this grant.

IC 2016-001 Expenditure of SHIP Funds

CSFA 40.901 State Housing Initiatives Partnership Program (SHIP) State Agency: Florida Housing Finance Corporation

Criteria: The City must expend SHIP funds within 2 fiscal years of receiving the funds from the State.

Condition: CRI noted during fiscal year 2016 testing that the City had unspent funds still recorded in unearned revenue that were over 2 years old, and totaled approximately \$560,000.

Cause: The City did not spend the SHIP funds within the 2 year timeframe as required by the grant as spending of the funds are not being tracked.

Effect: The City could accidentally spend funds over 2 years old that the City no longer has the right to spend.

Recommendation: We recommend that the City inquire with the State if they are allowed to keep the funds and use them past the two year allowed period or remit the funds back to the State. Going forward the City should carefully track which fiscal year funds are being spent from since funds are received from the State in advance.

None

Management's response: Florida Rule 67-37.005(1)(f): "The funds deposited to the local housing assistance trust fund must be spent within twenty-four months from the end of the applicable State fiscal year." (i.e. Funds allocated in state fiscal year beginning July 1, 2014 must be encumbered by June 30, 2016 [one year from *end* of the applicable State fiscal year] and expended by June 30, 2017).

In addition, the City has been working with the Florida Housing Coalition, a non-profit statewide organization that provides consultation services through training and technical assistance on affordable housing and related issues; specifically the state's SHIP Program. Continued coordination with the Florida Housing Coalition will result in the creation of efficient tracking systems and protocols that will ensure continued compliance in the future.

IC 2016-002 Payroll Allocations

CFDA 14.218 Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) B-14-MC-12-0021, B-15-MC-12-0032, B-11-MN-12-0021 for 2014 and 2015 Federal Agency: Department of Housing and Urban Development CSFA 40.901 State Housing Initiatives Partnership Program (SHIP) State Agency: Florida Housing Finance Corporation

Criteria: The City must track and document employees' time for each pay period that an employee works directly on a grant.

Condition: CRI noted during fiscal year 2016 testing that the payroll allocations for the CDBG and SHIP grants were percent allocations all year long for all the employees that worked on the grants. Time per pay period was not tracked at a detailed level or documented. For CDBG there were 15 expenses selected relating to payroll for a total of \$16,545 and for SHIP there were 8 expenses selected for a total of \$11,621.

Cause: The City did not require employees to track their time per pay period by the grant projects that they worked on.

Effect: Grants could have an over or understatement of payroll allocation expenses, and there is no documentation for hours worked on a grant if a granting agency required support.

Recommendation: We recommend that the City require employees that work on grants to track their hours on a timecard or in a similar format so that there is documentation for time worked on a grant for each pay period.

\$16,545

Management's response: A recent product delivered by the City's consultant for its CDBG and HOME Program grants is a comprehensive Policy and Procedures Manual that delineates responsibilities of all city staff responsible for compliant administration of these grants. Included in the Manual is the requirement for use of timesheets that will delineate time spent on each grant, each day, every pay period. The City will be immediately implementing the use of this documentation.

Significant Deficiencies

IC 2015-003 Debarred and Excluded Vendors

CFDA 14.218 Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) B-14-MC-12-0021, B-15-MC-12-0032, B-11-MN-12-0021 for 2014 and 2015 Federal Agency: Department of Housing and Urban Development

Criteria: Recipients of Federal and State grants are required to run excluded and debarred checks on SAM.gov for any vendor that receives more than \$25,000 of grant money.

Condition: The City did not properly run checks on SAM.gov for 5 of the 8 required vendors prior to contracting the vendors; however, the SAM.gov checks were run after the fact and no debarred vendors were noted.

Cause: The SAM check is a step during the regular RFP procurement process; however, the City passed ordinance 2015-31 that exempts departments from this process. When the expenses were not obtained through the purchasing department the SAM checks were not completed.

Effect: If the City does not properly run SAM checks there could potentially be disallowed costs. The City did check the expenses in question for fiscal year 2016 and no debarred vendors had been utilized.

Recommendation: All departments should be required to go through the procurement process.

None

Management's response: Procurement received notice of the deficiency audit comment on May 12, 2016. Procurement met with a member of the Growth Management staff shortly thereafter and walked the employee through the on-line process of checking SAMS.gov website to research and print-out the information regarding vendor inquiries. In addition (as stated in the current audit comment) – SAMS checks were done on the vendors that had not been previously researched.

A new check-sheet has been created for the competitive solicitation folders that are processed through the Procurement Department. Included on the check list is a section entitled "VENDOR CHECKS". This is a process that will be followed by Procurement Staff once the responses are received from vendors – documentation will be included in the files.

Procurement is working with the Legislative Department to identify the process required for removal of the following language from the current Procurement Code, Section 38.06 Application and Exclusions and the Procurement Manual, Section "X-Exempt from Competition".

IC 2016-003 Review of Reports

CFDA 20.219 Recreation Trails Program T12014
Passed through Florida Department of Environmental Protection
Federal Agency: U.S. Department of Transportation for 2014

Criteria: The City must report on the status of the Cross City Trails Project to the Florida Department of Environmental Protection on a quarterly basis.

Condition: CRI noted that the two quarterly reports selected for testing were submitted during fiscal year 2016 were prepared and submitted by the same person, and there was no evidence of review.

Cause: The City does not have a formal review process for the quarterly reports that requires evidence of review.

Effect: Submitted reports could contain errors due to lack of review.

Recommendation: We recommend that the City establish and implement a formal review process of the reports.

None

Management's response: During the course of the project, Public Works experienced a period of time with limited staff not allowing for a formal review process for the quarterly reports that requires evidence of review. However, verbal communication and awareness of project status was made on a weekly basis to the Acting Director.

Going forward the quarterly report will be prepared by the project manager and reviewed and signed by the Engineering Manager before submission.

IC 2016-004 Wage Rate Requirements

CFDA 20.219 Recreation Trails Program T12014
Passed through Florida Department of Environmental Protection
Federal Agency: U.S. Department of Transportation for 2014

Criteria: The City must comply with the Wage Rate Requirements as established by the Department of Labor (40 USC 3141-3144, 3146, and 3147) when they pay a contractor for construction with federal grant money.

Condition: CRI noted during fiscal year 2016 testing that one of the two contractors was not submitting weekly certified payroll reports for the Cross City Trails Project.

Cause: The City was not requiring the contractor to submit the weekly certified payroll reports.

Effect: The City is not complying with the requirements of the grant program.

Recommendation: In order to properly monitor grant projects and ensure that all grant requirements are met the City should create a position directly responsible for overseeing the grant projects and/or should utilize the consultant that was hired during the year to oversee other grants besides just the CDBG grant project.

\$12,450

Management's response: In-house labor was utilized for the project excluding the installation of the pedestrian cross-walk bridge. This bridge cast pilings were installed by Schopke & Maguire who responded to request for quote advertised through Demandstar on January 26, 2016. This was a lump sum project described as Auger Cast Pile Installation.

Public Works has since acquired a contract focused accountant with knowledge of grant funding sources that will assure Public Works complies with the Wage Rate Requirements as established by the Department of Labor (40 USC 3141-3144, 3146, and 3147) when they pay a contractor for construction with federal grant money.

IC 2016-005 Retention of Grant Documents

CSFA 40.901 State Housing Initiatives Partnership Program State Agency: Florida Housing Finance Corporation

Criteria: The City must retain copies of grant award documents such as agreements issued by the grantor in order to remain in compliance with the grant requirements.

Condition: CRI noted that the City did not maintain a copy of the SHIP Program grant documents, such as notifications of awards, or any additional communication from the grantor.

Cause: The City does not have a process in place to ensure that all grant documents related to federal awards are properly retained and maintained on file.

Effect: The City may not be complying with all the requirements of the grant program that are not listed in the Florida Statutes.

Recommendation: We recommend that the City develop a process to ensure that all grant documents related to federal awards are properly retained and maintained on file.

Management's response: The State Housing Initiatives Partnership (SHIP) program is a state award. The Florida Housing Finance Corporation does not provide entitlement grantees with any type of formal Grant Agreement. Email notifications regarding grant allocations for the year are sent out to program administrators from the Florida Housing Finance Corporation.

Newly established Policy and Procedure Manuals for all grant programs require orderly filing of all grant agreements that will remain easily accessible for review.

IC 2016-006 Housing Limits

CSFA 40.901 State Housing Initiatives Partnership Program State Agency: Florida Housing Finance Agency

Criteria: The SHIP grant requires that the City create and follow a local housing assistance plan.

Condition: CRI noted that three of the fourteen properties chosen received funding in excess of the limits outlined in the City's local housing assistance plan at the time the funds were disbursed.

Cause: The City does not have a process in place to ensure the amounts spent on an individual house are less than the limits stated in the City's local housing assistance plan at the time of spending.

None

Effect: The City is not complying with the requirements of the grant program.

Recommendation: We recommend that the City develop a process to ensure that all projects completed on properties are within the limits set forth in the City's local housing assistance plan.

None

Management's response: The City is preparing and will submit Policy and Procedures Manuals for each Strategy outlined in its SHIP Local Housing Assistance Plan (LHAP) that will provide structure necessary to maintain statutory compliance. These Policy and Procedures Manuals will also include detailed instructions regarding maximum award amounts by Strategy and additional instruction for case-by-case evaluation when a Strategy's maximum award may/may not be exceeded.

IC 2016-007 Liens

CSFA 40.901 State Housing Initiatives Partnership Program State Agency: Florida Housing Finance Corporation

Criteria: The City must comply with Florida Statute 420.9075 and have documents filed with the County in order to recapture the loan assistance, if necessary.

Condition: CRI noted that one of the properties that received funds had a liens filed with the County for less than the total amount of assistance, and did not file another lien to increase the amount for additional assistance until the State notified the City that it was not filed.

Cause: The City does not have a process in place to ensure that liens were filed for all properties that received funding in the correct amounts.

Effect: The City is not complying with the requirements of the grant program.

Recommendation: We recommend that the City develop a process to ensure that all properties have a lien filed with the County.

None

Management's response: Customarily, mortgage documents are originally executed at the time of purchase; at the beginning of rehabilitation; etc. Often, once rehabilitation is underway additional items of concern arise that result in Change Orders to original bids based upon the Scope of Work.

The City will adopt procedure that provides for review of actual cost versus original bid to ensure that all recorded documents reflect true expenditure. When Change Orders occur, the City will utilize a Mortgage Modification document, recorded upon completion of all SHIP-funded work on the home, to ensure that actual expenditures match the funding provided to the SHIP recipient (minus allowable program delivery costs).

<u>Section IV- Prior Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Awards and State Projects</u>

IC 2014-001 INVENTORY CONTROLS OVER GAS TANKS

Status: Cleared

IC 2015-001 Review of Bayfront CRA Fund Administrative Expenses

Status: Cleared

IC 2015-002 Federal and State Grant Reports Were Not Submitted On Time In Compliance With Grant Requirements

Status: Repeated (see Section III above)

IC 2015-003 Debarred and Excluded Vendors

Status: Repeated (see Section III above)



CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN June 13, 2017

The City of Palm Bay, Florida respectfully submits the following corrective action plan for the year ended September 30, 2016.

Name and address of independent public accounting firm: Carr, Riggs & Ingram, LLC 215 Baytree Drive Melbourne, Florida 32940

Audit Period:

Fiscal Year October 1, 2015 - September 30, 2016

The findings from the June 13, 2017 Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs are discussed below. The findings are numbered consistently with the number assigned in the schedule.

IC 2015-002 Federal and State Grant Reports Were Not Submitted on Time In Compliance With Grant Requirements

Recommendation: In order to properly monitor grant projects and ensure that all grant requirements are met, the City should create a position directly responsible for overseeing the grant projects and/or should utilize the consultant that was hired during the year to oversee other grants besides just the CDBG grant project.

Action Taken: The City has recently employed a professional administrator with over 25 years of experience working with SHIP and CDBG programs. It's anticipated that this addition to staff will ensure timely expenditure, consistent compliance, and superior financial tracking of this grant.

IC 2015-003 Debarred and Excluded Vendors

Recommendation: All departments should be required to go through the procurement process.

Action Taken: Procurement received notice of the deficiency audit comment on May 12, 2016. Procurement met with a member of the Growth Management staff shortly thereafter and walked the employee through the on-line process of checking SAM.gov website to research and print-out the information regarding vendor inquiries. In addition (as stated in the current audit comment) – SAM checks were done on the vendors that had not been previously researched.

A new check-sheet has been created for the competitive solicitation folders that are processed through the Procurement Department. Included on the check list is a section entitled "VENDOR CHECKS". This is a process that will be followed by Procurement Staff once the responses are received from vendors – documentation will be included in the files.







Procurement is working with the Legislative Department to identify the process required for removal of the following language from the current Procurement Code, Section 38.06 Application and Exclusions and the Procurement Manual, Section "X-Exempt from Competition".

IC 2016-001 Expenditure of SHIP Funds

Recommendation: We recommend that the City inquire with the State if they are allowed to keep the funds and use them past the two year allowed period or remit the funds back to the State. Going forward, the City should carefully track which fiscal year funds are being spent from, since funds are received from the State in advance.

Action Taken: Florida Rule 67-37.005(1)(f): "The funds deposited to the local housing assistance trust fund must be spent within twenty-four months from the end of the applicable State fiscal year." (i.e. Funds allocated in state fiscal year beginning July 1, 2014 must be encumbered by June 30, 2016 [one year from *end* of the applicable State fiscal year] and expended by June 30, 2017).

In addition, the City has been working with the Florida Housing Coalition, a non-profit statewide organization that provides consultation services through training and technical assistance on affordable housing and related issues; specifically the state's SHIP Program. Continued coordination with the Florida Housing Coalition will result in the creation of efficient tracking systems and protocols that will ensure continued compliance in the future.

IC 2016-002 Payroll Allocations

Recommendation: We recommend that the City require employees that work on grants to track their hours on a timecard or in a similar format so that there is documentation for time worked on a grant for each pay period.

Action Taken: A recent product delivered by the City's consultant for its CDBG and HOME Program grants is a comprehensive Policy and Procedures Manual that delineates responsibilities of all city staff responsible for compliant administration of these grants. Included in the Manual is the requirement for use of timesheets that will delineate time spent on each grant, each day, every pay period. The City will be immediately implementing the use of this documentation.

IC 2016-003 Review of Reports

Recommendation: We recommend that the City establish and implement a formal review process of the reports.

Action Taken: During the course of the project, Public Works experienced a period of time with limited staff not allowing for a formal review process for the quarterly reports that requires evidence of review. However, verbal communication and awareness of project status was made on a weekly basis to the Acting Director.

Going forward the quarterly report will be prepared by the project manager and reviewed and signed by the Engineering Manager before submission.







IC 2016-004 Wage Rate Requirements

Recommendation: In order to properly monitor grant projects and ensure that all grant requirements are met, the City should create a position directly responsible for overseeing the grant projects and/or should utilize the consultant that was hired during the year to oversee other grants besides just the CDBG grant project.

Action Taken: In-house labor was utilized for the project excluding the installation of the pedestrian cross-walk bridge. This bridge cast pilings were installed by Schopke & Maguire who responded to request for quote advertised through Demandstar on January 26, 2016. This was a lump sum project described as Auger Cast Pile Installation.

Public Works has since acquired a contract focused accountant with knowledge of grant funding sources that will assure Public Works complies with the Wage Rate Requirements as established by the Department of Labor (40 USC 3141-3144, 3146, and 3147) when they pay a contractor for construction with federal grant money.

IC 2016-005 Retention of Grant Documents

Recommendation: We recommend that the City develop a process to ensure that all grant documents related to federal awards are properly retained and maintained on file.

Management's response: The State Housing Initiatives Partnership (SHIP) program is a state award. The Florida Housing Finance Corporation does not provide entitlement grantees with any type of formal Grant Agreement. Email notifications regarding grant allocations for the year are sent out to program administrators from the Florida Housing Finance Corporation.

Newly established Policy and Procedure Manuals for all grant programs require orderly filing of all grant agreements that will remain easily accessible for review.

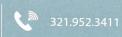
IC 2016-006 Housing Limits

Recommendation: We recommend that the City develop a process to ensure that all projects completed on properties are within the limits set forth in the City's local housing assistance plan.

Action Taken: The City is preparing and will submit Policy and Procedures Manuals for each Strategy outlined in its SHIP Local Housing Assistance Plan (LHAP) that will provide structure necessary to maintain statutory compliance. These Policy and Procedures Manuals will also include detailed instructions regarding maximum award amounts by Strategy and additional instruction for case-by-case evaluation when a Strategy's maximum award may/may not be exceeded.









IC 2016-007 Liens

Recommendation: We recommend that the City develop a process to ensure that all properties have a lien filed with the County.

Action Taken: Customarily, mortgage documents are originally executed at the time of purchase; at the beginning of rehabilitation; etc. Often, once rehabilitation is underway additional items of concern arise that result in Change Orders to original bids based upon the Scope of Work.

The City will adopt procedure that provides for review of actual cost versus original bid to ensure that all recorded documents reflect true expenditure. When Change Orders occur, the City will utilize a Mortgage Modification document, recorded upon completion of all SHIP-funded work on the home, to ensure that actual expenditures match the funding provided to the SHIP recipient (minus allowable program delivery costs).

Contact Person: Yvonne McDonald Finance Director 120 Malabar Road Palm Bay, FL 32907 321.952.3418 Mcdony@pbfl.org









Carr, Riggs & Ingram, LLC 215 Baytree Drive Melbourne, Florida 32940 (321) 255-0088 (321) 259-8648 (fax) www.cricpa.com

Independent Auditors' Management Letter

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council City of Palm Bay, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the City of Palm Bay, Florida as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016, and have issued our report thereon dated June 13, 2017.

Auditors' Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the audit requirements of Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements*, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements of Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Florida Auditor General.

Other Reports and Schedule

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and State Project; Report on Internal Control over Compliance; Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs; and Independent Accountants' Report on an Examination Conducted in Accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, Section 601, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Florida Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports and schedule, which are dated June 13, 2017, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. Corrective actions have been taken to partially address the finding and recommendation made in the preceding annual financial audit as noted below:

Tabulation of Uncorrected Audit Findings, partially addressed

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Current Year Finding #	2014-15 FISCAL YEAR Finding #	2013-14 FISCAL YEAR Finding #
Cleared, no longer a finding	IC 2014-01	IC 2014-01
Cleared, no longer a finding	IC 2015-001	Not applicable
IC 2015-002	IC 2015-002	Not applicable
IC 2015-003	IC 2015-003	Not applicable

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The legal authority of the City of Palm Bay, Florida and its blended component unit is disclosed in the footnotes.

Financial Condition

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.a., and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require that we apply appropriate procedures and report the results of our determination as to whether or not the City of Palm Bay, Florida has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identification of the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the City of Palm Bay, Florida did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1) (i) 5.c. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures. It is management's responsibility to monitor the City of Palm Bay, Florida's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Annual Financial Report

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.b., and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require that we apply appropriate procedures and report the results of our determination as to whether the annual financial report for the City of Palm Bay, Florida for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016, filed with the Florida Department of Financial Services pursuant to Section 218.32(1)(a), Florida Statutes, is in agreement with the annual financial audit report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016. In connection with our audit, we determined that these two reports were in agreement.

Other Matters

Section 10.554(1) (i) 2. Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address in the management letter any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we had the following recommendation:

IC 2016-008 Building Fund Advances

Criteria: The City's building fund has three advances outstanding to one nonmajor governmental fund in the amount of \$609,000, one internal service fund in the amount of \$248,023 and to the General fund in the amount of \$502,961, and there are no agreements or terms governing the advances.

Condition: When there are long-term advances from one fund to another, especially between proprietary funds and governmental funds, there should be a related agreement with the stated terms and a nominal interest rate charged.

Cause: The three governmental funds needed money for specific projects and were advanced money from the building fund to pay for the projects.

Effect: The advances could remain unpaid and outstanding for several years with no agreement terms that specify how and when the advances are to be repaid.

Recommendation: We recommend that agreements are created with terms that specify how and when the advances are to be repaid.

Management's response: Customarily, mortgage documents are originally executed at the time of purchase; at the beginning of rehabilitation; etc. Often, once rehabilitation is underway additional items of concern arise that result in Change Orders to original bids based upon the Scope of Work.

The City will adopt procedure that provides for review of actual cost versus original bid to ensure that all recorded documents reflect true expenditure. When Change Orders occur, the City will utilize a Mortgage Modification document, recorded upon completion of all SHIP-funded work on the home, to ensure that actual expenditures match the funding provided to the SHIP recipient (minus allowable program delivery costs).

2016-009 Purchasing

Criteria: CFR 200.320 will require for small purchases (purchases in between the micro purchase threshold and the simplified acquisition threshold) that management would be required to obtain price quotes. For items procured with grant money less than the micro purchase threshold, they would need to, the extent practical, distribute these purchases among qualified suppliers.

Condition: Small purchases should go through the purchasing department, to ensure purchases with grant funds meet the requirements of CFR 200.320.

Cause: Currently there is Ordinance 2015-31 that allows certain purchases to be approved by the City Manager and bypass the purchasing department.

Effect: An expense could be approved that utilizes grant funds by the City Manager, without obtaining the proper quotes or using multiple suppliers as applicable.

Recommendation: We recommend that all small purchases made with grant funds be processed through the purchasing department. In addition, micro purchases should be tracked, and periodically monitored by the purchasing department to ensure diversity among qualified suppliers.

Management's response: Procurement is working with the Legislative Department to identify the process required for removal of the language from the current Procurement Code, Section 38.06, Application and Exclusions, and the Procurement Manual, Section "X-Exempt from Competition"

Effective October 1, 2016, via Resolution Number 2016-32, the City's adopted C.F.R. 200.318 through C.F.R. 200.326, as contained in its new Procurement Manual, Section AA-GRANTS. An update to the Procurement Manual will be made to reflect the Procurement Department's ability to take the necessary steps to assume responsibility for all federal small purchasing processes. Additionally, Procurement staff will provide review and oversight of individual department expenditures to evaluate and assist with diversity in their purchases for federal micro-purchases.

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal, State and other granting agencies, the members of the City Council, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Melbourne, Florida

Can, Rigge & Ingram, L.L.C.

June 13, 2017





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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH LOCAL GOVERNMENT INVESTMENT POLICIES

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council City of Palm Bay, Florida

We have examined the City of Palm Bay's compliance with the requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, Local Government Investment Policies, during the year ended September 30, 2016. Management is responsible for the City of Palm Bay's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City of Palm Bay's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City of Palm Bay's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the City of Palm Bay's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the City of Palm Bay complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2016.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management and the State of Florida Auditor General and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Melbourne, Florida

Can, Rigge & Ingram, L.L.C.

June 13, 2017